Goldwater Bars State Appointee

By Chalmers M. Roberts
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The State Department has bowed to pressure from Sen. Barry Goldwater (R-Ariz.) and withdrawn the appointment of a new department spokesman whom the senator found "personally obnoxious" because of a story he wrote for The New York Times during the 1964 presidential campaign.

Goldwater, who discussed the case with Secretary of State William P. Rogers on the telephone, wrote the Secretary that he could expect "trouble" if he went through with the appointment. Rogers' special assistant, Robert J. McCloskey, said last night that the Secretary had left the decision up to him and other department officials.

The man in question is Arthur J. Olsen, 49, a former United Press and New York Times foreign correspondent in Germany, Poland and Argentina. The offending article was one Olsen wrote from Bonn, West Germany, for the Times on July 14, 1964. It stated that Goldwater, then on the verge of winning the Republican presidential nomination at the GOP convention July 15, had been in "frequent and friendly correspondence" with the Sudeten German leader Hans Christoph Seebohm and "other conservative West German politicians."

Seebohm, now dead, then was the transport minister in the cabinet of Chancellor Ludwig Erhard but had just been chastised by the German chancellor for a militant speech to the Sudeten-German expellees from Czechoslovakia. Seebohm had demanded the return to Germany of those border lands of Czechoslovakia that Hitler had taken but that were returned at the end of World War II.

See OLSEN, A8, Col. 1

THE WASHINGTON POST A 8 Monday, Aug. 31, 1970



ARTHUR J. OLSEN
..appointment withdrawn

OLSEN, From A1

The Seebohm incident, together with reports that Goldwater would spend a post-convention vacation in Germany with Lt. Gen. William Quinn, an old friend, and accounts of approval of the senator's nomination by right-wing German groups, all helped portray the GOP standard bearer as an extremist, much to the joy of the Democrats.

At the time Goldwater denounced as the "damnedest lies" reports of such alleged links between himself and right-wing Germans.

Goldwater raised his objection to Olsen shortly after McCloskey, a former spokesman for State, announced Olsen's appointment on Aug. 18. In an initial letter to Rogers the senator termed Olsen "personally obnoxious," a term usually reserved to block appointments subject to Senate confirmation.

The spokesman's post, however, is not subject to Senate confirmation. Olsen is a Foreign Service reserve officer subject to annual appointment. He had not applied for full Foreign Service status, which would require Senate confirmation. He has been public affairs officer for European affairs since 1966 and has been highly regarded by the press corps, many of whose members had suggested him for the spokesman's post when the last incumbent, Carl Bartch, left for the National War College.

Goldwater's second letter to Rogers told the Secretary he could expect "trouble" if the appointment went through, but he did not explain the remark. To one of the letters, he attached a copy of a page proof from his forthcoming book "The Conscience of a Majority," containing an account of the Seebohm incident and a condemnation of Olsen's story as "100 per cent false."

Rogers was in San Clemente, Calif., yesterday with President Nixon and would not respond directly to a query from The Washington Post. Instead he directed Mc-

Closkey to read a statement McCloskey was to make today. It read, in McCloskey's name:

"On Aug. 18 we announced the appointment of Arthur Olsen as director of the office of public relations effective Aug. 31. Since then the department has been made aware of objections to Mr. Olsen's appointment. After serious review of these objections and in light of all considerations, Mr. Olsen and I have agreed that he will remain in his present position as public affairs adviser for the bureau of European affairs.

"I want to say that the department retains full confidence in Mr. Olsen and to emphasize that the objections to the proposed appointment had no relationship to his performance as an officer of the Department of State. His record as a department officer has been beyond reproach."

McCloskey discussed the case with two senior departement officials as well as with Rogers. They were Deputy Under Secretary for Administration William B. Macomber and Assistant Secretary for Congressional Relations David M. Abshire.

Macomber could not be reached yesterday. Abshire said that "I would suppose the basic consideration would be the Secretary's view of the objections that were raised.

Obviously if you have an objection from a senior person it would have to be considered on its merits and also the degree of difficulties that making the appointment would make."

Olsen said yesterday that he had nothing to say "at the moment."

Others also were involved. And one of them commented last night that "this is one of the most incredible messes I've ever seen." Another source said that Goldwater had intimated to Rogers on the phone that he had spoken to President Nixon but this could not be confirmed at San Clemente, although White House Press Secretary Ronald L. Ziegler was aware of the case.

An early draft of the Mc-Closkey statement would have stressed the interest of the department in good relations with Congress, a Rogers specialty, and would have added that that desire overrode the department's wish to see Olsen take the post as spokesman.

Goldwater's objections were said to have come "out of the blue" immediatlely after the appointment was announced. There had been no consideration that Olsen's record as a newsman would affect his position at State.