Nixon Role

Tax Memo

Denied on

By John P. MacKenzie Washington Post Staff Writer

President Nixon "does not recall" ever asking an aide to review the tax returns of his White House predecessors to get ideas for possible deductions, press secretary Ronald L. Ziegler said yesterday.

Responding to questions about a 1969 White House memorandum to that effect, Ziegler quoted the president as saying he personally had never seen the income tax return of a previous president.

Asked whether Mr. Nixon was satisfied that none of his aides had ever called for the returns of former presidents, Ziegler told newsmen, "I didn't ask him that."

The memorandum, dated June 16, 1969, was from John D. Ehrlichman, at that time counsel to the President, to Edward L. Morgan, then deputy counsel.

After noting that Mr. Nixon wanted to take the maximum allowable deductions for business expenses, the memorandum states, "He suggests that we might review the returns of one or more previous Presidents for guidance."

Existence of the memorandum was disclosed last week by columnist Jack Anderson, who quoted it at length and said it showed Mr. Nixon's keen personal interest in minimizing his taxes. White House spokesmen have suggested that the busy President left such details to others.

The memorandum indicated that Mr. Nixon "wants to be sure that his business deductions include all allowable items," including the use of his California and Florida homes and payments to his daughter, Julie Eisenhower, for summer work at the White House.

At a meeting with newsmen,



Associated Pres

Rep. Mills on President's taxes: "People certainly will be asking questions."

Without directly accusing anyone of the leaks, he said man-Morgan recent stories appeared to be complete disclosure of tax in formation to congressional investigators.

Emphasizing that Mr. Nixon "does not regret releasing the joint ess we are going through and the leaks of information are counterproductive."

Under federal tax laws designed to protect the confidentiality of individual tax returns, it is illegal for one taxpayer to view the returns of another.

terday. Ehrlichman, who is un-lexplaining:

der indictment by two grand | juries on charges of conspir- tax issue could hurt the Presi- Thrower. acy and lying in the Water-dent more than Watergate, gate cover-up, resigned as top simply because people under-11 months ago. Morgan re- have been talked about-\$250,signed last month as assistant | 000 to \$300,000 owed-are corsecretary of the Treasury, rect, people certainly will be saying he quit in part because asking questions." of controversy over Mr. Nixon's deduction for giving away. vice presidential papers, a transaction Morgan helped to handle.

The gift and \$576,000 tax deduction are the central items of an investigation being conducted by the congressional Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation in coopera-

Committee vice chairman Wilbur D. Mills (D-Ark.) said yesterday that the Ehrlichmemorandum was not one of the new disclothe result of President Nixon's sures he had in mind last weekend when he predicted cause of his tax problems.

Mills' statement that the committee's report would hurt the President dum was written, tax law pertax material," Ziegler said that would hurt the President dum was written, tax law per-on the other hand, "the point more than Watergate brought mitted a charitable deduction at the end of the summer tha could be made that the proc- heated White House complaints that he was prejudicing Mr. Nixon's case and a charge from presidential counselor Bryce Harlow that the public official. influential congressman was using McCarthyist tactics.

On Capitol Hill yesterday Mills declined comment on about possibly excessive in-the administration reaction come tax withholding, along ficial said, "I could work close Neither Ehrlichman nor but denied that he was accus- with the other questions, to ly with him in establishing Morgan could be reached yes- ing the President of tax fraud, Roger V. Barth, assistant to procedures and in handling

"What I said was that the missioner White House domestic adviser stand taxes. If the figures that the President was being "over

A spokesman for the joint committee refused to say whether the congressional investigators have the Ehrlichman-Morgan memorandum.

In addition to previously disclosed details, the memorandum indicated that Mr. Nixon was concerned not only with the amount of his ulti- of the papers-gift deduction he mate tax liability for 1969, but also the amount of tax being withheld from his paycheck during the year.

Ehrlichman instructed Morgan to check is this item:

"Would you please have someone carefully check his salary withholding to see if it takes into account the fact Mr. Nixon would resign be that he will be making a full 30 per cent charitable deduction."

> At the time the memoranup to 30 per cent of adjusted gross income for donations of personal or work-related papers by a President or other

tion correspondence, Morgan the retention of a regular ac relayed Ehrlichman's question countant to handle it. "Once

Barth replied a month later that he could not tell whether withheld" without certain in formation, including an esti mate of his outside income and his real property taxe for 1969.

Barth reported to Morgan and Ehrlichman that the fed eral withholding would tota \$74,983 for 1969, which is close to the \$72,682 Mr. Nixon ac tually paid for that year, ac cording to figures released in December. However, because paid only \$792 in 1970, \$878 in 1971 and \$4,298 in 1972.

Barth recommended "mos strongly" against a deduction Included in a list of matters for payments to Julie Eisen hower as a White House tou guide because of publicit that she was a "volunteer" and doubts over "whether she i necessary to the taxpayer' 'business'." He said "the ris of exposure of a business de duction attempt is too great for the amount of money ir volved and suggested that the would be tax-free to her al though not deductible for Mr Nixon.

Barth advised establishmen of a careful system or record According to the administra- ing presidential expenses and then Internal Revenue Com- any problems as they arise.