By Stuart Auerbach Washington Post Staff Writer

11-Former President Nixon's clots from forming. doctors expect to discharge Mr. Nixon took coumadin in him from the hospital this high doses before he was readweek, probably Thursday or mitted to the hospital here al-

lower lobe of his right lung is special computer studies at getting better with antibiotics treatments, and that the amount of fluid in his left lung is decreasing Dr. John C. Lungren, Mr.

Nixon's personal physician, said that doctors are running tests to make sure that the former President has recovered fully from his lung ailments-which Lungren called "not an uncommon post-operative problem."

"Clinically," said Lungren, "he has shown improvement thing he doesn't want to do. in both lungs. We would like to see the lung problem cleared up before we send him

"Depending on a favorable outcome of these studies, we are hopeful that he can be disfrom Memorial Hospital Medical Center of Long Beach] sometime this week," [186]

Now that the complications that followed an operation Oct. 29 to prevent possibly life-threatening | blood | clots from flowing from his lift leg to his lungs are diminished, doctors have started to treat Mr. Nixon's underlying medi-

mer President once again is in the blood. getting coumadin pills, a blood-thinning anti-coagulant

LONG BEACH, Calif., Nov drug, in an attempt to prevent

Friday they said today.

The doctors said the "small dosage schedules have been patch" of pneumonia in the worked out, however, using the Medical College of Virginia in Richmond based on the details of blood tests taken while Mr. Nixon was on the drug previously.

> The alternative treatment is to give the former Presidentanother anti-coagulant drug, heparin, which must be given by injection or intravenous drip instead of orally. This would require that Mr. Nixon remain in the hospital, some-

Lungren said that Mr. Nixon spent "a comfortable night" and that his vital signs-temp erature, blood pressure, respiration and pulse-are stable and within the normal ranges.

He has resumed a normal dlet after being confined to soft foods and liquids. Although he is still in a 'weak physical condition," Lungren said Mr. Nixon is walking around his hospital room with the help of nurses and a corps-

Lungren said blood tests run last week failed to disclose the reason for the sudden and unexplained drop in cal problem—phlebitis.

Mr. Nixon's platelet count.

Platelets are a clotting factor

> "The low platelet condition of last week," said Lungren,

"was of undetermined cause and cleared up spontaneously."

In an effort to clear his lungs, the 61-year-old former President gets twice-a-day positive pressure breathing treatment, in which air under pressure is forced into his lungs to expand all of their air sacs. He is also told by his doctors to cough frequently to loosen any sputum in his lungs and to breathe deeply.

Lungren said that Mr. Nixon's blood pressure dropped when he went into shock from a 150 over 80 to 90, to a low of 60 over 30 to 40. Patients with a blood pressure that low will not survive unless they are given immediate treatment such as Mr. Nixon received from intensive care nurses and doctors at the hospital here. This treatment included blood tranfusions, the replacement of fluid in the body, lowering of his head to let blood get to his brain, and drugs.