U.S. Had Role in Arrest Of 894 Mas Suidents

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ENFORCE, From A1

"We're real proud of it, the way they (Mississippi police) handled it," declared George Murphy, director of LEAA's Atlanta regional office, "There wasn't any bloodshed."

For students, it was a different story.

Charged with blocking a student body of 2,500-were cies. suspended from school.

After 24 hours imprison-Parchman on bond and perlongings and go home to pon- of Law Enforcement Assistder the future.

Valley State's beleaguered Negro president, J. H. White, whose policies were the target of the student boycott, has announced that the state-supported school will follow a policy of "selective admissions" when students begin to regis- Received Federal Grant ter today for the second term.

tion leaders, all of whom be readmitted. And White has summarily fired two faculty members who advised the demonstrators.

Strange Alliance

For the time being at least, the events in Itta Bena stand bled in the name of law and ters) and organized crime." order: President White, Mis-

tice. diam'r.

partment's role has gone potential black insurrection. largely unnoticed.

Federal involvement in the campus arrests grew from the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968, which created LEAA as a Juspublic road on campus and tice Department agency for disobeying police who ordered federal economic and technithem to disperse, all 894 dem- cal assistance to local and treatment give some indicaonstrators-one-third of the state law enforcement agen-

Under terms of the act, the state of Mississippi (like other ment, they were released from states created a state Commission on Law Enforcement mitted to return to their cam- Assistance and its operating ate approval of ten, The only pus, collect their personal be- agency, known as the Division ance.

> Although Mississippi's population is at least 40 per cent black, the commission's members are all white, most of them high-ranking representatives of state and local law enforcement agencies.

For Fiscal Year 1969, the Students anticipate that Mississippi commission apnone of the college's elected plied for and received a fed-Student Government Associa- eral "action grant" of \$288,-405. The Justice Department helped direct the boycott, will did not challenge the racial college buildings composition of the Mississippi group.

new state law enforcement aslocal police agencies in "devel- Institutions of Higher Learnoping plans and procedures as a victory for one of the for coping with civil disorders assistance. strangest alliances ever assem- (riot control and natural disas-

That program won federal sissippi's segregationist Gov. approval. Thus when campus curity officers, he said, had John Bell Williams, his all- protest began to swell at Val- been injured by students, and white state Highway Safety ley State College early this students had been threatened Patrol, 58 black policemen month, federally sponsored by boycott leaders. He filed no from various cities in the state machinery had already been formal charges, however.

MI THE

and the Department of Jus- established for containing what the state's white political Until now, the Justice De- establishment perceived as a white board met with the state

> Valley State's was mild. At stake was a list of 30 demands sponsored and prepared by the college's Student Government Association and presented to president White.

> The demands - and their tion of th quality of student life at an all black state college in Mississippi.

The students demanded academic scholarships President White agreed to immedischolarships p'r e v i o u s l y awarded were for athletes and members of Valley State's crack marching band.

Boycott Urged

The students also demanded student government control of the college's student activity fund, a coin-operated laundry for students and clarification of "fictitious laboratory fees." White denied those demands, but approved such others as relaxation of the campus dress code. He also granted the students the right to name new

The student government called for a student boycott. The group's plans provided Within a few days, it was for "staff assistance" by the more than 95 per cent effecwith the backing of the state's sistance division to state and all-white Board of Turstees of ing-asked for outside police

Officials Conferred

Two of his black campus se-

In the state capital of Jackson, officers of White's allcommissioner of public safety But as campus revolts go, and Kenneth Fairly, executive director of the state law enforcement assistance division.

> Then Fairly called LEAA officials in Washington and Atlanta. Washington's Paul Estaver and Atlanta's George Murphy agreed that the best solution was to handle the Valley State protest with black policemen.

Fairly scoured the state and found 58. Ray Pope, a white former police chief from Waycross, Ga., who is now an LEAA regional official in Atlanta, flew to Mississippi to offer technical assistance Satisfied that the operation was proceeding smoothly, he returned to Atlanta.

Governor Pleased

While the arrests proceeded, white highway troopers and Leflore County sheriff's deputies blocked newsmen's entry to the campus. But on campus, all went smoothly.

As Fairly later reported, there was no violence and there were no injuries or pictures of "a white cop with his nightstick mashing the head of a black student." Gov. Williams, said Fairly, was pleased.

"What we liked was the evidence of black professionalism, black command leadership," Fairly said yesterday.

Justice Department cooperation was "excellent," he said. "We were in constant contact." Department officials have "looked at this situation and think it has some application for use elsewhere," he added.

"All of us in this business are looking for new ways to handle old problems."