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Mitchell Resigns, Heads Nixon Drive

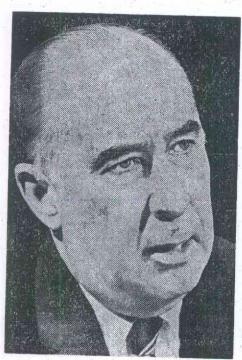
Kleindienst Named as Successor

By Don Oberdorfer Washington Post Staff Writer

In a long-anticipated election year move, Attorney General John N. Mitchell resigned his government post yesterday to head President Nixon's campaign for re-election.

Mr. Nixon named Mitchell's Justice Department deputy, Richard G. Kleindienst, to be his successor as Attorney General. L. Patrick Gray III, currently an assistant attorney general, was selected to become deputy attorney general succeeding Kleindienst.

Senate consideration Kleindienst, a former Barry Goldwater campaign aide whose nickname is "Mr. Tough," is expected to gener-



JOHN N. MITCHELL . . . President's closest confidant



RICHARD G. KLEINDIENST ... a swirl of controversy

ate considerable controversy, but administration officials expressed confidence yesters day that he will win confirme tion.

Mitchell is, expected to re-turn to the New York law firm in which it and Mr. Nixon were seising santages prior to the 1968 election, and from that private vantage point to be the 1972 Nixon campaign manager. It is generally believed he will not return to the Justice Department if the re-election campaign is successful.

Mitchell would not discuss his plans yesterday other than to say that he has left the Cabinet to dedicate himself to Mr. Nixon's re-election. His resignation as Attorney General is effective March 1, about the time the President expects to return from his trip to China.

Mitchell was the campaign c manager of the 1968 Nixon presidential campaign, and is Mr. Nixon's closest confidant in government.

The decision that he would leave government after the President's return from China is reported to have been made by the two men several weeks ago. It was made final in an unannounced meeting at the White House Monday, which Mitchell submitted a handwritten personal letter of resignation. His letter was not released.

The President's letter reply, which was made public yesterday, accepted the resignation with "utmost regret' and "deep thanks for a difficult task superbly done."

Mr. Nixon, who campaigned in 1968 with a promise to stop the rise in crime and to name "a new Attorney General" to do it, praised Mitchell's anticrime activities in yesterday's letter and said, "You have given the American people new - and newly justified confidence in their ability to halt the spiral of crime and to restore domestic peace."

The President also praised Mitchell's "consistently wise advice and counsel" throughout the course of the administration. As Mr. Nixon's for-

See MITCHELL, A6, Col. 3

Mitchell Quits Justice Dept. Job

Mitchell has been consulted troversies strained the Nixon-on nearly every major deci-Mitchell relationship, there ly one of the nation's leading on nearly every major decision of the President, foreign and domestic. At Mr. Nixon's was so. Long after all the pattles over court nominations, special status on the senior Mr. Nixon continued to ask special status on the senior figures in his administ committees of the National major figures in his adminis-Security Council and received tration to get Mitchell's Mr. Nixon's political team, a daily foreign intelligence judgment before coming to Mitchell actually has been

all of Mr. Nixon's nominations conservative and an architect election of the President from

MITCHELL, From A1 | Harrold Carswell, who were a "supreme pragmatist" who is mer law partner and campaign manager and close confident, that the Supreme Court con-

a daily foreign intelligence Judgment perore country briefing from the Central Inhim for final decision, in imserving as 1972 Nixon camportant matters, paign manager for many Mitchell was the one person who played a major part in portrayed as an ideological of the Committee for the Reto the U.S. Supreme Court, of a Nixon "Southern Strate- the Justice Department via including those of Judges gy" in 1968, but he is said by frequent meetings, telephone Clement Haynsworth and G. close political associates to be calls and memoranda.