By WALLACE TURNER Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, June 24-The General Services Administration has placed responsibility for the spending of more than \$2.2-million in public funds to improve President Nixon's persocial homes on the Secret Service, which has accepted it with a few reservations.

Federal agencies, explained last week that the large expenditures had been made to assist the Secret Service in its mission to protect the President, and to help Mr. Nixon fulfill his national security responsibilities.

propriety of using tax funds to a helicopter pad at Key Bis-improve what is the private cayne, was not listed. The pad property of the President or his friends is another in the found was uncerty
his friends is another in the found was uncerty
for a two- flow begin with
well and successful state of the from the existing cost \$1,353 to install and \$476. his friends is another in the political career.

In previous episodes, the arguments have involved gifts from wealthy California businessmen; a loan from Howard R. Hughes; the purchase at a low price of a lot mortgaged by the International Brotherhood of Teamsters pension fund (James R. Hoffa, trustee) and owned in part by the Murthe still unexplained financing by which Mr. Nixon acquired. his San Clemente, Calif., home.

The Government has spent sponsibilities." \$703,367 on the San Clemente property, the G.S.A. said Thursday. The detailed list of expeninvolved a complete restoration of a rundown estate.

-86.83 for picture frame

ment said, \$1,180,522 has been spent on improvements and operation. The nearby houses owned by Mr. Nixon's friends have also benefited from some of this work.

At San Clemente the Government has paid the following

bills, among others:

Stain entrance gates, other ger to Mr. Nixon's safety. painting, \$312; replace stairs and landing on walk to beach, \$1.950; build a wall around ensystem, \$13,500; provide land money, that's the G.S.A.'s conscaping and sprinkler system, cern. \$76,000; pave driveway, \$7,515;

he home in San Clemente cutting out dead grass that However, Mr. Nixon's office is might provide a fire hazard, or installing a fan to create a at It was thought that the draft in the Presidential fire-furniture was for his study. An place.

An expenditures at the was asked if some pro-the adjacent office area has cedure existed to ask Mr. Nixon

been promised. on the list of money spent at hies involved—to pay costs of Key. Biscayne. This included the changes the Secret Services \$4,786 for removing a wall and

planting a nedge; demolition manted. "No," he said. "It was and removal of trees, \$3,050, well understood that we would and paving, landscaping and installing cables and lights, \$42,293.

Ice-Making Machine

a flag pole, \$587; repair of beach erosion, \$2,000; an icemaking machine for the Secret Service detail, \$621.50; a swimming pool cleaner, \$475, and two golf carts, \$3,580. The fig- firmed the purchase. ure of \$78,872 was given for repair and maintenance, Presidential complex area."

The G.S.A. statement did not include those public funds spent on the Nixon properties other agencies. For example, The controversy over the the largest single expenditure, was built in 1969 so Mr. Nixon

> The new pad was built on redged land held in place by ilings driven into the bay botom. It was built under a conract supervised by the Army corps of Engineers from miliary appropriations, and is conected directly to the Nixons' property on the beachfront.

It cost \$400,000, a spokesman or the corps said. The pad was chinson interests of Texas, and built, he said, "at the request I the executive department to nable the President to

Secret Service Position

Jack Warner, an assistant to ditures indicated that the work the director of the Secret Service, said that after the assas-sination of Senator Robert F. Kennedy in Los Angeles in June, 1968, a law was passed At Key Biscayne, the Govern-that directed all Government agencies to give support to the Secret Service when asked.

> Mr. Nixon took over the former Hamilton Cotton estate in San Clemente in the summer of 1969, it was found that the furnace was inoperative. He said it was judged to be a dan-

We work in matters of this type with the G.S.A.," Mr. Warner said. When asked what appropriation the \$13,000 for intire 24.6-acre estate, \$57,582; stalling the new furnace had install new furnace heating come from, he said "as to the

Mr. Warner said that the Sepicture frames, \$6,83; roof tiles, eret Service took the position \$3,200; move trees, \$3,278; fer that any situation that threat-tilizer, \$999; tree trimming, ened harm to the President \$575, and "landscape mainten-should immediately be cor-arce," \$25,524. rected. This included planting Piere was also \$4,834 to fur-for transplanting trees to ob-nich "the President's office" in scure possible lines of fire, or

-or some of his friends who Single sorts of entries were share ownership of the proper to His next big problem came in terms in which it was asked, the list of money spent at the involved—to pay coas of December, 1956, when, very He said, "I think the changes the Secret Services quietly, a loan was made by sonable price."

to the G.S.A.

Swimming Pool Heater

The G.S.A. apparently bought everything it was asked to buy Also, a septic tank, \$1,395; for the Presidential properties t even bought a \$2,800 swimning pool heaten for San Clehente but left it off the fist of expenditures asked about it The G.S.A. con-

Mr. Warner said the Secret service had not asked for the eater. Nor he said did it ask or land surveys of the San. lemente property. These out 4,400. Nor did it ask for the urnishings of the President's study, or for a flag pole that In all, the Government has put \$500,000 more into Mr. Nikon's properties in California and to paidt

There are five houses in the Key Biscayne "Presidential complex." Mr. Nixon owns two. while two friends, Robert H. Abplanalp and Charles G. Rebozo, own one each. Mr. Abplanalo's is rented to the Covernment for \$1,500 a nonth, as is the fifth bouse, seld in trust by a Miami awver who is close to Mr. Kenozo.

Mr. Nixon's own susessout his national security re- ments of her worth have risen rom \$28,000 in 1952 to \$765, 22 in September, 1972, Except for a few years when he practiced law in New York, he has never enjoyed a big income: His single other source of insome appears to be about 200,000 he got for his book Six Crises," published in 1961.

The first of Mr. Nixon's political difficulties over money involved the office operational Mr. Warner said that when I fund built up for him by Califormia businessmen when he was a Senator. This blew up suddenly in September, 1952.

On the night of Sept. 23. 1952, the 39-year-old Senator made one of the famous speeches in American political history. He denied any wrongdoing. He listed has assetsinsurance, He said in a radio Interview Mrs. Nixon had spoken of their daughters' wish was \$7,000 less than the mortthem one, he said.

It was a little cocker spaniel dog in a crate that he sent all the way from Texas," Mr. Nix-on said that night, "Black and white spotted. And our little held a news conference to angirl-Trisha, the 6-year-old-named it Checkers."

The Hughes Loan

Mr. Nixon survived to serve mortgage on it. Was this a two terms as Vice President gift?" The money in the fund that had

the Howard R. Hughes interests to F. Donald Nixon, the then Vice President's brother. A lot given as security was not worth the \$205,000 loan, in the estimate of researchers who have studied the transaction.

Caree

Also, the lean was handled in away that concealed the parties involved. When Mr. Nixon ran for President in 1960 the loan became known, and it was an element that confibuted to his defeat, in the judgment of many

In "Six Crises," Mr. Nixon write that the day after his narrow defeat, "Don [Nixon] said with his voice breaking: 'I hope I haven't been respon-sible for sosing the election." He reassured his brother, Eichard Nixon wrote.

While Richard Nixon tried to disassociate himself from the Hughes loan, Noah Laurich, in his memour, "Howard, the Amazing Mr. "Hughes, recounted an interview in the office of Vice President Nixon in December, 1956. Mr. Dietrich, for three decades the Hughes mayor domo, wrote: 'About the loan to Donald,'

Loegan Hughes has authorized t, and Donald can have it. I realize that it involves a loan to your prother and not to you But I feel compelled to tell you what's on my mind. It this loan bécomes public information, it could mean the end of your political career, and I don't believe it can be kept quiet."

'Put My Relatives Ahead'

Mr. Districh wrote that the Vice President "responded immediately, perhaps having anticipated what I had said."

"Mr. Dietrich," he said, "I

ive to put my relatives ahead

my career."

Mr. Nixon in 1961 bought a lot in a development in Bev-erly Hills, Calif., and ran into reporters' questions that implied some impropriety. The facts were that the lot was encumbered by about \$42,000 of a \$4 million 7 loan the de velopers had taken from a teamsters pension fund, of which Hoffa was a trustee. The Murchison brothers were partners in the development.

The developers paid off the mortgage and sold the lot to Mr. Nixon for \$35,000, which for a per. A stranger had sent gage and did not include any profit for them. The lot next door was offered at \$99,000.

This Kind of Smear

On Sept. 27, 1961, Mr. Nixon nounce his candidacy for Governor of California. He was asked "how you managed to buy a piece of property for After the Checkers speech, \$35,000 which had a \$42,000

Mr. Nixon said he was glad caused the trouble was \$18, to answer that question, but never did deal with in the

body is going to frighted me out of this contest and that, as far as this kind of smear is concerned, and that is exactly what it is, I intend no longer to take it lying down." Mr. Nixon was defeated for the governorship.

Records show that in July, 1963, the Nixons received about \$86,000 for the lot they bought for \$35,000 two years before.

Once in office as President. Mr. Nixon bought the San Clemente property, acting hehind a hidden trust. After four years, he amounced that he \$1.5-million deal had been financed mostly by Mr. Ahplanalp, a multimillionaire manufacturer.

The complex statement facts made about that transaction by the White House press office makes it plain that Mr. Nixon is able to occupy a 24.6-acre estate and a large Spanish style house of Clemente because Vr. About 1 has a stired responsible about \$4.2 million of the same

No Record of Division

The White House 1.2" plained that Mr. Abut 3 p. a money has brought Mr. abutanally all but the 5.9 acres of the property on which has Nixon house is situated for property records in Orange County, Calif., do not really any division of the estate.

Nor do any of the discinsures by the G.S.A. and the select Service explain whether the Abplanate, made any could be too to the improvement of the property through the construction of walls, beach services walks, stairways and later scaping.

When Mr. Abplanalp hough. Its four on Bay I are in the Key Biscayne Presidential our plex, he baid \$150,000 to a couple from Indianapolis to old friends that hey were sill rig because they fall harns about the Secret Service. The distort know that Mr. Abblanalp

was the buyer, they said.

The Government has been paying \$1,500 a month represence 1969, and will continue to pay that amount—plus and increase in taxes—until Mr.

increase in taxes—until Mr. Nixon leaves office.

By 1977 Mr. Abplanaly will have received almost all his purchase price back in rentals, and the Government meantime will have protected and improved his property while its value has risen spectacularly.