## Contradictions Arise In Nixon's Net Worth

By Lou Cannon Washington Post Staff Writer President Nixon and his lawyers have given skeptical Republican congressmen an account of his personal finances that substantially contradicts previous presidential statements.

Mr. Nixon also has proposed letting a joint congressional committee headed by Rep. Wilbur Mills (D-Ark.) decide whether he acted properly in taking a \$570,000 income tax deduction for donating his vice presidential papers to the federal government.

Important sources on the Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation said the committee will agree to Mr. Nixon's request. However, Democratic members of the committee were privately critical, saying that Mr. Nixon was engaging in a "diversion" on an issue where he apparently acted legally but showed questionable judgment.

Mr. Nixon's latest effort to explain his personal finances came in a private meeting at the White House on Monday night with nine Republican leaders, all of them congressmen except for GOP National Chairman George Bush. The President stayed for only 10 minutes, then left his attorneys, H. Chapman Rose of Cleveland and Kenneth W. Gemmill of Philadelphia, to answer questions for more than an hour in what one congressman called "a frank and free session that included more than a little profanity."

During the meeting Rose and Gemmill gave Mr. Nixon's net worth as "in the neighborhood of \$300,000" on Jan. 1, 1969, rising to \$988,000 by May 31, 1972.

However, when Mr. Nixon was campaigning, his aides reported his net worth at \$515,830 on Sept. 30, 1968. On May 12, 1969, the White House reported the Presiz dent net worth at \$596,000.

The figures given to the congressmen also contradict a statement made by the President to the Associated Press managing editors on Nov. 17 at Orlando, Fla. He said:

". . . When in 1968, I decided to become a candidate for President, I decided

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to clean the decks and to put everything in real estate. I sold all my stock for \$300,000. That is all I owned. I sold my apartment in New York for \$300,000.... And I had \$100,-000 coming to me from the law firm."

The figures given to the congressmen Monday nightand leaked to the Associated the Nixon lawyers on Monday, Press last Saturday by the White House - show that Mr. leaders were frankly skeptical Nixon had \$59,752 in bank ac- that Mr. Nixon could reassure counts on Jan. 1, 1969, and the American public about his \$432,874 in various accounts finances simply by issuing by May 31, 1973.

However, Thomas Wakefield, an officer of the Key to the congressmen showed designated by newspapers and Biscayne Bank owned by Mr. that Mr. Nixon paid only \$4,-Nixon's close friend, C.G. 298 for 1972, \$878 for 1971 and media, at its expense, then (Bebe) Rebozo, said last week \$789 for 1970-the years he could verify the figures on that Mr. Nixon purchased a claimed substantial deductions which Mr. Nixon's tax state-\$100,000 certificate of deposit for donating his vice presiden- ments will be based.

his New York apartment in stantial state property taxes. 1968 and has had it ever since. sented to the congressmen on Monday, Mr. Nixon now has \$250,000 in certificates of deposit in the Rebozo bank.

He also has \$148,860 in a checking account and \$27,444 in a savings account.

In their private session with the Republican congressional summaries of his tax returns.

The information presented

at the bank soon after he sold tial papers and for paying sub-

Rep. John Anderson of Illi-According to the figures pre- nois, the House Republican Conference leader, suggested cial statements. He said the inat the meeting that the President make public his entire men and the Associated Press tax returns for these years. Another suggestion came from Rep. John Rhodes of Arizona, who is scheduled to replace Vice President-designate Gerald R. Ford of Michigan as House Republican leader.

> Rhodes said he could understand why the President nances, even though the White would want to keep his tax returns private. But he said they should be made available to a certified public accountant television stations. He said the also be asked to reach a deci-

White House press secretary Ronald L. Ziegler denied last night that there were any contradictions in the Nixon finanformation given the congresswas "a miniscule portion of the information that will be re-leased this week" and added that the information would "clear up" any questions about Mr. Nixon's finances.

Ziegler reiterated the White House objection to "piecemeal disclosure" of the Nixon fi-House itself has been the source of most of these disclosures.

The Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation will sion on another question whether Mr. Nixon took proper tax deductions on his home at San Clemente and on

Abplanalp, who financed the home purchase. Abplanalp wrote off his \$675,000 loan to Mr. Nixon.

Rep. Anderson said that he thought the question involved in the tax deductions for the vice presidential papers was not necessarily a legal one.

"I think the lawyers feel confident they can pass public muster on this one," Anderson said. "However, there's a real question of the wisdom of a C President reducing his taxes t to practically zero. Everybody t has to do his share—a Presim fient should be an exemplar, he should set a different to standard." 15

Sen. John Tower of Texas said that reaction to the state- k ments at the meeting were IN "mixed." He said that he and S Sens. Hugh Scott of Pennsyl- r vania and Robert P. Griffin of h

erty to industrialist Robert added that "there were still and Sen. Norris Cotton of New some doubters." Attending the meeting were Vice President-designate Ford, Bush.

the resale of adjoining prop- Michigan were satisified but Rep. Leslie Arends of Illinois, Hampshire plus Scott, Griffin, Tower, Anderson, Rhodes and