Archives／odio section WR／Liebeler
4／19／70
Gery ond oul，
In whet may be only coincidence but strikes ae rather as an excess of puarile vindictivenesc，I Eot，by eostly registered meil，return receipt and all thet（not remuested）the first prompt reply to any Archives comunicstion in several years，the missing peges from 吅 last order，from the Foport dufts file，shouing lifebeler＇c last－minute alterations．They kow my financial situation，I supecse， sud dalicht in wreening it，even in emsll ways．But there mas no nood to have omitted it fro the order，for I＇A orderad that Iirst of ell，by phone，and tuere fae no nect to waste my buak with registration or the receipt to tilem．

If thege pagea ara not inconsiatent witn the essence of what liebelar said at JCtef－you＇ve heard ny tope of it－they alen are not exactly in aecord with
 is corrected，in a hand tian can be his．

It discloses a petty prejudice egaingt Odio ond s strong unsilligness So believe her，rixed rith litorary devices to undermine her testimony，in the origingl．The original，before they got tio Ingt－minute FBI word，for example， referredmto the＂ 0 llaggd visit＂．Afterwerd，＂alleged＂wag deleted．No＂vhet her or not it was Osweld，they had no doubt of such a visit．It wes confirmad and unciasl－ lenged．Where it gnid ahe＂reportiedly＂gaw them in the haliway it was changed to ＂and who gtatad tiet ahe＂sers them etc．
 carefully．There aze remaining questions．Lifbelar didn＇t casnga tianpages，but his caunges did chenge tur next subaection，＂osmeld was Not a Govermant Agent＂．

I do not taink it now worth ton time snd cost of duplicating these for you．All of th bottomishlf od oricinal page 323 was eliminsted．It deals with LHO＇s deperture fron 30 ani hie truvels．$A l l$ of 324 was $r \in$ loced．So was the top balf of उた．They did not send tao finel page of tue originel pasages．I＇ll ssk simply becauae I wonder why．
one of the items of minor interest I velievo ontirely elintated ras on $324:$ ．．．．et 0 per3ons have related that she previously stated that she aleo knmy saw the man at ax anti－Castro group nestings＂．The stricicen－through fontnotea seem to be to CBSOO1，3102．On 335 there mas a alstorted version of odio not racognizing IE until she sat his nicture，sheress，as we know，Sylvi essociated the arassaine－ tion with the visit and zonked out．It $I$ uotes Annio as soying she did not maire th．agaociation nntil Sylvit tola her，filich wey be tie case but is not ny recol－ lection o？some $\operatorname{si}$ ta teetimony．And it to a the strange，prejudicial ing：＂There is no indication thet ifrs．Jdo mentioned tue uileged visit prior to the asasesine－ tion＂．Is taere any reason if the world way sue anou；d heve？This is followed by， ＂Ginally，investigation smong snti－Castro orgenization members has revealad no famil－ iarity in theas circles 3 th a person metching the description of sither Oswaid or of the＂Heopoldo＂to W．on Mrs．Odio referred＂．Aere the origingl foatnote read， ＂CE 2943留 pob；CE1414，3119＂．I will not now cbeck this，but tis ass to be a speciel kind of Lieb ler frivolity．There was no auch inveatigation myway．My recoll ection of 1414 sad 3119 is that they ora $S S$ m reports．Ce2943 is tha Forlay letter on wachann．In ewort；Ifebeler wrote a diahonest footnota pratending thers mas on inveatigetion smone snti－Castro groups in Dellos locking for both wheress there ws none，end he protends no such porsons axiatad when they did，be the lest－minute pentc proved．That a eneple of the dependability of the writing and its reflection of both the＂evidence＂and that was cslled＂inveatigation＂．

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 arrive in Xarwo a/ $1: 20 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. on Sephember zt, and Mexiom innyigm-
 Snevo Tavedo. Alexico, between of tam. ind 2 p.m. on that day. ${ }^{2}$
 leave Mexico minit Ortober :3, and thay lhe amped in Iballyon the same
day. day.

 September 2b. Therame of the fistances, the ouly/pmblic means of trangrogtation by which Oswath would have traveled from Xew
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 whes are steld that he conkl have traceled by biss to Alice. Tex... find there canght the Jouston bas to Tabredorng IFowever, there is no
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 fore that he was nom in that city at the tine Mrs OM, clamus she satw Jim.

 the () swald that phe only oreasion on youch she satw the man pamemed to



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 Bdio did volunteer information abony ine Jume visit, and then ex224
4) The commission noted that the oniy time not strictuy enccounted for during the period that Virs. Odio thought oswald might have visited her is the spen between the momind of seqtember 25 and 2:35 a.m. on September 26. The only pubilic means of transportation by wirich Oswald could have traveled from New Orleans to Dallas in time to catch his bus from Houston to Iarean, would.

 Hew between these points. Noreover, it aid not seem probable that Oswald would speed from New Orleans, spend a short time talking to Sylvia Ocio, and then travel from Dallas to Nexico City and back on the bus. Automobile travel in the time available, though perhaps
possible, would have been difficult. 731 The Commission noteã, however, that if Osweld had reached Dallas on the evening of September 25, he could have traveled by bus to Alice, Tex., end there caught the bus which had left Eouston at $2: 35$ E.m. on September $26,1963 \mathrm{~A}$ for Lareao: Further investigation in that regard indicated, however, that no tickets were sold, fiknat September 23-26, 1963 for travel from Dailas to Laredo or points beyond by the Dallas office of Continental Irailweys, the bus line
 connections with the bus on which he was later seen. Furtinemore, If Oswald had traveled from Dallas to Alice, he would not have reached the Houston to Laredo bus until after he was first reportedly observed on it by the McFarlands. Oswala had also told passengers on the bus to Lareco that he had traveled from New Orienhs by bus, and made no mention of en intervening trip 734
to Dalles.
In addition, the Commission noted exidence that on the evening of September 25, Oswaid macie a telephone call to a party in Houston proposing to visit a resident of Houston that evening $735 /$ and the fact that such $e$ call would appear to be inconsistent with Oswald $\mathrm{c}_{4}^{6 \pi}$ neving been in Dalles at the time. It This appeared that the evidence was persuasive that Oswald was not in Dallas on September 25, and, therefore, that he was not in that city at the time Nrs. Odio saic she saw him.




7/In spite of the fact that it appeared almost certain that Oswald could not have been in Dallas at the time Vrs. Otio thousint he was, the Commission reguested the FBI to conduct winatever investigation was necessary to determine the valiaity of Nrs. Caio's westimony. - i~..

as important in view of the possibility it raisea that oswald may have had companions on his trip to Nexico. The Comission specifically requested the FBI to attempt to locate and identify the two men who Mrs. Oaio stated were with the man she thought was Oswala. $\frac{738 / \text { In an }}{\text { and }}$ d T T T effort to locete-thesemen the FEI located and interviewed Nanuel Ray, a leader of JURE who confirmed that Mrs . Qiio's parents were political prisoners in Cuba, but stated that he aid not know anything about the alleged Oswald visit. The same was true of Rogelio Gisneros, 740/ a former anti-Castro leader from Miami who had visited Nrs. Odio in June of 1962 in connection with certain anti-Castro activities.

Adaitional investigation was conducted in Dallas and in other cities in search of the visitors to Mrs. Odio's apartment. $\frac{742 /}{}$ Mrs. Ofio herself 743
was reinterviewed.
4) On September 16, 1964, the FBI located Ioran Eugene Fiali in Johnsandale, Califionniss Hall hes been identilied as a participant in numerous anti-Castro ectivities. $\frac{745 /}{}$ He told the IMI that in September of 1963 he was in Dallas, thet soliciting waid in comection with anti-Castro activities. He said he had visited Mrs. Caio. He was accompanica by Lawrence Howard, a Mexican-American from East Los Angeles and one


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tember 24 and 1 p.m. on September 25 , Osmald cashed an unemployment commensation rheek at a store in New Orleans: ${ }^{\text {to2 }}$ under normal procedures this check would not have reached Oswald's postal 1ox in Ser Orleans until at least $5 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. on September $25 . \mathrm{za}$ The storo at which he casleed the check did not oren umil 8 a.m. ${ }^{724}$ Therefore, it appeared that Oswald's presence in New Orleans until sometime befween $8 \mathrm{n} . \mathrm{m}$. and 1 p.m. on September 25 was quite firmlv establishert.
Athough there is $n$ firm evidence of the means by which Oawald iraveled from New Orleans to TIonsion, on the first leg of his Mexico City trim, the Commission noted that a Continental Trailwavs bus leaving New Oricans nt $12: 30$ on September 2 . would have broughtOswak to TIouston at $10: 50 \mathrm{n} . \mathrm{m}$. that evening. ${ }^{\text {² }}$. ITis preselice on This bugais comsistent with nther evidence before the Commission. ${ }^{\text {tra }}$
 Traveled on Continental-Trailways bos No. 5183 which left Itonston at $2: 35 \mathrm{am}$. for Taredo, Tex. Bus company records disclose that one ticket from TTonston to Lavedo was sold during the night shift on September 25-26, and that such ticket was the only one of its kind sold in the period of September of through September 26. The agent who sold this ticket has stated that Oswald could have been the purchaser: ${ }^{\text {ra }}$ Two Figlish passengers, Dr. and Mrs, Joln B. MeFarland, testified that they saw Oswald riding alone on this bus shortly after they awoke it 6 a.m. ${ }^{\text {tg }}$ The bus was scheduled to arrive in Laredo at 1:20 p.m. on September 26, and Mexican immigration records show that Oswald in fact crosed the border at Taredo to Nuero Taredo, Mexico, betwren 6 a.m. and 2 p.m. on that day. ${ }^{* 2}$ Fridence set out in appendix XIII establishes that Oswald did not leave Mexico until October 3, and that he arrived in Dallas the same day.
The Commission noted that the only time not strictly accounted for during the period that Mrs. Odio thought Oswald might have visited her is the span between the morning of September 25 and $2: 35 \mathrm{a}, \mathrm{m}$. on September 20. The only public means of transportation by which Oswald could lave traveled from New Orleans to Dallas in time to eatch his lous from Ionston to Lavedo, would have been the airlines. Investigation disclosed no indication that he flew between these points. ${ }^{\text {fan }}$ Moreover, it did not seem probable that Oswald wonld speed from New Orleans, spend a short time talking to Sylvin Odio, and then travel from Dallas to Mexico City and back on the bus. Automobile travel in the time arailable, though perhaps possible, wonld have been difficult. ${ }^{7 \pi}$ The Commission noted, however, that if Oswald had reached Dallas on the evening of September 25 , he could have traveled by bus to Alice, Tex., and there canght the bus which had left IIouston for Taredo nt $2: 85 \mathrm{n} . \mathrm{m}$. on September 26, 1963. ${ }^{32}$ Further investigation in that regard indicated, however, that no tickets were sold, during the period September 23-26, 1963 for travel from Dallas to Laredo or points beyond by the Dallas office of Continental Trailways, the only bus line on which Oswald could have made con-


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nections with the lus on which he was later seen. Furthermore, if Oswald had traveled from thallas to. Niee, he wonk not lave reached the flousion to Laredo bus until after he was fira reportedly olserved
 no mention of an interyd traveled from New Orleans hy lons, and thade mission noted evidence that mip to Dallas, ${ }^{\text {tas }}$ In addition, the ComOswahl made a relephone call to a parte in 11 of september $2 t, 1963$,
 would appear to be inconsistent with and the fact that surh a call at the time. It thms appeared with Oswald's laving been in Ihallas Oswahd was not in Inallas on September evitence was persuasive that
 In spite of the fact that it, Otho said she saw him.
could not have been in Datlas appared ahmost certain that Oswald the Commission requested the FBI to condurt Othen thinght he was,
 important in view of the possibility it risel fly that fest imony as lad companions on histripto Desidy it raised that Oswatel may lave mpquested the FBI to attempt Mexien. The Commission specilically Mrs, Odio stated were with the man she thongity two men who In an effort to do that the FBI located and inougedit was Oswald, ${ }^{\text {tas }}$ a leader of IVRE who contirmed that Mrs. Odio's parents wero political prismets in' Cubs, but stated that he did not know anvthing (hisout the allegred Oswald visit, tan The stme wot true of Thogelio Mrs, Odis in former anti-Custro leater from Miami who had visited aetivities.at Ambe of 1962 in connection with cerfain anti-C'astro in other cities in search of the visitors to conducted in Dallas and Mrs. Oflio herself was reinterviewed.tas to Mrs. Odio's apartment. ${ }^{\text {ta }}$ On September 16, 10mf, the FBI
Johnsamdale, Calif.a Tlall has heon ident Loman Engene Itall in numerons anti-Caston artivities fas ber of 1963 he was in Dallas, solicitine ald the F13I that in SeptemCastronactivities. Ile said he had visited ade connection with antipanied by Iawrence IIoward, a Mexed Mrs. Odio. Ife was accomAngeles and one William Seymour fun-American from East Los Sevmont is similar in appearance to Tree Mrizonn. He stated that only a few words of Spanish, ${ }^{\text {ta4 }}$ as Mrs. Odio had Oswakl: he speaks men who visited her didis, ${ }^{,+r}$. While the FIBI had testified one of the
its investigation into this met completed the Commission has concluded that the time the report went to press, Mrs. Odio's apartment in September of 1963, The Commission has nlso noted the 1963 .
guez, a bartenter in the Inbana Bar in New Ory of Evaristo Rotirihe saw Oswald in that bar in Angust of Orleans, to the effect that Latin-appearing man.tan Rodriguez' description in the cotmpany of a pranying the person he thought to be Oswald was similar in respects to 324


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believed that ()watd may have practiond have leen examined by the FBI Laboratory, and wone has been found which was fired from ()wald's riffee Finally, widence disenseed in chapter 10 tends to prove that (swatd brough his rifle to Dallas from the home of the Paines in Irving on Aovember 22 , and there is no other evidence which indicates that he took the rifle or a package which might have contained the rifle ont of the latines gatage, where it was stored, priov (o) that date. ${ }^{3}$.

Antomabil, dremanatration.-The testimony of Albert Guy Bogard has been carefully evaluated beranse it suggests the possibility that () swat might have leen a proficient automolile driver and, fluring November 196:3, might have been expeeting funds with which to purchase a car. Bogard, formerly an amomobile salesman with a Lin-coln-Merenry tirm in Dallas, testified that in the early afternoon of November 9. 190:3, he attended a prospective customer who he believes was Lee Harvey Oswald. Aecording to Bogard, the customer, after test driving an automobile over the Stemmons Freeway at (6) to 70 miles per hour, told Bogard that in several weeks he would have the money to make a purchase. Bogrard asserted that the customer qave his name as "Lee ()swadd," which Bogarel wrote on a business carl. After Oswald's name was mentioned on the radio on November 22 , Bogard assertedly threw the card in a trash can, making the comment to coemployees that he supposed ()swald would no longer wish to buy a car. ${ }^{\text {cas }}$
logard's testimony has received some corroboration. The assistant sules manager at the time, Frank Pizon, recalled the incident when the customer described by Bogated was in the showroom."0n I second salesman, Oran Brown, recalled that Bogard asked him to assist the customer if he appented during certain evenings when bogard was away from the showrom. Both Brown and his wife remeniber that Brown too wrote down the enstoner's name as "Leee Oswald." "as

However, donbts exist about the acenracy of Bognol's testimony. On November $2: 3$ a search through the showrom's refuse was made for Bogard's card, but nothing bearing Oswald's name was found, thongh it is possible that the card had lreen burned by the time of the search. ${ }^{\text {sun }}$ In a signed statement prepared on December 12,1963 , Bogard stated that he tore up the card "after President Kennedy had been' killed" and after having heard that ()swald had been picked up as a suspect."no Bogard later testified, "I hadn't heard that the President had heen killed, just heard a policeman had been shot and that's when I tore up, the card and said, 'He won't want to buy a car.' difficult to reconcile this statement with the sequence of events on November 22. President Kemedy was shot at $12: 30$ p.m., and his death was amoumed publicly at approximately $1: 30$ prom. Oflicer Tippit was shot at about $1: 16 \mathrm{p}$.m., Int Lee Itarvey Oswahd was not brought to the police station matil approximately 2 p.m. and there could not have been any mention of his name as a suspect in the 'Tippit killing until that time, which was well after the death of President. Kemerly was known. ${ }^{7 w 2}$. Ahthough these inconsistencies may be ex-

 that ahhough bogard states he disataded the basiness caral with ()swald's name on it in the presple of other cmysoyees, nise reatled seemg Bogard doing so, the paper on whinh 3fi: Brown reported!y
 located. ${ }^{\text {Fid }}$. I third salesman who overtieard Bogad comment on his lost prospect afier the assassination remembered thind Bogard stated that he lat "/writen] up binpers covering the sale of this car to ()wwald"; "ns however. Bygnod has clamed that he did not prepare a prospect sheet for this chatomer, because the customer refused to give any information other than his name. ${ }^{\text {tum }}$
 prospect on Xovember ! and shorty after the assassimation fett that ()swald may have been this man, later examined pictures of ()swadd and expressed serions doubts that the person with Bogard was in fact Oswakd. While noting a resemblance, he did not believe that (osWald's harline matched that of the person who hat been in the showrom on November 99, Tot -
Geveral persons who knew Oswakl have test fied that he was mable

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\text { sane }^{T}
$$ todrive, although Mrs. Paine, who was griving Oswald driving lessons, Moreover ()swald was showing some improvenent by November. ${ }^{\text {ans }}$ Marina (Ownatds whereabouts on Sovember 9, as testified to by Lim to have visited the antomohile showrom as Mr. Togard clams. ${ }^{\text {aun }}$ Alleged untivitien-rith C'ulan undergroind organzations.-TheCommission has also considered testimony of witnesses who claim to lave seen ()swald in the company of midentified persons of Cuban or

Mexican lackgromad who were active in undergromad activities directed against the Cuban fovernment of Premier Casty. The most important witness in this regard is Mrs, Sylvia Odio. Mrss Odio was bom in Hayana in 1937 and remained in Cuba nitil 1907: she claims that hoth of her parents are political prisnyers of the (astro regime. Nrs. Otio is a member of the ('uban Bembutionary Junta (JT'IEE), an ant $i$-('astro organization. Prioy to ()ctober of 1963 , her assistance had leen sought out by other pembers in comection with clandestime shipment of guts to yeolutionary forces in Cuba and othei endeavors of the organisytion. ${ }^{\text {th }}$
Mrs. Odio testified that rate in September 1963 , three men came to her apartment in Dallas mid anked her to help them prepare a letter soliciting fundy for JT RE activities. Mrs. Odio clamed that the men, who exhibited personal familiarity tifit her imprisoned father, asked her if slye were "working in the malerpromad," and she replied that she yas not. ${ }^{\text {Th }}$. She testified that two of the men appeared to be Cubans, although they also had some charicteristics that she associated with Mexicans. Those two men did not stute their full names, but iclentified themselves only by their fictitions turderground "war: names." Mrs. Oilio remembered the mame of one of the Cubans as "Leoproldo.":1a The third man, an American, allegedly was intro-

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Bogard's testimony has received corroboration. The assistant sales manager at the time, Frank Pizzo, and a second salesman, Eugene M. Wilson, state that they xi recall an instance when the customer described by Bogard was in the showroom. Another salsjeman, Oran Brown, recalls that Bogard asked him to assist the customer if he appeared during certain evenings when Bogard was away from the showroom. Brown states that he too wrote down the customer's name and both he and
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``` the assissination.
However, doubts exist about the accuracy of Bogard's testimony. He, Pizzo, and Wilson aisi differ on important details of what is supposed to have occurred when the customer was in the showroom. Whereas Bogard states that the customer he did not wisl 699
credit and wanted to purchase a car for cash, whtak Pizzo and Wilson both indicate
(attemet \({ }^{\text {t }}\), purcherse a) 700
that the man did credit. According to Wilson, when the customer was told that he would be unable to purchase a car without a credit rating, substantial cash, or a lengthy employment record, he stated sarcastically, "Maybe I'm going to have 701 it is postics that Ohall would hrace arder
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``` Bogard has made no mention that the customer ever spoke with Wilson while he was in 702 the showroom More important, on November 23, a search through the showroom's refuse was made, Rox magrantx but no paper bearing Oswald's name was found. The paper on which Brown reportedly wrote Oswald's name also has never been located.
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phainable he the time lapee Inefore Mr. Bogated testitient, it is signiticant. that although Bogard states he discarded the hosiness ratel with () watal's name on it in the premence of other emplogess, none realled specing Bogaral doing so, Tha The pare on wheh Mr. Brown reported! wrote ()swald's name was alse assertedly dismmed, whed has not beon
 lost prospect after the assassination remembered that Bogard stated that he had "| written| up papers covering the sale of this car to ()swald"; "hat howere. Bogard has clamed that he did not prepare a prospect sheet for this customer, because the customer refused to give any information other than his name. ${ }^{\text {sma }}$.
Test imony of other witnesses casts further floubt on Bogard's allegation. The assistant sales manager, Mry ${ }^{\text {Pizoo, whon saw Bogarils }}$ prospert on November 9 and shortly affer the assassination felt that ()swald may have been this man, hater examined pictures of Oswald and expressed serions doubts that the ferson with Bogard was in fact ()swald. White noting a resemblange, he did not believe that Oswald's hairline matched that of the person who had been in the showrom on November !9, ${ }^{\text {an }}$
Several persons who knew ()swald have testified that he was mable to drive, although Mrs, Paine, who was giving ()swakd driving lessons, stated that ()swald was showing some improvement by November: ${ }^{\text {ans }}$ Moreover, ()swald's whereabouts on Vovember 9, as testified to by Marina ()swadd and lath Paine, would have made it impossible for him to have visited the antomobile showroom as Mr. Bogard chaims. ${ }^{\text {nn }}$ Alleged acliritios uith Cubrn mulergromm orgrnizutions.-The Conmiesion has aly considered test imony of witnesses who cluint To have seell Hoysett in the company of unitentified persons of ( unban or Mexiean hekground who were nitive in undergoomm activities directul nyainst the C'ulain Cotremment of Betmier Castro. The most' iynporfant witness in this regatel is Mur Sylvia Odio. Mrs. (htoo was
 that both int her parembente politienl prisonemg of The ('astwo regime.

 had hean sought out by other numbers in comection -rith chanderetine shipment of gmas to revolutionary forces in Cuba and other medearors of the orgamization.in dimeran testified that late in September 1963, three men came to her apartment in Dallas and asked her to help them prepare a letter soliciting funds for JIRE activities. clamed that the men, who exhibited personal familiarity with her imprisoned father, asked her if she were "working in the indergromid," and she replied that she was not."1 She testified that two of the men appeared to be Cubans, although they also had some characteristics that sle associnted with Mexicans. Those two men did not state their full names, but identified themselves only by their fictitious moderground "war names." Mrs. Odio remembered the name of one of the Cubans as "Leopoldo." "1z The third man, an American, allegedly was intro-
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The Commission has also noted the testimeny of Dean Andrews, an attorney in Sew Orleans. Antrews stated hat Oswat came to his ofliere several times in the summer of t!ate to seek adrice on a less than honorable dise harge from the Armed Forves, the citizenship status of his wife ant his own citizenship status. Andrews who believes that he was comtated on November 23.to represent Owald, testilied that ()swald was abways accompanied hy a Mexioun and was at times accompanied ly apparent homosextals. Andrews was able to locate no records of any of ()wald's alleged visits, and investigation has failed to locate the preson who suppesedly called Andrews on November 23 , at a time when duderes was muler heary sedntion. ${ }^{\text {mat }}$ While one of Andrews employees felt that ()swald might have been at his office, his secretary has wo recollection of Oswald being theres.an

## Oswald Was Not an Agent for the U.S. Covernment

From the time of his release from the Marine Corps matil the assassination, Lee Harrey ()wwadd deall in various transactions with several agencies of the … (iovernment. Before departing the Thited States for the soriet Vnion in 1929, he obtained an American pasport, which be returned to the Embassy in Moscow in October 1959 when be attempted to renomuce his ['. S. citizenship. Therealter, while in the soviet ['ion, Oswald hat muneroms contacts with the American Embasisy, both in person and through correspondence. Two years later, he applied for the return and renewal of his passport, which was granted him. His application concerning the admittance of his wife to this country was passed upon by the Immigration and Naturalization Service of the Department of Justice in addition to the state Department. And before returning to this comery, he secured a loan from the State Department to help cover his transportation costs from Noscow to New York. These dealings with the Depart ment of Sitate and the Lmmigration and Naturalization Service have been reviewed earlier in this chapter and are considered in detail in appendix XV. Ifter his return, Oswatd was interviewed on three occasions by agents of the FBI, and Mrs. Paine was also questioned by the FBI about Oswald's activities. Oswald ohtained a second passport in June of 1963. And both the FBI and the ('IA took note of his Fair Play for Cubn Committee activities in New Orleans and his appearance at the Soviet consulate in Mexico City. For reasons which will be discussed fully in chapter VIII, Oswald's name was never given to the D.S.S. Secret Service.

These dealings have given rise to numerons rumors and allegations that ()swald may have been a paid informant or some type of undercover agent for a Ferleral agency, usually the FBI or the ('IA. The Commission has fully explored whether Oswatd had any ofticial or unoflicial relationship with any Federal agency beyond that already deseribed.
()swakd's mother, Mrs. Marquerite Oswald, testified before the Commission that she believes her son went to Russia and returned as an
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