EDITORS' DECISION ON CUBA RELATEI

Kennedy LaterWishedTimes Had Printed All It Knew

ST. PAUL, June 1 (AP)—
President Keinedy told an executive of The New York
Times that if the paper had printed all it knew about preparations for the Ray of Pigs invasion, the nation would have been saved from a "colosal mistake," a Times editor disclosed today.

today.
The disclosure was made by Clifton Daniel managing editor, in a speech at MacAlester Col-lege before a forum of the World Press Institute. The forum was held in honor of recent Pulitzer

riess institute. The forum was held in honor of recent Pulitzer Prize winners and foreign journalists studying at the college. Mr. Daniel recalled a number of difficult decisions at The Times, before both the Bay of Pigs invasion and the Cuban missile crisis a year later, as to whether the paper's responsibility to publish the news conflicted with national security. He traced in detail some strong differences of opinion among Times executives that led to the toning down of a dispatch describing plans for the invasion of Cuba.

The dispatch, by 'Fad Szulo, appeared on Page 1 of The Times in the edition of Friday, April 7, 1961. Invasion forces landed in Cuba on Monday, April 17, 1961.

17, 1961.

Kennedy of Two Minds

Mr. Daniel depicted President Kennedy as apparently torn in two directions by the course The

two directions by the course The Times took during the Bay of Pigs buildup.

At one point, meeting with a group of editors after the incident, President Kennedy "ran down a list of what he called premature disclosures of security information," mostly in The Times, Mr. Daniel said.

"While he scolded The New York Times," he went on, "the President said in an aside to Mr. Catledge, 'If you had printed more about the operation you would have saved us from a colossal mistake."

would have saved us from a colossal mistake."

Turher Catledge was then managing editor of The Times. He is now executive editor.

"More than a year later," Mr. Daniel said, "President Kennedy was still talking the same way."

Mr. Daniel said that in a White House conversation on Sept. 13, 1962, never made pub-

NYT 10/2/66

lic before, the President told the late Orvil Dryfoos, publisher of The Times:
'I wish you had run every-

thing on Cuba. . . I am just sorry you didn't tell it at the time."

A Historical Footnote

Mr. Daniel added another historical footnote to the Bay of

Pigs invasion.

In both a television interview on Meet the Press and in his own book, "A Thousand Days," Arthur M. Schlesinger Jr. said that The Times had suppressed an article giving "a fairly accurate account of the invasion plans," Mr. Daniel said.

Holding up a copy of the April 7, 1961, edition of The Times, Mr. Daniel said:

"Mr. Schlesinger, was mis-

"Mr. Schlesinger, was mis-taken, both in his book and in his appearance on 'Meet the

Mr. Daniel told of detailed and heated exchanges among Times executives before the de-

Times executives before the de-cision was made to give the con-troversial dispatch a smallerr headline, eliminate a reference to an "imminent" invasion, and drop a reference to participa-tion of the Central Intelligence Agency in invasion prepara-

Mr. Daniel said his own view today is that the Bay of Pigs operation "might well have been canceled and the country would have been saved enormous em-barrassment if The New York Times and other newspapers had

been more diligent in the performance of their duty."

He added, however, that James Reston, then chief of The Times's Washington Bureau and Court of State addition disagraphs. now an assciate editor, disagrees.

'62 Artitle Witheld

"If I had it to do over, I would do exactly what we did at the time." Mr. Daniel quoted Mr. Reston as saying. "It is ridiculous to think that publishing the fact that the invasion was implicated." sion was imminent would have avoided this disaster. I am quite sure the operaton would have gone forward."

By contrast, Mr. Daniel said, when the Cuban missile crisis of 1962 reached a climax, The mes, at the personal reached a climax. Times, at the personal request of President Kennedy, withheld at exclusive article until the Government had had an opportunity to complete plans to counter its effects.

counter its effects.

'Mr. Daniel also made public
a letter from President Kennedy
to Mrs. Dryfoos some time after
the death of her husband in
which the President praised the
decision to withold the article
as having been in the interest of national security.

In describing The Times's de-

night duty at The Times, and have recollections of some executives who took part still differed as to when Mr. Reston was consulted and where he was at the time.

No Records Kept

"None of those who took part."

"None of those who took part."

"Rept records of what was said and done," Mr. Daniel said. "That is unfortunate, and it should teach us a lesson. The Bay of Pigs was not only important in the history of United States relations with Latin America, the Soviet Union, and world Communism; it was also important in the history of relations between the American press and the United States Government."

Mr. Daniel described a tense scene at The Times after the Bay of Pigs article was ordered toned down, He said:

"Mr. Daniel described a tense scene at The Times after the Bay of Pigs article was ordered toned down, He said:

"After the dummy for the front page . . . was changed, Ted Bernstein, who was the assistant managing editor on spent 10 minutes patiently exclable for several days."

"After the dummy for the front page . . . was changed, Ted Bernstein, who was the assistant managing editor on spent 10 minutes patiently exclable for several days."

"At the Times, and the Times after the Bay of Pigs article was ordered toned down, He said:

"After the dummy for the front page . . . was changed, Ted Bernstein, who was the assistant managing editor on spent 10 minutes patiently exclable for several days."

"At the Times, and the Times after the Bay of Pigs article was ordered toned down.

"His reasons were those of the term was being made, and together they went into. "His reasons for the safety of the men who were preparing to offer their appeal or reconsideration.

"The New York Times been changed for reasons of policy the front page play for pressure the front page play for reasons for the change. The provided with what intensity of emotion the publisher him the provided was flaming the story played down.

"His reasons were those of the resting accurate was being accurate, and together they went for the publ