efense Secretary Challenged

By Michael Getler Washington Post Staff Writer

Citing "a growing apprehension among Americans that would be moot. the law simply has little or no meaning or effect," Stuart Symington (D-Mo.) has challenged the Secretary of sis for its earlier statements.

tinued U.S. bombing in Cam- is reflected in Section 973, Title wake of Richardson's depar-bodia, the appointment of 10, of the U.S. Code. That secture, the Pentagon subse-bomber plant in California Army vice chief of staff, four tion basically Haig, as President Nixon's by law," no active duty regu-"chief of staff" in the White lar military officier may hold aire industrialist David Pack-pointment. ard, a former deputy secretary sultant to the Pentagon.

chairman of the Senate Armed upon as a civil position." Services Committee in the absence of Sen. John C. Stennis to then Defense Secretary Elliot L. Richardson.

come Attorney General, and Defense Department spokesmen said yesterday that Deputy Secretary William P. Clements would respond to the issues raised by Symington.

On Cambodia, the senator a specific has asked for "explanation of just what authority you believe exists in the laws of the United States" which would enable the Pentagon to continue bombing in publicly. Cambodia even if Congress denies the authority to transfer funds to help pay for it.

officials Administration have defended the President's inherent powers to continue the bombing as linked to his authority to see that the Vietnam cease-fire agreement is adhered to.

They have also said the Pentagon would use other funds to pay for the war if the transfer authority is denied.

At the same time, however, a Senate committee has voted to restrict all funds for the war, and defense officials said yesterday that if the commit-

indeed shut off the war funds may have a financial interest. Ing by newsmen on the conand thus Symington's question

Symington, however, appeared Sen. determined to make the administration state the legal ba-

Those actions are the con- in the American body politic's Pentagon hierarchy in the His only chore at that point says House, and the use of million- a civil office by election or ap-

Symington maintains that of defense, as a special con-Haig's position on White House "chief of staff" is one Symington, who is acting which is "historically looked

Haig's "interim" appointment to fill the post formerly (D-Miss.), raised these issues held by since-resigned H.R. in a series of letters last week Haldeman had previously been challenged on the same grounds by consumer advocate Richardson, however, left Ralph Nader. At that time, dethe Pentagon Friday to be- fense officials would only say they believe the President's constitutional authority as commander-in-chief allows him to use Haig, at least temporarily, in that pivotal spot.

There is another provision in Title 10 which would also allow it, but that requires "advice and consent" of the Senate, which would undoubtedly be difficult. The administration has not mentioned it

Though Haig is known to be anxious to return to the Army, it is also known that the prospects of his switching to a status other than active duty are under study, which may foreshadow a much longer stay for the general in the White House.

On the role of former Deputy Secretary of Defense David Packard serving as a Pentagon consultant, Symington said "no doubt it is good citizenship" on Packard's part which caused him to volunteer to serve at no pay.

But Packard, a man of enormous wealth, is the head of a firm that does about \$20 milion a year business with the Pentagon. He also serves on a number of boards of directors of other firms, and has huge stock holdings valued at more than \$400 million.

Symington has asked the Pentagon for its interpretation. of the conflict of interest laws of the U.S. Code which essenfially prohibit anyone in government from getting involved

ever, may also be a moot point Pentagon spokesman Jerry W. as far as whether he will actu- Friedheim acknowledged that ally serve as a consultant.

After initially presenting Packard with a flourish last Defense on legality of three on claims that "the cherished to a battered administration possibility" that Parkard with a Hourish last thought" and that it was "a major actions involving the concept of civilian supremacy as a consultant to shore up the would not do any consulting.

tee action is upheld, it would in projects in which he or she | After a barrage of question-The Packard situation, how- flict of interest implications, Pentagon lawyers had given Packard's role "further

that quently backed away from us- and tell the Air Force managstar general Alexander M. "except as otherwise provided ing the former deputy in such ers there they were doing "a good job."