Harold Weisberg Hyattstown, Md. 20734 September 26, 1966

Editor, The Observer London, England

Pear Sir.

Lacking an address for Lord Devlin, I am writing you in the hope you will forward this letter to him. I wish I had the time for a longer comment, but I am busy with something the press has not indicated might be forthcoming, the first of the second wave of books about the Warren Commission. My book, WHITEWASH: THE REPORT ON THE WARREN REPORT, was the first of the first wave. It was completed in mid-February 1965, published in a limited edition that summer, and when I finally abandoned hope of normal publication, want into general distribution May 9 of this year. Despite its severe handicaps, it has sold more than 13,000 copies, with no advertising and but improvised distribution. It, I think I can fairly claim, is the book that broke the ice of the frozen taboo. Because of its success, which is really greater than the extraordinary sales figures reflect, I tentatively call the sequel WHITEWASH II: WHO DID IT. Here, again with only the official documentation, I think I make clear how such eminent and responsible men as those who were members of the Commission, could have put their names to such a document.

Because of the anticipated unwillingness of people, especially the responsible press, to consider the great error that the Report is, I restricted myself in the first book also to the official evidence. It is the only book to have done this. It includes everything of importance those later books fortunate enough to attract the commercial publishers have, and about twice as much content as all together have. You can learn this is not an author's immodesty by reading the book yourself. It has not been published in England, but in May I left a copy for your owner with Mr. Anthony Howard in advance of his planned visit to the United States. I have an agent in England, Mr. Gordon Harbord, 53 St. Martin's Lane, and I am confident he will make a copy available to you or Lord Devlin. The explicit conclusion of the book, that the job has not been done and must be, entirely in public and preferably by Congress, required wither the destruction of the serious disputing of each of the Report's major conclusions. This I believe I accomplished. You can judge for yourself.

Today's New York Times quotes Lord Devlin as saying in your edition of yesterday "the known evidence on the firing times left the possibility open (of a second assess in), but as he saw it, only a possibility, with no trace of affirmative evidence to support it." I think the answr is that Lord Devlin might not know all the evidence. I would also suggest that the question of firing time alone is not what bears on this question. I hope health have time to read all of my book, but failing that, perhaps he can read the related chapters, "The Number of Shots" and "The Doctors and the Autopsy".

May I also suggest a remerkable political immaturity characterizes much of the writing and criticism in this field. No one, and especially not Epstein, has addressed himself to the political realities of modern life and that of the busiest public servants. I had hoped my few comments on how such bodies function, in the Introduction would be sufficient for intelligent people. I fear I misjudged here. Epstein became the creature of one faction of the Commission's staff seeking self-justification. If he was unaware of this pitfall, his mentor, an experienced historian, should not have been. Lane even edits all the quositions from testimony to render the staff, save for its chelf, with who he had quarrelled, faceless. The importance of the staff in such bodies has been ignored by my competitors and our critics.

Soncerely yours,

British Critics Revive Debate on Warren Repor

By ANTHONY LEWIS Special to The New York Times

LONDON, Sept. 25 - The Warren Commission report on the assassination of President Kennedy is undergoing another round of scrutiny in Britain. Critics and defenders seem about equally divided.

The occasion for the revival of interest is the publication of two critical books already on as potent an instrument for the farket in the United discovering the truth as ex-States—"Inquest" by Edward ternally it appeared to be." Jay Epstein and "Rush to Judgment" by Mark Lane.

Mr. Epstein's complaint that the commission headed by Chief Justice Earl Warren did a hasty, inadequate job has won more support than any conspiracy theories - either his or the more fanciful ones or Mr. Lane.

Mr. Epstein, a Harvard doc-

was in an editorial for tomorrow's editions.

"All things markable job of work in dif- pecially Mr. Lane's. ficult circumstances and ex-

Epstein and Lane Prompt New Round of Scrutiny

Lord Devlin, one of the most respected legal figures in England, said in The Observer today that, in light of the Epstein book, the commission "was not

On the other hand, Lord of the political consequences."

Evidence Held Lacking

study of the Warren Commis-Oswald had fired at the Presi-Economist. Without it, he said, sion report as a master's thesis dent but thought there might the judgment will "never be at Cornell, Mr. Lane is a lawyer well have been a second satisfying or conclusive." toral candidate, undertook his commission that Lee Harvey

The comment Prof. Arthur I. Goodhart, orial for tomor-another eminent lawyer, writing in The Sunday Telegraph, considered the ridiculed both the Lane and Warren Commission did a re- Epstein books as worthless, es-

He recalled that Mr. Lane's treme pressure," The Times said.

However, in continued, "it is now clear" that the commission was evasive and devoid to chance, accident and impulse, and is by no means the scribed as "utter nonsense" a statement by Mr. Lane that Os-

Issues Raised in Books by would have had posthumous were lef counsel before an English royal a minist commission.

The only favorable review in the serious Sunday papers was the Rij critic.

He said in the Sunday Times that he was now convinced that the authorities investigating the assassination were unduly committed to the view that Oswald had committed the slay-ing alone. He called for another investigation by "some completely unprejudiced and fearless body.

Alistair Cooke, the long-time Devlin said Mr. Epstein had American correspondent of The not sustained his intimated Guardian, also was critical of charge that the commission had the Warren report. He said that "brought itself to shirk the it had "signally failed" to astruth because of its own fear certain the truth and that "this certain the truth, and that "this President or the next should convene another commission."

Mr. Epstein agreed with the dependent study was made by

and former Democratic Assemblyman from New York City.

Tonight The Times of London put he saw it as only a possision to reopen its inquiry and polity, with no trace of affirmation to reopen its inquiry and tive evidence to support it.

Bernard Levin, an often activities of dulous columnist in The Daily Mail, found both Mr. Epstein and Mr. Lane "shifty" in their handling of the evidence. He said they merely served those who refused to believe the report's conclusion "because the

truth is unbearable to them."
"The truth is," Mr. Levin
wrote, "that Lee Harvey Oswald killed President Kennedy though nobody told him to; and

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