Impounding Is Reaffirmed

Washington Post Staff Writer

Despite the defeats the propriated funds to control in-Nixon administration's im-flation. Of some 30 cases in poundment policies have suf-which states, cities and citifered in the courts, the director of the Office of Management and Budget said yester. lease of appropriated funds, day that the administration is the President has lost all but determined to continue im- five. At least 10 of the adverse pounding funds.

"The President is not going to abrogate his responsibility to the people" to maintain a non-inflationary budget, OMB would wipe this slate clean, Director Roy L. Ash said on Ash said, adding that he extelevision's "Meet the Press" pects to get this decision this (NBC, WRC). He added that fall in a case filed by Georgia

jected the President's contention that he can impound ap-

decisions, however, are being appealed.

One favorable decision at the Supreme Court level he did not favor a tax increase seeking release of highway, to curb inflation.

So far, most courts have re-

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ROY L. ASH ... opposes tax rise

Ash Defends Policy on Spending

ASH, From A1

hear the case without lower court action.

The impoundment confrontation between Congress and the President will be heightened this week when congressional conferees consider House and Senate anti-impoundment bills. Ash said the President will veto any such legislation.

In the meantime, Ash emphasized, the administration is concentrating on working out solutions with Congress on spending priorities for next year's budget. Asked if it was realistic to expect an agreement, Ash said, "The purpose is not to reach agreement at this point. The purpose is to make sure that we have all points of view firmly in front of the President when he makes the final decisions on the budget."

Ash said the major problem

in reaching budget decisions is that 75 per cent of the budget is "relatively uncontrollable" despite what Congress or the President decides.

He explained that this portion of the budget "consists of programs that have been put on the books in a way that have their automatic expenditure year after year, or decisions made a number of years ago that bear upon the amount that will be spent this year."

He said the remainder of the budget, where the bulk of the cuts are made, contains many of the social, educational and natural resource programs, but added that priorities spending shifting from defense to social programs and that he expected more "significant" shifts within three years.

Asked whether priorities would change more rapidly with a different tax system, Ash said a tax surcharge was being considered, but added he agreed with Treasury Secretary George P. Shultz that "this is not the time to raise taxes."