KOHN IS PLACED IN PRISON HERE

Contempt Charged After Reply Is Refused

By EMILE LAFOURCADE

Aaron M. Kohn, managing director of the Metropolitan Crime Commission, was arrested late Thursday afternoon after being charged with contempt of court by Criminal District Judge Matthew Braniff.

After rendering his decision, Judge Braniff ordered criminal deputy sheriffs to "transfer Mr. Kohn forthwith to Parish Prison and that he is to stay there until such time as he is ready to answer the question put to him by the grand jury."

This is the fourth time Kohn has been cited for contempt. He served a 10-day sentence and paid a \$100 fine 12 years ago. His three previous citations also involved his refusal to give the names of informants.

It was shortly before 6 p.m. that the Orleans Parish Grand Jury convened in Braniff's court-room to question Kohn under oath.

The question which Judge Braniff was referring to was "Will you give us the name of the informant who told you Eugene Norman is presently conducting gambling operations in New Orleans?"

ARGUMENT ENSUES

A legal argument between counsel for the state and for Kohn followed, in which the defense claimed the court action was in violation of Kohn's rights under the first and fifth amendments of the U.S. Constitution.

Following this, the question was put to Kohn and he answered, "It is with great regret and



AARON M. KOHN Jailed for contempt of court.

on the advice of counsel that I cannot answer this question."

Braniff replied, "It is with great regret, Mr. Kohn, that I now inform you, you are in contempt of court." He gave Kohn a second chance and asked the question again, to which Kohn repeated his original answer.

Judge Braniff then said, "It is my duty to inform you that you are in contempt of court, and I sentence you under the last paragraph of Article 25 to be confined in Parish Prison until you are prepared to answer this question."

Defense attorney Milton E. Brener asked Judge Braniff for a stay of the sentence until 12:30 p. m. Friday so that he could prepare a bill to be presented before the state Supreme Court for a writ.

REQUEST DENIED

Judge Braniff denied the request and added, "How much

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longer is the judiciary of this city going to have to put up with this?

"If Mr. Kohn wants to play cops and robbers, he is going to have to come up with something in the way of proof, instead of making a sham of the judiciary.

"I have ruled. And I will be available at all times tonight if you care to reach me," added Judge Braniff. He then adjourned the court at 6:13 p. m.

Prior to adjournment, MCC president E. C. Upton asked to take the witness stand to testify.

After being sworn in, Upton said that the MCC is a private corporation and its regulations forbid making its documents and records public.

"Because of this," he added,
"I, as president of the Metropolitan Crime Commission,
request that Philip L. Frank
Sr. (an MCC member who
was also present in the courtroom) and I also be ruled in
contempt of court and placed
in Parish Prison."

Braniff retorted in a heated tone, "It appears that the Metropolitan Crime Commission is trying to make a joke out of the judicial system," whereupon he dismissed Upton.

Upon leaving the courtroom, Upton said: "The court's action is a sorry illustration of the city fighting the people, especially with the high rate of crime in New Orleans."

Asked if he thought the court's action was malicious, Upton replied, "What other reason would there be for a situation like this?"

Minutes later Kohn was ushered by deputies from an office

adjacent to the courtroom to the information to the crime combuilding elevators on the second mission. floor of the Criminal Courts He also claimed that a "key

lice power do you expect to be a judge. But he declined to harassed."

Asked if he felt he was being court. treated unjustly, Kohn said, "I think I will let the public judge for itself in this matter."

phone lines from Tulsa, Okla. Court has ruled. and Baton Rouge.

\$30,000 for gambling convictions.

He is presently free pending scope. appeal.

During its morning session, the grand jury questioned State Police Supt. Thomas Burbank and Sgt. Jerry Lankford in connection with Dist. Atty. Jim Garrison's organized crime investigation.

Lankford, a member of the In March-April, 1955, Kohn investigator.

were directed by a grand jury zens' investigating committee. subpena to appear at 3 p.m. Thursday.

Courts building about 2:40 p.m. New Orleans Police Department. and said that "former and pres-ent members of Dist. Atty (Jim)

assistant" to Garrison gave in-During the short trip, Kohn formation that Garrison had said, "Only when you fight po- evidence of criminal conduct by name the judge or reveal his

JUDGE CONSULTED

Kohn entered the jury room at 3:50 p.m. but came out a short A Eugene Anthony Nolan of time later when assistant dis-New Orleans and Baton Rouge trict attorneys and Kohn's atwas convicted in Houston in torneys had to consult Judge 1966 for using an electronic de-Braniff on whether the sub-vice to foil long distance tolls penas were "similar to" those and for transmitting interstate previously issued on them and gambling information on tele-upon which the State Supreme

The earlier subpenas were is-As of August 1967, he was sued on the MCC members and under sentences totaling 10 the commission's records, but years in prison and fines of the supreme court ruled the subpenas were too wide in

> After the consultations ended, Kohn re-entered the jury room at 5:15 p.m. and remained inside a half hour. This session was apparently heated as raised voices could be heard through the closed door of the jury room in the adjacent hallway.

New Orleans Police Depart-served a 10-day sentence in ment's vice squad, has been on Parish Prison and paid a \$100 loan to the MCC as a special fine for similarly refusing to divulge the name of a police of-Kohn, Upton, Frank and MCC ficer who provided confidential secretary James W. Mills Jr. information for his special citi-

The citizen group-created by the City Council-was probing Kohn arrived at the Criminal alleged widespread graft in the

The preceding grand jury cited Kohn for contempt for re-Garrison's staff have supplied fusing to answer similar questions, but the action was thrown out as not being valid by criminal district court Judge Frank T. Echezabal. The judge ruled the citation procedure was not properly followed, and the instrument was signed only by the grand jury foreman.

At that time, Kohn, who was also then director of the Metropolitan Crime Commission, said, 'I believe it to be my legal and moral duty to the community, to the cooperating person involved, to all cititzens who must be encouraged to assist their government, and to my own professional integrity, to withhold the name of the confidential source."

COURT RULES

The Louisiana courts ruled that there is no state law under which the names of informants may be withheld from grand juries or courts.

In August of 1955, Kohn was convicted of contempt of court for refusing to answer questions in the case of two policemen, who were acquitted of bribery charges.

Sentenced to 10 days in jail, \$100 fine, plus another 10 days for default of payment, Kohn appealed the contempt ruling all the way to the United States Supreme Court, which refused to review a Louisiana Supreme Court ruling upholding his conviction.

Gov. Robert F. Kennon granted a stay of the jail term pending the decision of the highest court. In December, 1955, the Pardon Board recommended against requiring Kohn to serve the new sentence "as an act of mercy," and Gov. Kennon sanc-tioned the move.

Thursday night Parish Prison Warden A. J. Faulkenstein said Kohn had been issued a prison uniform and had been

placed in a third-floor individual

"He's by himself," Faulken-stein said, "and the cell is not in a cell block.

"He appears to be comfortable. He had red beans and I rice for supper."

Shortly before 10 p. m. Thursday, after about four hours of confinement, Kohn was allowed to use the phone G for an interview.

"I think it is significant," C8
Kohn said, "that a year ago sa Jim Garrison flatly denied the no existence of organized crime in re New Orleans. And then Life Magazine made a liar out of him. He still denied it, but the said he'd use the grand jury

to investigate. to "When we attempted to give in the grand jury information, we were blocked by the tactics of ne Garrison and his staff.

"I think it is interesting that po in Garrison's investigation into cle organized crime, only one per- wo son has been sent to prison and Vi that is me."

Kohn also criticized the grand Vi jury, saying that the jury only ca spent a féw minutes questioning to Carlos Marcello, while it spent de some 12 hours with him, resulting in his conviction.

There is a need for a cold ai look at Jim Garrison's pur-tu poses," Kohn added, "when " racketeers get gentle treatment and citizens' efforts against crime are discouraged by prosecution."