# Norstad Would Give N Control of Tactical A-Arms

"By Chalmers M. Roberts Washington Post Staff Writer

Retired Gen. Lauris Nor of the use of nuclear weapons. stad, the former Supreme Allied Commander in Europe, offered a formula yesterday to solve the knotty problem of ate Government Operations nuclear sharing in the Atlantic Alliance.

The slim, gray 59-year-old general started from the premise that NATO is in a crisis. threatened "from within" after having "withstood so well every external attack." Its key

tion to the problem of control Europe.

This problem antedates the current row with French President de Gaulle, he told a Sensubcommittee, Norstad is now president of Owens-Corning Fiberglas Corp.

### **Would Empower Council**

What Norstad proposed was his: NATO should vest in its a part-from 5 to 200, he ggested—of the more than tactical American nu-

need, he declared, is a solu-clear weapons now in Western

The Council should create in executive committee, probbly made up of the President of the United States and his pposite numbers in Britain, Vest Germany and France, if e Gaulle would join, and peraps one other NATO nation. hese men would make the plitical decision on the use tactical nuclear weapons alady in Europe in case of a issian attack of a limited member Council, the con-olling political arm, authori-over nuclear as well as con-ntional weapons for use in two, the use of American me of war. Involved would s de NATO.

## Majority Vote Suggested

A decision by the executive ommittee would be made, lorstad suggested, by majoriy vote; that is, the European nembers could order use of actical nuclear weapons depite an American objection. an veto, he said, could the

uropean allies feel they had eal power within the alliance.

The President would be committed to make the nu-clear weapons available for use. The executive group would act "within established policy" pre-agreed to by all NATO nations.

If "political currently deni expedience" denies German membership in the group, he added, that country "must, as a minimum, have access to the information and intelligence essential to the preparation of plans and the taking of decisions."

Norstad said he had made suggestions along these lines during his 1956-63 term as boss of SHAPE but had never before put the idea forward in such complete form.

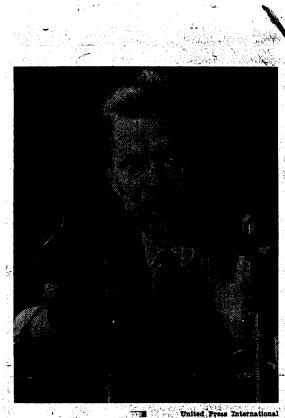
# A Chair for France

As to France, Norstad favored the "empty chair" approach for possible return to full NATO partnership. He said he was not so sure that the Council should be moved from Paris, despite de Gaulle's attitude, and that to move it as a "punishment"

would be petulant and silly.

Norstad reacted strongly
when asked about Senate Maiority Leader Mike Mans-field's suggestion that the United States pull several of its divisions out of Europe. To do that, said Norstad, would be to "take the heart out of conventional defense and substitute nothing."

If ground forces were cut back severely, he went on, then the United States would



RETIRED GEN. LAURIS NORSTAD ... offers plan for NATO atom-sharing

be forced back to the doctrine of "massive retaliation," leaving "no choice between all-out thermonuclear war and nothing." Norstad added a warning that the Soviet Union would surely test Western defenses if they were so reduced on the ground.
"If we reduce our forces."

the ground.

"If we reduce our forces," he said, "we lower the threshold for introducing greater power in the form of nuclear weapons."

Norstad reiterated his opposition to the socalled "hardware" solutions to the nuclear sharing problem, either the multilateral or the Atlantic nuclear force schemes. He said he was against putting nuclear weapons in the individual custody of any additional nations.

nations.