DECYMPANT.

The Internal Revenue Serv- them lies in the seriousness of ice said last night it will not the penalty-conviction for seek to impose any penalty on criminal fraud can result in a President Nixon for civil fine of up to \$10,000, imprisonfraud in connection with his ment for up to five years, or tax returns for 1969 through both—and in the standard of 1972, and is closing its audit of proof that the IRS must meet the case.

"The President has agreed to pay the amount of \$432, other felonies, requires proof 787.13 in additional taxes" for those years "plus interest," Civil fraud requires only what the IRS said. "This will close the lawyers call "clear and the IRS audit of the Presi-convincing" proof. dent's returns for those years."

was warranted."

things the IRS can do to a citition in the President's case. zen when it finds, as it did in the President's case, that he he owes.

The action the IRS takes demoney was involved, and whether the failure was innocent, negligent or fraudulent.

The most common alternative is the one used in the President's case. The IRS makes the taxpayer pay the back taxes plus interest. The interest rate is now 6 per cent.

This is done where the amount is small or the error is deemed innocent.

The second alternative is to impose a 5 per cent "negligence penalty." This is done, the experts say, where the error is not deemed to have been willful, but where the taxpayer, as one put it yesterday, "didn't pay as much attention as he should have."

The third alternative is to impose a 50 per cent penalty for civil fraud on top of caxes and interest. The fourth and most serious is to prosecute the taxpayer for criminal fraud.

Civil and criminal fraud are defined the same way; the IRS has to show that the taxpayer willfully intended to cheat the government.

The difference between

in court.

Criminal fraud, like all

Criminal fraud is what forears." mer Vice President Spiro T.
"The IRS did not assert the Agnew was charged with when civil fraud penalty for any of he left office earlier this year. the years involved in the au-dit," the brief statement con-charge. The government in cluded, "because it did not be- that case was charging that lieve that any such assertion Agnew willfully paid less than he owed. In its announcement Tax experts said yesterday last night, the IRS was saying that there are four basic it will make no similar accusa-

The IRS said yesterday it audited the returns of about has failed to pay all the taxes 1.4 million taxpayers last fiscal year. About 8,600 audits led to fraud investigations in pends on how serious it thinks that same year, the IRS said, the failure was-how much and there were about 2,500 prosecutions for fraud.

The service said most of its prosecutions for fraud are successful; in most cases, the taxpayers plead guilty without a trial.

> IRS Rules Out Fraud Penalty On Nixon Taxe