## Nixon Denies Wrongdoing, Won't Resign

## Allies Warned On Ganging Up By Murrey Marder

Washington Post Staff Writer President Nixon warned the Common Market nations yesterday against trying to "gang up against the United States" and he ruled out meeting with European heads of government until they will "cooperate on the economic and political front."

These were the sternest remarks that the President has publicly addressed to the West European allies since he took office.

President Nixon had intended to go to Europe in April to sign two joint declaritons: one repledging the security commitments of the North Atlantic alliance; the second, pledging cooperation between the United States and the nine-nation Common Market in the economic and political areas.

"... The day of the one-way street is gone," the President said at a luncheon meeting of the Executives' Club of Chicago.

"Now, the Europeans cannot have it both ways," the President bluntly said. "They cannot have the United States participation and cooperation on the security front, and then proceed to have confrontation and even hostility on the economic and political front." The President was referring to the American nuclear umbrella over Western Europe and more than 300,000 U.S. troops based there.

"And until the Europeans are willing to sit down and cooperate on the economic and political front, as well as on the security front," he emphasized, "no meeting of heads of a government should be scheduled."

The presidential indignation i was aroused by the year-long controversy across the Atlantic. French Foreign Minister Michel Jobert has insisted that there must be an "independent European policy." Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger said on Monday that the United States has no quarrel with that, but "it does have an objection when independence takes the form of basic hostility to the United States."

This debate began to be polarized last month at the Washington Energy Conference when Britain, West Germany, Italy and other Common Market nations split with France and joined the United States in a 12 to 1 vote to cooperate on oil policy. On March 4, however, the Common Market nations followed a French lead to authorize independent economic and technical cooperation with 20 Arab nations.

See ALLIANCE, A7, Col. 6

AVEN JOURS

country, particularly ine great deal of again-off again Soviet-Arab polley, and THE WASHINGTON POST Saturday, March 16, 1974 Α7

## Nixon Warns West Europe **On Ganging Up Against U.S.**

## **ALLIANCE**, From A1

President Nixon protested in a letter last week to West German Chancellor 'Willy Brandt, present head of the Common Market council, that the United States was inadequately consulted on that action. Mr. Nixon formally postponed a meeting on completion of the intended U.S.-European Economic Community (Common Market) declaration.

The President yesterday alluded to what was learned to be a second critical lefter to Brandt, in which Mr. Nixon in its present form.

But he said he regretted to

port American forces in Eu- operation." . rope at the level that we need to keep them there." If Con- gin talks in Moscow on March tility from The Nine (Common nounced yestreday. It pre-Market countries)," he told his viously had been reported that continued American presence return trip. at present levels . . ."

ress in developing declara- United States - the United of Kissinger's trip. tions on the security front States which is their guaran-

The President said he does been a far greater outflow of report, as he has written to not want to leave "the im- Jewish emigrants from the Chancellor Brandt, "that on pression that the European Soviet Union. He said the figthe economic and political and American alliance is shat ure rose from 400 Jewish emifront the progress has not tered. It is not." But he said grants a year to 35,000 last gone forward" and if heads of Europeans and Americans year. This shows, he said, that government "were to meet at must "determine that we are "it's far better to have the this time, for example in the either going to get along to voice of the President of the month of April, we would simgether on both the security United States heard from ply be papering over difficul- and the economic and politi- within the Kremlin than on ties and not resolving them." cal fronts or we will go sepa- the outside, because those Mr. Nixon said, "I've had rately." Mr. Nixon said, "I be- walls are mighty thick . . ."

Congress to continue to sup-lieve we will work out the co-

Secretary Kissinger will begress "gets the idea that we are going to be faced with eco nomic confrontation and hos-tillity from The Nine (Common Chicago audience, "you will Kissinger will leave Washfind it almost impossible to get congressional support for

President Nixon, in his "Now we don't want this Chicago appearance yesterto happen," said the President. day, once again firmly de-fended his policy of detente said the United States cannot But, he said, "we are not go- with the Soviet Union. He emproceed with the declaration ing to be faced with a situa- phasized the need to negotiate tion where the nine countries further limitation of nuclear Mr. Nixon said "the prog- of Europe gang up against the weapons-a prime objective

Mr. Nixon also reiterated, (the NATO statement) has tee for their security. That for his critics, that during the gone forward on schedule." detente process there has