Senate Rejects FPC Nominee

By Mary Russell Washington Post Staff Writer

The Senate yesterday rejected, 49 to 44, President Nixon's nomination of Robert H. Morris, a San Francisco lawyer who represented Standard Oil of California, to be a member of the Federal Power Commission.

The vote came on a motion to recommit the nomination to the Commerce Committee, a move that effectively kills it.

Veteran Hill staffers say they cannot remember a reguatory agency nominee ever being turned down on the Senate floor before, though several nominations have died because of committee inaction.

The vote was a considerable. blow to the Nixon administration, as Senators opposed to son (D-Wash.) said, "The oppothe nomination made clear sition to Mr. Morris stems they did not oppose Morris from the fact that the Senate personally but were fed up is again asked to accept, for with industry-oriented ap- an independent regulatory pointees to regulatory agen- agency with vast powers over

Commerce Chairman Warren G. Magnu- more nominee whose profes-



ROBERT H. MORRIS ... Nixon appointee

an industry which affects vital Committee national interests, yet one

sional career has been dedicated to the furtherance of the private interests of that industry."

Morris represented Standard Oil of California for 15 years, the last 7 on natural gas matters involving the Federal Power Commission.

Before the vote, Magnuson urged the Senate to "serve notice on the President that it expects revision of his criteria for the selection of nominees to all regulatory agencies."

He said the Senate should not be expected to confirm appointments "which appear to have been designed as rewards for politically supportive industries or other special interest groups."

Other factors that led to the demise of the Morris nomination include a recent decision by the FPC to approve a 73 per cent increase of the well head price of natural gas. Consumer groups have expressed outrage at the decision.

In addition, a report in last See FPC, A15, Col. 1

Senate Rejects Morris for FPC P

FPC, From A1

Sunday's Washington Post rements from producers detailing the extent of their natural as reserves.

grounds that there is a shortage of natural gas contributing to the energy crisis, has asked for delegulation of the gas. The FPCwill be considering the question soon.

Ironically, t was Morris's position on the deregulation of gas, as stated by Sen John Tunney (D-Calf.) in answer to a question by Sn. John Tower (R-Texas), that may have lost

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ney, backing the nominee, said should," Hart said. commital.

dibile increasing gas prices if the FPC. producer-oriented. "Maybe the House has not indicated appointee when her term is White House doesn't under- whether it would send up a up in September.

vealed an attempted destruc- lation, and five conservative White House to resubmit Mor- mittee more often on agency tion by an EPC staffer of doc-senators from gas and oil ris's name for nomination to nominations. producing states voted for re-the FPC, but no one seriously expects that to happen. Tun-staff member said the White Sen. Philip A. Hart (Dney said Morris, whose nomination has been pending since
sues of credibility to the nomination, saying it would be
rounds that there is a shorthard for the FPC to look cre- in the expectation of going on consumer member of the Fed-

Morris the nomination. Tun-stand credibility yet, but we more pro-consumer nominee, but said the White House has Morris was opposed to deregu- It would be possible for the been consulting with the com-

A Commerce eral Trade Commission, will all the commissioners were Magnuson said the White be filled by a pro-consumer