Houto 8, Frederick, Md. 21701 10/12/72

Dear Dr. Rhoads,

This is in response to your lotter dated October 3, which mays it is in reply to my lotter of Angust 30, 1972.

I had hoped that at some point we might get past your writing of deceptive, missionding, self-serving and incomplete letters clearly intended for themaking of a false record and requiring of me long and detailed responses to provent the making of a corrupted record. Apparently you and those who draft your letters intend to continue a policy of political control over public information then to be selectively released for propagandistic rather than scholarly purposes. This is the policy an abundant record above to be the reblicy. It has been an intended and accomplish purpose.

As you realize, I must appeal this frivelity. You also know that prior to answering me such letters are routed through the office of GSA general counsel, as accidents by your staff have disclosed to me. And you must know that in time these matters will come to the desks of Hr. Yawter and Hr. Johnson. Hr. Yawter has disclosed to me absolutely no knowledge of your regulations or the law, so he automatically becames the captive of those in GSA and Archives who write such deceptions, that which is before his when he makes decisions assigned to his but for which he is not adequately prepared, a situation that I believe in itself establishes intent to frustrate the workings of the law. Hr. Vawter has actually begged me to elution the course of his assigned duties. So, if you persist in contempt for the law, your regulations and what by now is a rather impressive maker of court designes and rulings by other agencies, perhaps an appeal to you on behalf of your Harden and rulings by other agencies, perhaps an appeal to you on behalf of your Harden and rulings by other agencies, who is supposed to review Hr. Vawter's decisions automatically, whother or not he does.

If you do not, you will leave me no alternative but to make this record myself. I am not looking for debating points. I do not seek a lengthy record of dishensetly by afficialdon in the expectation that it might improve a judge. I seek public information under the law with a minimum of unnecessary impediments placed in my path, a minimum of trouble to the government, and no unnecessary resort to the courts.

Therefore, I ask that you rewrite your latter and make it an honest reflection of my requests for this so-called memorandum of transfer and your responses, written and verbal (you may remember discussing this with me in Judge Hallock's court, as Mr. "ohneon also did after the Secret Service, the symmetry of parameter interest, released it to no). All of the requests and all the responses should be set forth. I realise this justs you in the position of representing yourself as not responding, responding with a number of varying remsons as the expediencies of the memori second to notivate, even inconsistent changes in the alleged reasons. But that is the record you made and I can't permit any dishonest single letter to wipe all of that cut. Her should ^Br. Verter and ^Br. "ohneon be denied this information, not should it become necessary, a federal judge.

I would ask you in that new lotter to set forth the number of diffurent copies of this sense of transfer in question, when it came into the presention of the Archives in each case and how and for what purposes, the uses already note and permitted to be made of it by the government (for a number of federal court decisions make this alone quite relevant) with the names of all those who have been granted access to it and who are not government employees but in actuality are literary competitors of mine, together with a copy of the covering letter with which the Secret Service copy was given to you for delivery to me. I think under the circumstances and with the precedent you have already established by giving no such covering letters, you should also provide ne with a copy. Together with this, I believe the Office of General Counsel should provide legal authority for a released receipt for the transfer of government property to be classified as a personal medical receipt for the believe there should be attached if not copies, then appropriate and complete excerpts from controlling decisions which say that once any use is made of records that sight otherwise be exempt under the law the exceptions have been waived by the government and such records connot be withheld from me.

Your latter refers to the "desire" of Fr. Burke Marshall. Congress has made that irrelevant, as has government use. But since you invoke this alleged personal denire. which in my view commot properly control access to public information or government records, I think you should make full and complete reference to what Hr. Marshall has written. He was written as letters of which you have copies saying he leaves all such things up to you. Also, this mano of transfer is specifically excluded from the OSA-family contract, which was natored into more than a year after the first copy of the news of transfer was placed in the Archives.Furthermore, it is not a whim by Mr. Marshall but a fast that the Secret Service copy of this mail has/placed in the Archives under this contract, the deceptive import of your second paragraphit was given to be given to me, pursuant to a conference I had with the proper exacutives of the Secret Service, and your br. Marion Johnson personally confirmed to as that you had intercepted it with the intent of frustrating my access to it. Now I think a full record requires inclusion of all these things and the authority for them, including your own regulations that make access to public information subject to your whis or that of any other, subject to the desires of those not agents of the government, and on any kind of selective basis. You have already permitted a number of people to write in the public press about this record, yet you pressure to have legal sanction for preveneting no to write about it what I want to write, not what you want to be written. The record should include its use in an official government report that was then introduced into evidence in a court proceeding.

You should further correct your second paragraph, which states falsely that you have not permitted "public inspection". At least five and I think nore members of the general public have been permitted this "inspection". Here I think both Mr. Vawter and I are entitled to a citation of the authority that permits you to permit Mr. Marshall to control the Secret Service copy of this memo of transforms under any conditions and expressly after some have been granted access.

I think also that we are both entitled to the legal authority for your third paragraph, which vests in Mr. Marshall the ex posts facto right to consor government records, to impose any restrictions upon them, and to in any way restrict, circumvent or frustrate the decision of the agency of paramount interest, the signatory agency, which informed me officially that it was making this sense of transfer available to see. I remind you that it is <u>not</u> a record of the Warren Consistation and did not exist at the time the Consistion's life anded. I repeat that it was specifically exampt from the contract.

Pretty much the same is true of the Secret Service record of the ruin of film. Muined film is not and cannot be a medical or a personal record, it was and never stopped being government property, my right to it has been established by use, by making it available to another who has published about it, quoting it, and the Attorney General's com interpretation of the law could not be more explicit in maying that what the government may find embarransing may not for that reason be withhold.

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