## Another One for the Record Books

\section*{National Archives' Suburban Annex Offers Space but Not Much Character

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### 5.28) 94 <br> by Beljamin Forges <br> Whangen lion samwind

The contrast could hardly be greater. Dowatown, the monumental cube of the National Archives-solemm, weighty, 72 Cornthian columns, bronze dours bigger than now houses, stime firures scyipted to awe, In College Prat. "Archives 11 "-mala huge, but crisp and clean and white, sprawling across the landicape, almoct indden from casual niaw by thickets of tull trees.
Yet in fuaction the buldings are the same. Both are warehowses for the tremendous arkay of documents generated by the feleral government-at a cost of $\$ 250$ million, Archives II was built to accommodate the overflow from Archives ?. Both are research centers for expert and amatewr alke. Both house scientific laboratories to investigate


There are abvous reasoms for the differences-changing times, contrasting locations, new strndards and techniques for handling documents-and there's no simple aniwer to the inevitaWe comparative question: Which is better?

In certain ways the new bulding is a refreshing change. Designed by the Wxhingtom office of Hellmuth, Obata and Kaskhaum, it is very, very good at stormg records efficiently with proper climatic controls, and at providing commodious, well-lighted places for people to work in. Archivists, scientiats, administrators, jamitors, visiting research-ers-everybody-will welcome the new working conditions and the welllighted spaces:

These are no mean achiexements, and they're just the things the old building doesntt do well. Except for a handful of top officals with windowed offices on "maboxayy row" -"wockled because of the big, beautiful dors-most employ. See CITYECAP: C3, C01 1



The new Nationsi Archues complex in Collegs Patk strexthes out to suit lts 33 .acre sita. The intartor design combines Ifthentiled publle spaces and kghtly sealed areas far document storsge. above, one of the skyighted atria ends with a cantleverad spiral stainelt.

\section*{Archives <br> Old and New <br> 

ces in the downtown bulling are squeemed into this or that cramy. Accommodatimas for researchers are crowded and inadequate. Cotting from here to there can be a labyrinthine adventure. The vintage "30s storaze rooms are picturespue, bumb and inelficimt, especially when compared to the surgical surreall. 5y of Archives II's "high-iensity moblie storage units."
On the other hand, the new bulling lacks the resonant ciaracter af the old. It may be that even ia che '30s, when the original was built, a neochascial cube was hardly the ideal solution to the problemat af cmierving storixg and retrieving wast nambers of docmuens: Wut the foction, at 8its Street and Pemmsyivanix Aveme NW in the developing Federal Trangle, at mudpoint between the Copitol and the White House, was one of the most important symbolic sites in the city. And Jobun Ruxsell Pope, the architect, knew how to respond.
TH: Natonal Archives fuilding is a hammoniowa encyclopedia of neoclassical devicespediments: colonmades, entablatures, tigurative sculptures, medallons, moldings, and ori axd on-derloyed with mmense skill for symbolte effect. There is perhaps no more moving a phece of architectural thester in the capital than the baroque roturda Pape devised for thes democracy's mout valued documenks-the Decturation of Independence, the Constitution and the Bill of Riskxa
Athoush the differemoes between Archuves T and II sugeest powerfil oppositions-ctail. tion vs, modernity, fguration againk abstrac: thon, symbolic representation instead of straightformard finctionalism-ithe arguments are mure interesting in theory than an fact. To get the point, one corly has to sicture this: the downtown builing in that sulwrtann Feld, the suburban buiding in that downtowns square. It's almost needless to say that, so out of place, each would kok ihaurd.
Working with the engineers of Ellerte Becket, the architects of the new bulding HOKs Larry Suuer, principal designer, with Ron Kessler, Robert Barr and Terry Marolt) responded intelligently to a long list of client demands and construints imposed by the site. And, with the significant help of the primary contractors the Georre Hyman Construction and Ciblane Builling Cos.), they came in under budget, Rarr proudly reports. The $\$ 6 \mathrm{mil}$ Tion sweed was used to help cower the costs of We scill mygoing move of materials from downs\%a and other locations.

The buiding is located berween Adelphi and Metzerott raads ma 33 acres leased from the University of Maryland, wide min campus lies to the east. The sloming aixe is inamed by stands of mature deciuuxs trees, and the arclitects trok atvantaxe of bouk the slope and the trees. Thiri buiding, sbout tail as big as the Pentagon, is almost cocaly ycreened from bath rowdways and is stretches downail abouk 1. 100 feet frmin suth to morth.

Thounh a hither, mare monollhic rectan* gle would have been the most eflicient shape--stacks on top of stacks on tog af stacks-the stretchedout bulling is much more apyropriate to the site. But the canger of monotory zemained. The architects comfronted it with some success, making the bulding a series of five connected pieces, three of which march downhill on a dagonal. like a parade of Brobdingmazan brick:

Besides limiting the impres mim al bulk, this arrangement also mabled the axchtects to maximize opportuxities to shape public and sema-puhlic spaces. Each of the three dommin! "pools," for inetrance, is greaty enlivened by a six-story, slylighted atrim separating cificas, labs and other service functions from those surreal storage chambers. The last of these atria ends with a cantilevered spiral stairwall. hike an architectural exclanation point.

The main entrance, at the top of the slope closest to Adelphi Road, is am ordered collision of rectilinear and rounded farms, each with a different glazing pattern. This strong, saxisfying. asmmetrical composition amounces the Malding's principal motif: It's light-filled in front, where people do their work, and sealed tighly in back, where the documents are estored.

Behind one of these facrdes is a high, rather scriblexs bloby that leads to, among other *hings, a plessunt public cafeteria. Behind another of these walls of glass is the sensational nain reading room, three stories high. A paved outdoor terrace and an arcade and needed touches of hummin scale. All is all, the face-off berween the big bolidry and the nearby tall trees is surprimingly harmonwous. This Ina't exactly the pristine machine in a garden that modern architects deligkt im, but ix's an oddly gracufl, $f$ lumbering machine in a forest.

Actually, Archives I and II make a complementary pair, and the completion of the new building focuses attention on the needs of the old. Pope's temple of learning is glorious, but it's also fadiug rather fast. There's fardly a room in it that works satisfactorily by contemporary standurds. Even the rotuada is showing scrixus styms of age. And the axtiquated airhandling system will have to be replaced. Therets an exilavating opportunity here: The great old builling in the center of town could, and chould, become more accessible and more. meaningtul to mare people.





