Wesley Liebeler took a deposition from Western Union employee C.A. Hamblen the day after he deposed Dean Andrews. Andrews identified Uswald as in association with homosexuals among his clients. In taking the deposition from Hamblen, a very short one he cut very short because, he said, Hamblen was not feeling well, Liebeler avoided all reference to the content of a telegram allegedly sent by Oswald and the person to whom it was allegedly sent, which is one way of investigating Oswald and the assassination. He avoided all reference to the Lewis confirmation, which adds the identification of a men of "feminine" type. He avoids all reference to the return of this men with identification cards, Navy and library, both of Which Uswald had (and one counterfeiting him would have). He avoids all reference to the payee being at the Dallas YMCA, where Oswald had been, and to his gaving been accompanied by a "man of Spanish descent", again in accord with Dean Andrews' testimony. Thus there is nothing in the testimony to reflect that this telegram was sent to the Secretary of the Navy, consistent with a report to UNI: that it was sent at aproximately the time Oswald's time is not accounted for, the weekend he did not go to Irving. and that again, there is a confirmatory suggestion that it was an Oswald look-alike rather than Uswald. And what is missing in all this testimony and the documents in the 26 volumes is any assurance that the file of messages is complete, that one of more may not have been removed. They are not identified by serial numbers. As Sylvia Meagher points out, in assailing him over a triviality of a news story, which is not an integral part of the story, Liebeler avoids the essence of what Hamblem reported. This indilent was not entirely ignored in the Report. The nature of the intent of Liebeler's handling of the Hamblen deposition is clear in the Report, where there is no reference to an Uswald look-alike (R332), and indefinite statement that "Hamblen did not recall with clarity the statements he had previously made", which can refer to but a single thing not mentioned in the Report, whethhe had said something to a correspondent named Fenley) and is otherwise 100% inaccurate, and the inherent statement that a thorough investigation was made, which is not the case. Not only was Hamblen, the source, not quateioned about it, but the very obvious question, had the Navy files been searched, remains. There is no indication the Navy file was searched or even that a request for it to search was made of the Navy. Even so, the Report, presumeably Liebeler, cannot avoid partial acknowledgement, drugdingly and unfairly represented, of confirmation of one of the incidents and the broad suggestion that it involved the Felse Oswald. Under "Sumors and Speculations", the Report again alludes to this, again defaming Hamblen, and again using tricky language to misrepresent it (Was unable to state whether or not the person he has seen was Lee Harvey Oswald), as though a False Uswald were not important.

CA-HAMBLEN

The testimony of C. A. Hambler was taken at 2:50 p.m., or July 22, 1261, in the office of the U.S. attorney, 301 Post Office Building, Bryan and Bryan Streets, Dallas, Tex., by Mr. Wesley J. Liebeler, assistant counsel of the President's Commission.

My. Lieugen. You may remain scated. Will you raise your right hand? Do you solemnly swear that the testimony you are about to give will be the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, so help you God?

Mr. HAMBLEN. I do.

Mr. Liebeler. My name is Wesley J. Liebeler. I am an attorney on the President's Commission investigating the assessination of President Kennedy. I have been authorized to take your testimony by the Commission pursuant to authority granted to it by Executive Order 11130, dated November 29, 1963, and the joint resolution of Congress, No. 137. You are entitled under the rules of the Commission governing the taking of testimony of witnesses to have an attorney present, should you wish. I understand that you are present pursuant to a subpens that was served on you some days ago by the U.S. Secret Service, and I presume since you don't have an attorney with you at this time, you are prepared to proceed with your testimony without an attorney?

Mr. Hammen. I don't need an attorney. You might wish to make a little

correction. This should be C. A. Hambles instead of C. R.

Mr. Liesezza. Your name is C. A. H.a.m.b.i.o.n?

Mr. HAMBLEN. That's right.

Mr. Limmera. How old are you?

Mr. HAMRIAN. I will be 50 in December.

Mr. Linearen. You are comployed by the Western Union Telegraph Co.; isn't that right?

Mr. HAMBLEN, Yes.

Mr. Linnezen. How long have you worked for them?

Mr. Hammes. It will be 38 years the 6th day of August.

My. Limiter. I want to come right to the point in this deposition. I think you know basically the remain we have asked you to come over. It is my understanding that you had a conversation with a newspaper reporter by the name of Bob Fenley shortly after the assassination, in which you told him, in substance, that you thought that a man who you thought looked like Lee Oswald had been in your office and had either sent a telegram or cashed a money order telegram that he had in his possession; in that correct?

Mr. Habencaw. Not empethy.

Mr. Linners. What is it exactly?

Mr. Hannard. During that time, I came in contact with ineverseper convergence from all over the world. In my years of service to the company, I have a classical the contacts of a telegram, who they were addressed to who they were from ar anything pertaining to them.

I dim't think I told Mr. Punley that a Lee Cavald had been in them, herewas talking with those correspondents. I wouldn't divnice any patron coming into the telegraph office in seasch of any of our services, money orders, telegrams, collateral services, collection services, anything that we have to office. I believe there is some intumderstanding on Mr. Penley's part there. Perhaps I did tell him that I thought I had men someone that looked like the man that I saw over television.

Mr. Lieberge. Do you remember-

Mr. HAMBLER. I thought he was the assassinator.

Mr. Liesman. Do you remember talking to Mr. Fenley about this?

Mr. Hammen, I don't remember telling anyone that, of anyone filing a telegram with us. I remember talking with Fenley, but I wouldn't disclose any information.

Mr. Lienzen. What did you say to Fenley?

Mr. HAMBLEN. Just in general conversation like I would with Wes Wise or any of the other reporters that I come in contact with.

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Mr. Lieberge. Didn't you tell Fenley that you thought you had seen somebody

that reminded you of Oswald in your office?

Mr. HAMBLEN. Yes; I did tell him that I had saw Oswald. I may have to him that. I don't recall what all was said—as many of those correspondent that I talked to during that period of time. Then the employees under me, we never discuss any telegrams unless it is necessary for them to ask me to pass upon a telegram so it could be transmitted.

Mr. Liebeler. Do you remember telling Fenley that when you saw the picture of the alleged assassin on television, that he looked very much like a man that

had caused you a hard time on several instances in your office?

Mr. Hamblen. I don't remember telling Fenley anything like that.

Mr. Liebeles. Do you remember signing a statement to that effect for M: Wilcox on December 2, 1963, and I show you a copy.

Mr. HAMBLEN. That I told Fenley that I saw that man in there?

Mr. Liebeler. Yes.

Mr. HAMBLEN. I told Wilcox that I thought I saw him, but I don't think told Fenley.

Mr. Liebeler. Read the first paragraph of that statement.

Mr. HAMBLEN (reading). I don't think I told Fenley that. I remember tell ing Mr. Wilcox that I thought a party had been in there that resembled Oswale on several different occasions.

Mr. Liebeler. Well, now the statement that I have shown you here, which is Wilcox Exhibit No. 3005, is a copy of a statement that you signed on Decem ber 2, 1968, isn't it? That is your signature?

Mr. HAMBLEN. Yes; that is my signature.

Mr. Liebeler. Could I have it back, please? Now, that statement says, a I quote:

"I was in conversation with a reporter at the counter and remarked to he that I was watching my TV, enjoying the Ernie Ford show, when word we flashed that the President had been shot and that I thought to myself what coincidence it was that I recognized the picture of the accused gunman where I recognized it when he was slain in jail. He asked me how I could remember so vividly the photo and my answer to him that the picture was or was the spit image of a party that had caused me a hard time on several instances as his transactions of business within the past several months. (Mr. Bob Fenies was the reporter.)"

Mr. Hamblen. Well, now, if I gave Bob any information like that, I dow recall it now. I might have at the time that I wrote the statement.

Mr. Liebeler. Now you had several conversations with Mr. Wilcox above this whole matter over a period of time?

Mr. HAMBLEN. Yes.

Mr. Liebeler. Mr. Wilcox and the company conducted a thorough invess gation of the files?

Mr. HAMBLEN. I am sure they did.

Mr. LIEBELER. And tried to find the telegrams that you thought this met that was in there may have sent; isn't that right?

Mr. HAMBLEN. Yes.

Mr. Liebeler. Were you able to find them?

Mr. HAMBLEN. I wasn't able to detect any one.

Mr. Liebeler. After this investigation was made, Mr. Wilcox showed vo these telegrams that you have associated or thought might be associated with Oswald?

Mr. Hamblen. They were brought to me in the presence of Mr. Wilcox and the vice president of the company in charge of this investigation.

Mr. Liebeler. You weren't able to identify any of those telegrams as having been sent by this man you thought looked like Oswald; isn't that right?

Mr. HAMBLEN. That's right. And I think I am pretty good on recognizing handwriting after handling as many as I have over those years of time.

Mr. Liebeler. To the best of your recollection at this time, do you think that Lee Oswald was ever in your office?

Mr. Hamblen. I wouldn't say that it was Lee Oswald. I would say it was

someone that resembled him from the picture that I had seen in the paper and on TV.

Mr. Liebeler. But you aren't able to state positively that it was Lee Oswald?

Mr. HAMBLEN. No, sir.

Mr. Liebeler. Now, I show you a photograph that has been marked Pizzo Exhibit No. 453-A, and ask you if you can see anybody in that picture that you think might have been the man that was in your office that we have been talking about.

Mr. HAMBLEN. No. sir.

Mr. Liebeler. I show you a picture that has been marked Bringuier Exhibit No. 1, and ask you if you recognize anybody in that picture.

Mr. HAMBLEN. No, sir; I do not.

Mr. Liebeler. Do you recall specifically that Mr. Aubrey Lee Lewis at one time in the fall of 1963 had some trouble paying somebody a money order because this fellow expected to get the money order without proper identification; that you became involved in this and helped Mr. Lewis handle it?

Mr. HAMBLEN. Yes, sir; I did.

Mr. Liebeler. Do you remember what the fellow looked like?

Mr. Hamblen. No; I can't tell you what he looked like.

Mr. LIEBELER. Do you know if it was Lee Harvey Oswald?

Mr. HAMBLEN. I wouldn't say that it was.

Mr. LIEBELEB. Do you think he resembled Oswald in any way?

Mr. Hamblen. No; I don't. Different ways people dress and everything, they come in one time and we pay them money orders and the next time they come in we hardly recognize them. I remember it was a very small money order, too small to quibble over. I can't remember where it was from. I know it was under \$10, I know that.

Usually I pay people without identification when it is a small money order, which the clerks are not allowed to do. They have to get my permission before they can make payment on a money order where a person is unable to furnish proper identification. But on small amounts, I take it upon myself to assume the responsibility, hoping that I will pay the right man.

Mr. Liebeler. After looking at this picture that we have looked at, and after reviewing your recollection, you are not able to identify any of the people who you saw in your office during that period as being Lee Harvey Oswald, isn't that a fact?

Mr. HAMBLEN. No, sir.

Mr. LIEBELER. Am I correct in assuming that you are quite certain that Oswald was not a regular customer, in any event? He was never coming into your office at regular intervals, is that correct?

Mr. Hamblen. Well, I wouldn't say Lee Oswald came in there at regular intervals. We have patrons that visit us sometimes once a week, sometimes half a dozen times a week. If it was him, he was very infrequent. I will say if it was him, he wasn't there over three times, that I recall.

Mr. LIEBELES. There was a fellow that you thought resembled Oswald to some extent that did come in on occasion, or at least two or three times, but you are not able to positively state that it was Oswald?

Mr. HAMBLEN. No. sir.

Mr. Liebeler. Am I correct in understanding that in your discussions with Mr. Wilcox and with the other officials of the company, you did the best that you could to straighten this whole matter out and determine whether it was Oswald or not?

Mr. HAMBLEN, I certainly did.

Mr. LIEBELES. You were unable, after working with Mr. Wilcox, to pin down any of these telegrams or money orders that would indicate that it was Oswald?

Mr. HAMBLEN. That is correct.

Mr. Lieseler. Now, specifically, I show you a picture marked "Pizzo Exhibit No. 453-C," and ask you if that looks like that man who was in your office.

Mr. HAMBLEN, No; I wouldn't say that that was the man that was in there. No resemblance.

Mr. LIEBELER, I want to cut your testimony as short as I possibly can, because