Here is another case where Liebeler knew of a men identified as Oswald but not Oswald was associated with the assassination in some way, was associated with rifles, or was in Oswald territory and taken to be Oswald, and left the investigation hanging. The "second employee" is Curtis Crowder, interviewed 12/18/63 by FBI SA Maurice WHIte ( 26H456). Next to the FBI report on him is one defamining another witness in the case of the False Oswald, one who is amply confirmed by another who was present. But the defemetory report is printed. What is not is the FBI report on its interrogation of the principal witness. Robert Adrian Taylor. That Liebeler left out, and Taylor he failed to call as a witness. According to Sylvia Meagher, who made an index to the Commission's printed materials, this interview with Taylor is in none of the 26 printed volumes. He here, perhaps, was a clue to the identity of a man who looked like Oswald and lived near him and his family and who had a business relationship wit uth Paine Emelion Varher Price

told no one that she intended to make such a trip. Moreover the friend added, according to the FBI interview report, that Mrs. Hunter has "a strange obsession for attempting to inject herself into any big event which comes to her attention" and that she "is likely to claim some personal knowledge of any major crime which receives much publicity." <sup>664</sup> She concluded that "the entire family is aware of these 'tall tales' Mrs. Hunter tells and they normally pay no attention to her." <sup>665</sup>

Another allegation relating to the possible ownership of a second rifle by Oswald comes from Robert Adrian Taylor, a mechanic at a service station in Irving. Some 3 weeks after the assassination, Taylor reported to the FBI that he thought that, in March or April of 1963, a man he believed to be Oswald had been a passenger in an automobile that stopped at his station for repairs; since neither the driver nor the passenger had sufficient funds for the repair work, the person believed to be Oswald sold a U.S. Army rifle to Mr. Taylor, using the proceeds to pay for the repairs. However, a second employee at the service station, who recalled the incident, believed that, despite a slight resemblance, the passenger was not Oswald. Upon reflection, Taylor himself stated that he is very doubtful that the man was Oswald.

Rifle practice.—Several witnesses believed that in the weeks preceding the assassination, they observed a man resembling Oswald practicing with a rifle in the fields and wooded areas surrounding Dallas, and at rifle ranges in that area. Some witnesses claimed Oswald was alone, while others said he was accompanied by one or more other persons. In most instances, investigation has disclosed that there is no substantial basis for believing that the person reported by the various witnesses was Oswald.

One group of witnesses, however, believed that they observed Lee Harvey Oswald at the Sports Drome Rifle Range in Dallas at various times from September through November of 1963. In light of the number of witnesses, the similarity of the descriptions of the man they saw, and the type of weapon they thought the individual was shooting, there is reason to believe that these witnesses did see the same person at the firing range, although the testimony of none of these witnesses is fully consistent with the reported observations of the other witnesses.

The witnesses who claimed to have seen Oswald at the firing range had more than a passing notice of the person they observed. Malcolm H. Price, Jr., adjusted the scope on the individual's rifle on one occasion; 650 Garland G. Slack had an altercation with the individual on another occasion because he was shooting at Slack's target; 651 and Sterling C. Wood, who on a third date was present at the range with his father, Dr. Homer Wood, spoke with his father and very briefly with the man himself about the individual's rifle. 652 All three of these persons, as well as Dr. Wood, expressed confidence that the man they saw was Oswald. 652 Two other persons believed they saw

Ripht

\* person resembling Oswald firing a similar rifle at another range

For Irving 2 days before the assassination.664

Although the testimony of these witnesses was partially corroborated by other witnesses, 665 there was other evidence which prevented the commission from reaching the conclusion that Lee Harvey Oswald was the person these witnesses saw. Others who were at the firing range semembered the same individual but, though noting a similarity to severally did not believe that the man was Oswald; 666 others either were unable to state whether the man was Oswald or did not recall seeing anybody who they feel may have been Oswald.667 Moreover, when interviewed on December 2, 1963, Slack recalled that the individual whom he saw had blond hair,668 and on December 3, 1963, Price stated that on several occasions when he saw the individual, he was wearing a "Bulldogger Texas style" hat and had bubble gum or chewing tobacco in his cheek.669 None of these characteristics match those known about Lee Harvey Oswald.

Moreover, the date on which Price adjusted the scope for the unknown person was September 28, 1963, but Oswald is known to have been in Mexico City at that time; 670 since a comparison of the events testified to by Price and Slack strongly suggests that they were describing the same man,671 there is reason to believe that Slack was also describing a man other than Oswald. In addition, Slack believed he saw the same person at the rifle range on November 10 672 and there is persuasive evidence that on November 10, Oswald was at the Paine's home in Irving and did not leave to go to the rifle range. 673 Finally, the man whom Price assisted on September 28 drove an old car, possibly a 1940 or 1941 Ford. 974 However, there is evidence that Oswald could not drive at that time, and there is no indication that Oswald ever had access to such a car. e75 Neither Oswald's name nor any of his known aliases was found in the sign-in register maintained at the Sports Drome Rifle Range, though many customers did not sign this register. ere The allegations pertaining to the companions who reportedly accompanied the man believed to be Oswald are also inconsistent among themselves err and conform to no other credible information ascertained by the Commission. Several witnesses noticed a bearded man at the club when the person believed to be Oswald was there, although only one witness thought the two men were together; \*\*\* the bearded gentleman was located, and he was not found to have any connection with Oswald.679

It seems likely that the identification of Price, Slack, and the Woods was reinforced in their own minds by the belief that the man whom they saw was firing a rifle perhaps identical to Oswald's Mannlicher-Carcano. The witnesses agreed that the man they observed was firing a Mauser-type bolt-action rifle with the ammunition clip immediately in front of the trigger action, and that a scope was mounted on the rifle. These features are consistent with the rifle Oswald used for the assassination. The witnesses agreed that the man had accurate

aim with the rifle.682

MY. LERBELLES. AN WHISE CHUNCILY MY FOR YOUR Mr. Smrn. I am a drive attendant. I work the driveway. Mr. Laurence. What did you do prior to the time that you went to week! the Shell station? Mr. Smirn. I was an income tax consultant. Mr. Lieseten. Worked in Dallas? Mr. SMITH. Yes. Mr. Liebeten. How long were you engaged in that? Mr. Smirk. Just through the tax months, from January 1 to the 15th of Mr. Liebeles. What do you usually do? Do you usually work service Mr. SMITH. Yes. Mr. LIEBELER. How old are you, sir? Mr. SMITH. Fifty-three. Mr. Liebeler. Are you a native of Texas? Mr. SMITH. Yes. Mr. Liebeler. Have you lived all your life in Dallas? Mr. Smith. No. I have been here since 1936. Mr. Liebeles. Where did you live prior to that time? Mr. Smith. Shawnee, Okla. Mr. Liebeles. Were you born in Oklahoma or born in Texas? Mr. SMITH. Born in Texas. Mr. Lieberge. Then moved to Oklahoma? Mr. SMITH. Moved to Oklahoma. Mr. LIEBELER. Then moved back to Texas? Mr. Smrth. Moved back to Texas. Mr. Liebeter. Do you know one Robert Taylor? Mr. SMITH. I think I do. Mr. Liebeler. How long have you known him? Mr. SMITH. Since I went to work, since the 25th of April 1963. Mr. LIESELER. Is Mr. Taylor also employed at the Shell station where worked? Mr. SMITH. Well, I don't know if he is going to be let out or not. He is sick, and I understand that Mr. Smith has hired another man, which I know got a man working. I don't know if he is going to let Robert come back. Mr. LIEBELEE. But Mr. Taylor did work at the Shell station from at beau April of 1963, up until sometime when he became ill, is that correct? Mr. SMITH. He was working there when I went to work, and he woetthere steadily. Mr. LIEBELES. He became ill? Mr. Smith. Yes. Mr. Lieseles. Approximately when did he get sick? Mr. SMITH. He has been off a week and a half now. He went home was Saturday a week ago. Mr. Liebeles. He hasn't been at work since that time? Mr. SMITH. Well, he come back and worked 3 hours last Friday and beto go home again. Mr. Liebeles. What kind of work does Mr. Taylor do at the station? He is is he a driveway attendant? Mr. SMITH. No; a mechanic. Mr. Liebells. You actually have a shop there at the Shell station? Mr. SMITH. We do minor repairs, no major, just minor repair. Mr. LIEBELER. How old is Mr. Taylor, do you know, possibly? Mr. SMITH. I think he is 49. I believe he told me he is 49. Mr. Lierelee. Did you ever have any discussions with Mr. Taylor about man who Taylor thought might be or was Lee Harvey Oswald? Mr. SMITH. No, sir; I did not. I heard Mr. Taylor, if I may tell you this-Mr. Liebeles. I want you to tell me what you know about it. Mr. SMITH. There was an FBI man called out and talked to us, and I hear Mr. Taylor tell him between customers now, I was just catching little words and not enough to make very much sense, but I did hear him tell that he had traded a rifle or bought a rifle or something from Oswald. 10H 400

him. He had been through there but I thus the second of th

Mr. SMITH. Yes, sir.

Mr. LIEBELER. And you didn't recognize him?

Mr. SMITH. No. sir.

You see, sir-to my knowledge, I have never seen he or his wife.

Mr. LIEBELER. Did you hear Mr. Taylor discussing this rifle that he bought from this fellow, before the FBJ fellow talked to him?

Mr. SMITH. No.

Mr. LIEBREER. Do you remember whom the FWF man come to the station? Would that have been in about the windle of Sweensher of 1963?

Mr. SMITH. I'd be afraid to commit mywelf. I don't remember when he was there. It's been about 2 or 3 months ago or summithing like that.

Mr. Liebeles. Do you remember the man's name?

Mr. SMITH. No : I don't.

Mr. LIEBELER. Would it refresh your recollection if I suggested that his name was Morris J. White? Do you remember that was his name or don't you remember?

Mr. SMITH. I don't remember.

Mr. LIEBELEE. Don't you remember that you told the FBI agent that you had heard conversation that Taylor had purchased a rifle from some customer, and that that customer was thought by Taylor to be Lee Harvey Oswald? Didn't you tell that to the FBI agent?

Mr. SMITH. No. sir.

Mr. LIEBRIER. You did not?

Mr. Smrrm. No, sir; absolutely not. I am absolutely positive.

Mr. Liebeles. The first time you ever heard anything about this rifle that Taylor was supposed to have purchased was when the FBI agent was interviewing Taylor, isn't that your statement?

Mr. Smith. That is right.

Mr. LIEBELEE. You never heard anything about it from Taylor or anyone else prior to that time?

Mr. Smith. No. sir.

Mr. LIEBELES. Did you discuss this question of the rifle with Taylor after the FBI agent was there?

Mr. SMITH. Nothing more than he took me that let's see now, Bob said he had traded a rifle, said that is about all. We were busy, and he said he traded a rifle, and that was the day that he showed the picture to me, the picture that the FBI man showed me, and that was all that was said about it.

Mr. Liebelks. Taylor told you afterwards that the FBI agent had showed him a picture and this picture was supposed to be a picture of Oswald?

Mr. Smith He showed both of us the picture.

Mr. LIEBELEB. He showed both of you the picture?

Mr. SMITH. Yes.

Mr. Liebbler And Taylor that you after the FBI agent left that the picture that the FBI agent showed you was a picture of the man from whom Taylor had purchased the rifle, is that correct.

Mr. SMITH. He told the FB1 man that. He didn't tell me that after he left, but he definitely told him that in my presence. I heard him.

Mr. LIERRIEM. Did you have any discussions with Taylor after the FBI agent left about this question?

Mr. SMITH. No. sir.

Mr. LIERRIER Did you have any discussions with anybody else about it?

Mr. SMITH No. str

Mr. Liessier Did you ever see the rifle that Taylor supposedly purchased from this man?

Mr. SMITH. No.

Mr. Liebelen. Did Taylor ever tell you what kind of rifle it was?

Mr. SMITE. No. sir.

Mr. Liebelks. And you never heard from anybody what kind of rifle it was? Mr. Smirh. I never heard anything about it at all.

mark. A mayor smow him until I went to work there. Just by work with him, that is all.

Mr. Larners. You never associated with him outside of work? STARTED TO ALL

Mr. Sarra. No. sir; I badn't.

Mr. Lieutan. Have you ever formed any opinion as to Taylor's truthful or his reliability?

Mr. Smrra. I think he is truthful, and I think he is reliable.

Mr. Liesener. You don't think he would tell the FBI agent that he was rifle from this fellow if he didn't in fact get a rifle from this fellow?

Mr. Surra. I don't. I sure don't.

Mr. Liebeler. Do you know where 2515 West Fifth Street is in Irving, Tex. V Mr. SMITH. Yes.

Mr. Liebezze. Have you ever been there?

Mr. Smrrn. I have taken a lady home that lived there, to bring a cas seed to service it.

Mr. Lieuwan. Can you remember approximately when that was?

Mr. Smrth. Oh, we serviced her car quite often. What I mean, washes and greased it, and she comes in occasionally now, but not like she used to.

Mr. Liengler. Have you gone to her house more than once to bring the back to the station?

Mr. SMITH. To the best of my knowledge, I believe three times.

Mr. Largeren. Were all of these times prior to the assassination?

Mr. SMITH. Yes, sir.

Mr. Lieuzure. Can you remember approximately when the first time was you took this lady home to her house and brought the car back to the station?

Mr. SMITH. Well-

Mr. Lieuwien. Do you remember now that you first started to work for station in the last of April 1963? Can you remember approximately how after that it was when you first went to this address on Fifth Street?

Mr. SMITH. I sure don't.

Mr. Lienzier. You have no idea?

Mr. SMITH. No.

Mr. Liebeler. A month, or 2 months, or just don't remember?

Mr. SMITH. Possibly 2 or 3 months, something like that.

Mr. Liebeles. Ever have any conversation with this lady during the time that you drove with her back to her house?

Mr. Smirn. Nothing more than just passing the time of day. The only this she made the statement one time, the first time I took her home, that she a little child and she said the baby, he could speak Russian better than could English. That is the first time I knew there was any Russian blood there

Mr. Lacusties. Did she tell you they were Russian, or just told you the Miles child could speak Russian?

Mr. SMITH. That is all she told me.

Mr. Liebeler. That the child could speak Russian better than English?

Mr. SMITH. Yes.

Mr. LIEBELER. Did you ever see anyone other than this lady and her children at the house on Fifth Street in Irving?

Mr. SMITH. No, sir.

Mr. Lieberge. Did you actually go into the house on any occasion?

Mr. Smrth. I helped her. I carried some groceries in her house one tia-She had a carload of groceries, and I helped her put them in the house.

Mr. Liebetter. Do you remember how many children were with her at that time-

Mr. SMITH. Three, I believe.

Mr. LIEBELER. Three children?

Mr. SMITH. Yes.

Mr. Lieuzzez. Did you make any judgment as to approximately how old the were? Did it appear to you that they were all her children, or weren't the ageso that it seemed to you that maybe one was the child of somebody else?

Mr. Smith. I had an idea they were all hers. They were approximately looked like spaced out about a year or year and a half apart, something like that.

better than she could speak English ?

Mr. SMITH. The baby.

Mr. Liebetter. The youngest one?

Mr. SMITH. The youngest one.

Mr. Lussman. Do you remember hearing this young baby speaking Reminn?
Mr. Smrrn. I did, but I didn't know what she was talking shout. I couldn't

understand it, and that is the reason she told me that.

Mr. Linzuna. Did anybody star squak Russian to the child?

Mr. SMITH. No.

Mr. Liennen. Did you hour the indy speak Russian?

Mr. SMITH. No, I didn't.

Mr. Liesanza. Did the other two children speak Russian?

Mr. SMITH. They didn't do no talking.

Mr. Lieber.en. In either English or Russian; is that right?

Mr. SMITH. No.

Mr. Liebeles. Could you describe this lady for us?

Mr. Smith. She is a slender woman, tall, slender woman; has very nice personality, and that is about all that I can say for her. She didn't do much talking either.

Mr. Liebeler. Did she ever make a statement to you that she was Russian herself?

Mr. SMITH. No. sir.

Mr. LIEBELER. She just indicated to you that the little baby spoke Russian better than English, is that right?

Mr. SMITH. That's right.

Mr. Lieberga. Did she tell you how it came to be that baby spoke Russian?

Mr. SMITH. No. Mr.

Mr. Liebezen. You didn't ask ber?

Mr. Smith. I didn't ask her.

Mr. Liebeles. Were you curious about that?

Mr. SMITH. Yes; I was. I went back to the station and talked to the boss about it. I told him, "I believe those people are Russian people living down there," and he said why, and I told him about the lady telling me the little fellow spoke Russian better than English. And they were curious about it, but nothing was ever said. We didn't say anything to her, because she just come is and got gas and that was all. She never did talk much or anything.

Mr. Leebeles. Did you ever learn what this lady's name was?

Mr. SMITH. No; I did not.

Mr. Liebeles. And you don't know what it is today?

Mr. SMITH. I do not.

Mr. LIEBELER. Was this child a boy or girl, or could you tell?

Mr. SMTH. I don't know. I never paid any attention to it. I don't know if it was or not.

Mr. Laures wa. You couldn't tell whether it was a boy or girl?

Mr. SMITH. Well, I didn't know, because I didn't notice. I didn't pay any attention whether it was a boy or girl.

Ordinarily, when I take a car home out there, I try to get there and back as fast as I can and I don't pay any attention other than the house number and what time it is supposed to be delivered.

Mr. LEEBELEE. What kind of car did this lady have?

Mr. SMITH. It is a station wagen. I believe a Plymouth.

Mr. LIEBELER. Approximately what year?

Mr. SMITH. About a '53 or '54.

Mr. LIEBELEE. Are you sure it is a Plymouth, or could it be some other car?

Mr. Smith. No; I am not positive. It is either a Plymouth or a Chevrolet. I am not positive.

Mr. Liebele. Have you ever seen this lady at any time other than when she brought her car to the gas station to have it serviced, or when you took her to her house?

Mr. SMITH. No, sir.

Mr. Limet.za. Was there ever anyone with this lady other than the children at any time?

Mr. SMITH. No. sir.

Mr. LIEBELER. Did you ever meet this lady's husband?

Mr. SMITH. No. sir.

Mr. Leebeler. Did you ever hear anything about him?

Mr. SMITH. No. sir.

Mr. LIEBELER. Did you ever hear that they were separated from each other?

Mr. SMITH. No. sir.

Mr. Liebeles. When you went into the house this first time to take the groceries in, as I understand it, that was the time when the youngest child was speaking Russian, is that correct?

Mr. SMITH. That's right.

Mr. LIEBELER. When you went into the house, you brought the groceries into the kitchen, is that correct?

Mr. Smrrn. No; I set them down in the living room. She told me to put them on the coffee table, and I did.

Mr. Lieseles. Did you at that time see anything that would indicate to you that there was someone else in the house?

Mr. SMITH. The house was awfully dirty. Boy, I never saw such a mess in my life. Things were on the floor, clothing and papers and everything else.

Mr. Liebeler. Did you have any idea when you went into the house with her that there might be someone else in the house or was someone there in the house when you came in?

Mr. SMITH. No, sir.

Mr. Liebelle. Could you tell one way or the other? You didn't see into the bedrooms, did you?

Mr. SMITH. No. sir.

Mr. Liebelle. There could have been someone else in the bedrooms and you wouldn't have seen them?

Mr. SMITH. There could have been.

Mr. Liebella. The lady didn't speak to anybody or call out when she came into the house to anyone else?

Mr. SMITH. No. sir.

Mr. Liebelle. This lady never indicated to you that this child that spoke Russian was not, in fact, her own child, did she?

Mr. SMITH. No, sir.

Mr. Liebeles. You always assumed it was this lady's child?

Mr. SMITH. That's right.

Mr. Liebeler. I want to show you five different pictures that have been marked in a previous procedure as Commission Exhibits 451, 453, 454, 455, and 456. I want you to look at them and tell me if you have seen the individuals depicted in these pictures at any time?

Mr. SMITH. [Looking] No, sir; I sure don't recognize him.

Mr. Liebeles. You don't recognize any of these?

Mr. SMITH. I don't ever remember seeing him.

Mr. Lieseler. I show you another photograph which has been marked previously as Pizzo Exhibit 453-B. It is a picture of several people, but one of the individuals has been indicated by a green mark on the face of the photo and I ask you if you have ever seen that individual, to the best of your knowledge?

Mr. SMITH. No, sir; I do not recognize him.

Mr. Liebeles. I show you another photograph which has been marked previously as Pisso Exhibit 453—C and ask you if you have ever seen that individual, to the best of your knowledge?

Mr. SMITH. No, sir; I haven't.

Mr. Lieseles. I asked you before, did I not, whether you have ever seen this rifle that Mr. Taylor told you he had purchased?

Mr. SMITH. I have not seen it.

Mr. Lieseles. I don't think I have any more questions, Mr. Smith, If you can think of anything that you know that you think the Commission might be

interested in, whether I have asked you about it or haven't asked you, I would appreciate it if you would indicate that.

Mr. SMITH. Well, I don't think I have a thing in the world, because actually I didn't know Oswald or his wife, either one. I don't ever remember assing them.

And I do want to tell you this. At the time President Kennedy was assessinated, I thought this woman who lived on Fifth Street, right after it happened, I thought that was his wife simply because of her saying that this child spoke Russian and the police arrested Oswald, and I figured in my own mind that this was his wife, but it turned out differently, and that is the only thing that I learned about.

Mr. Liesezz. You learned that it wasn't this lady's husband that was involved,

by reading the newspapers, is that correct?

Mr. Smirs. Yes, sir; and as far as if this lady that lived on Fifth Street had a husband, I have never seen a man around there at all, and I have never seen a man with her. Ordinarily, just human nature would cause a man and his wife to be together sometime.

Mr. Lienzan. But you have never seen this lady with her husband?

Mr. Smith. I have never seen her with a man.

Mr. Liebeler. I want to thank you very much, Mr. Smith, for coming in, I appreciate it.

Mr. SMITE. I wish there was something I could do, but I don't know a thing in the world I could help you with, I believe.

Mr. Liezza. Thank you. I appreciate it very much.

## TESTIMONY OF W. W. SEMINGSEN

The testimony of W. W. Semingsen was taken at 11 a.m., on March 31, 1964, in the office of the U.S. attorney, 301 Post Office Building, Bryan and Ervay Streets, Dallas, Tex., by Mr. Wesley J. Liebeler, assistant counsel of the President's Commission.

Mr. Lung.an. Please rise and raise your right hand.

Do you solemnly swear that the testimony you are about to give will be the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, so help you God?

Mr. SEMINOSEN. I do.

Mr. Lieberter. Please be seated. Mr. Semingsen my name is Wesley J. Lieberter. I am a member of the legal staff of the President's Commission which has been appointed to investigate the assassination of President Kennedy. The staff counsel have been authorized by the Commission to take testimony pursuant to authority granted to the Commission by Executive Order 11130, dated November 29, 1963, and joint resolution of Congress No. 137.

I believe that Mr. Rankin wrote you a letter last week telling you we would be in touch with you to take your testimony, and he sent that letter along with copies of the Executive order and joint resolution of Congress, as well as a copy of the Commission's rules of procedure relating to the taking of testimony is that not correct?

Mr. SEMINGSEN. Yes; I received Mr. Rankin's letter.

Mr. Liebeles. We want to inquire of you today concerning the possibility that Lee Harvey Oswald received money order telegrams through the offices of Western Union here in Dallas, or possibly in Fort Worth or Irving, and also briefly as to a money order telegram sent by Jack Ruby to an associate of his on November 24, 1968.

Mr. Liebeler. Before we get into the details of that, would you state your full name for the record?

Mr. Seminosen. My name is W. W. Semingsen.

Mr. LIEDELEE. By whom are you employed, sir? Mr. SEMINGSEN. The Western Union Telegraph Co.

Mr. Liebeles. In what capacity are you employed?