Manchester Book Says Schlesinger Conferred V

By EDWARD C. BURKS

William Manchester says that Arthur M. Schlesinger Jr. began conferring about the replace-ment of President Johnson as the 1964 Democratic candidate within 24 hours after the Ken-

nedy assassination.

The fourth and final installment of Mr. Manchester's "The Death of a President" in Look magazine, due on newsstands today, says that before Mr. Johnson served a day Schlesinger, the historian who was a member of President Kennedy's inner circle, was talking about Robert F. nedy, then the Attorney Gen-

eral, as the candidate in 1964. Mr. Manchester wrote that Mr. Schlesinger conferred with John Bailey, the Democratic National Chairman, and asked if it would be possible to keep the nomination from Mr. John-

son in 1964.

Mr. Schlesinger said yesterday in a telephone interview that Mr. Manchester's account was a "melodramatic distortion of a wholly academic conversa-

Diary Notes Quoted

Mr. Schlesinger continued:
"The entire reference in my
diary notes to my talk with John Bailey on Nov. 23, 1963,

is as follows:
"I talked to John Bailey this morning. I asked him whether regardless of merits, it might be technically possible to beat Johnson at Atlantic City. John said that it might be technically feasible but the variety would ly feasible, but the result would be to lose the election for the

Democrats. 'The trouble is that the Democrats seem likely to lose the election anyway. I fear that either Rockefeller or Nixon could beat Johnson in the big industrial states. But I suppose that Johnson is astute enough to recognize this, too, which means that he may be driven to an aggressive liberal pro-gram."

Mr. Schlesinger said his question to Mr. Bailey "was unac-companied by any urging that President Johnson be replaced, or by any expression of concern about his qualification, or by any supposition that he would be superseded by Robert Kennedy in 1964."

Mr. Bailey could not be reached either at his home or office in Hartford yesterday.

The Look installment also or by any expression of concern

says that misunderstanding and friction grew between President Johnson and Robert Kennedy, and between their supporters, during the first days in WashIMES, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1967.

With Aides on '64 Replacement for Johnson

ington after the assassination. Other Points Made

Other points made by Mr Manchester in the installment were these:

President Johnson told Dr. J. Kenneth Galbraith, an adviser and intimate of President Ken-nedy, of his plans to address Congress, saying: "I want to come down very hard on civil rights, not because Kennedy was for it but because I am for it. Keep in mind that I want a liberal policy because I'm a Roosevelt Democrat."

¶Mr. Johnson was convinced that Robert Kennedy had arrived late for his first Cabinet meeting to humiliate him. Further the new President felt that the late arrival while he was speaking had ruined the effect

of his remarks.

¶President Johnson made a tentative decision to have a "Texas commission" investigate the assasssination.

¶Secretary of Defense Robert S. McNamara confirmed to a journalist friend of the slain President that Mr. Kennedy had planned to make him Secretary of State if he won a second

¶Robert Kennedy, urged by Mrs. John F. Kennedy to see that the coffin was not open—
"It's the most awful, morbid thing"—first disagreed with her, saying: "It can't be done, Jackie. Everybody wants to see a head of state." But after viewing the body, Robert Ken-nedy ordered the casket closed because he objected to the cosmetics applied by the undertak-

"Harvard Lunch"

Mr. Schlesinger is reported to have taken up the 1964 election again the day after his talk with Mr. Bailey during a lunchwith Mr. Bailey during a lunch-eon that he arranged. Mr. Man-chester, calling it the "Harvard lunch," said it was attended by Mr. McGeorge Bundy and Dr. Galbraith, who, like Mr. Schles-inger, had been recruited by President Kennedy from the Harvard faculty. Harvard faculty.

Later, according to Mr. Man-chester, Dr. Gallwaith wrote in

his journal:

"Arthur [Schlesinger] was in trather poor mood. He was reacting far too quickly to the chemistry of the moment and was dwelling on the possibility of a ticket in 1964 headed by Bob Kennedy and Hubert Humphrey. This of course is fantasy, unless of course Johnson stumbles unbelievably or even then."

Mr. Schlesinger is quoted as having conceded some months later that the Government would have been paralyzed if everyone had behaved in those first days as he did.

M. Schlesinger said yester-

day:
"What Mr. Manchester describes as the 'Harvard lunch' took place the same day. Mr. Bundy was not present. Various persons not identified with Harvard-Walter Heller, William Walton and others—were pres-ent. My notes record no conver-sation at this luncheon regard-ing President Johnson and Ro-bert Kennedy in 1964."

Regarding the Johnson-Robert Kennedy relationship, Mr. Man-

chester wrote:

"It was understandable that Johnson would blame much of his frustration on Robert Kennedy. The Attorney General was symbolic of the past he had to overcome. It was also unfair.
A study of Bob Kennedy's
movements that day reveals
that virtually all his time was pre-empted by funeral preparations.

"A satisfactory solution of the situation was clearly impos-



Fabian Bachrach Arthur M. Schlesinger Jr.

President was being thwarted cerned with the institution of by something larger than any the Presidency, "played a valu-

The relationship from the history may award them the time of the 1960 convention higher grade." battle between Mr. Johnson and John F. Kennedy, Mr. Manchestic in its treatment of Presiter says, "had been repeatedly dent Johnson. Although he is damaged by misunderstandings portrayed as being somewhat

Sargent Shriver, President Kening made decisions to insure nedy's brother-in-law, interested continuity of the Government in an orderly change of Gov-ernment, tried to bring together Mrs. John F. Kennedy. the "loyalists" and the "re-the "loyalists" and the "realists" but was baffled when he tension between Mrs. Kennedy ran into what he called "a lot and her husband's successor.

"loyalists" The Schlesinger, according to Mr. Manchester, were "swept up in She said she'd move out [of the the mightlest current of emo- White House] as soon as she tion in their lives" and were could, and I said, 'Honey, you motivated by the desire, above stay as long as you want.'" As President Kennedy's body

able and difficult role - and

The installment is sympathetthat could usually be traced to this or that 'aide.'"

Mr. Manchester says that funeral, he is described as hav-

Mr. Johnson is quoted as having like Mr. said to an acquaintance:

"Jackie has been just great.

sible; the need for the Government to proceed was at odds with the Kennedys' grief. The "realists," like Mr. Gal-Washington, Mrs. Kennedy is quoted as having said to Mr. Johnson: "Oh, Lyndon, what an

awful way for you to come in." this news, according to Mr. Since a plot against the Government was still suspected, the new President is reported to have been advised not to walk behind the caisson bearing office.

Manchester, because he believed the report should be channeled through the Attorney General's mier of the Soviet Union, 10 days eften the against the

by the then Deputy Attorney of the 3-year-old boy's smart believed—a policy of control salute at his father's funeral. She is said to have told the your help."

take," Mr. Manchester writes, missed the salute, and in the phone interview: and was told by Mr. Fortas that past, his saluting had been the President also intended to release the forthcoming report by the Federal Bureau of In
"Somehow the mood and on everything that was said"

President Kennedy's body at the funeral.

But Mr. Johnson is quoted as having said, "Lady Bird told me daddy" to place in the casket, a determination that the world t I should do it so I changed my a description of how Caroline should not be blown up." ind."

President Johnson's plans for "scribble up and down" and the a Texas Commission, Mr. Man-astonishment of Mrs. Kennedy son will continue the policy in when she saw the photograph which my husband so deeply

Abe Fortas, the Washington boy, "John, you can salute lawyer closest to President Johnson, daddy now and say good-by to him" because she remembered Mr. Katzenbach described the how the boy loved to play sol-Johnson idea as a "ghastly mis-diers with his father. But she 19—Dr. Galbraith said in a tele-

She wrote: "I know that President John-

Comment by Galbraith

by the Federal Bureau of Investigation on the assassination
the moment it was ready. Mr.
Katzenbach reacted glumly to salute, Mr. Manchester wrote.