R.F.Kennedy seeks Garrison before end Robert Kennedy that sold

'There are guns between me and the White House:" Robert Kennedy to Jim Garrison.

On Tuesday evening, June 4, just one hour before the polls closed in the California primary, I was being interviewed in Washington, D.C. by John Hightower over television station WFAN. I was asked why Robert Kennedy appeared to accept the findings of the Warren Commission. For some months I had been aware of conversation between emissaries from Robert Kennedy to New Orleans District Attorney Jim Garrison, (Since the confidence was not originally shared with me, I am not at liberty to reveal the names of the emissaries. However, should Garrison be asked for that information by the press, it is conceivable that he might reveal the names.) Yet I felt that it would be unfair to breach a confidential relationship while the primary campaign proceeded.

It was quite plain however, that as the last primary was about to end and that no remarks that I made in Washington could reach California in time to influence any voters, my revealing the confidential exchanges could not affect the primary result.

Accordingly I answered the question frankly and disclosed the nature of the various meetings between Garrison and Robert Kennedy's representatives. Over a period of several weeks, two different emissaries had arrived in New Orleans. Each had sought out Jim Garrison: each stated that he was carrying a message from Robert Kennedy; each was known by Garrison to be associated with Robert Kennedy; each carried almost the identical message; each said that Robert Kennedy did not believe the conclusions of the Warren Commission and agreed with Garrison that a conspiracy had taken the life of President Kennedy,

Robert Kennedy, they said, would investigate the assassination of his brother thoroughly if he were elected president and would vigorously prosecute those responsible. The essential purpose of the visits was to "reassure" Garrison that despite his public utterances, Robert Kennedy very firmly held a different private view.

Garrison asked why Senator Kennedy felt it necessary to suppress his dissent, Each emissary answered with the same phrase: He (Robert Kennedy) knows that there are guns between him and the White House.

Garrison pointed out that John Kennedy had not been assassinated during the compaign but long after his election. This was proof, Garrison added, that the presidency offered no immunity from an assassin's bullet.

Garrison said: "The lesson of

Garrison said: "The lesson of November 22 is very clear. Any man who wishes to dismantle the war-machine and who appears to be in a position to do it will have his head blown off in the middle of an American city."

Garrison said that the only defence was a full and open assault against the assassins and full disclosure of the role played by the Central Intelligence Agency.

Garrison pleaded with the emissaries to convince Robert Kennedy that his life was more endangered by his silence than it would be by his public disclosure of the known facts.

Robert Kennedy had said that if he lost the California primary he would withdraw from the presidential campaign. Clearly there would be no reason to kill him unless he won, Minutes after his victory was assured in California he was executed.

Ramsay Clark, the attorney general of the United States, immediately stated that there had

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Kennedy

seeks

Garrison

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adding that Dr. King's lone killer "was on the run" and that his arrest would be made "immade a substantial effort to con-tribute to national tranquility by der of Dr. Martin Luther King and appeared not at all embar-rassed when, some days later, try the assassins may have fled. did not know even to which counit became apparent that Clark minently." As the months passed, phenated word, 'no-conspiracy') (he thinks of it as a single hynot include the word "conspiracy" whose vocabulary evidently does to assassinate Dr. King. Clark, Starvo Galt" with "conspiracy" the F.B.I. formally charged "Eric been no conspiracy in the mur-Galt, or as he was later iden-

tice. Several days after the mur-der of Dr. King, according to a Novak and Evan's column, at a conference at the Department of Justice Clark was asked about umn revealed, that he knew his public statements were false but he felt that they would help restore calm to the country. his public statements following picked up quite coincidently by the British authorities on two unrelated charges and not at all because of the efforts of the the murder. He replied, the col-F.B.I. or the Department of Justified as James Earl Ray, was

new cabinet position is created, Clark would be an obvious can-didate for Secretary of Tran-quility, but that he is quite ob-viously out of place at the Deis supposed to be a factor, partment of Justice where truth The thought occurs that if a

thorites in this area makes it apparent that the American peo-ple will have to look elsewhere cord complied by the federal au-The long and dishonorable re-

in seeking to discover the mean-ing of the assassination of Ro-bert Kennedy.

Two weeks ago, when I con-fronted Arthur Schlesinger, Jr.

the death of Robert Kennedy, Sch-lesinger appeared on the Today show and was asked by its host, Hugh Downs, whether he believed it was possible that a conspir-Kennedy, Martin Luther King and Robert F. Kennedy. Schlesinger replied that it was certainly posacy took the lives of John F, cations of the questions were "lunitic." However, shortly after angrily replied that the implideath of John F. Kennedy, he answered questions about the who was then campaigning for Robert Kennedy with the un-

nedy's body from Los Angeles to New York. While the press headlined and featured those aspects of Vanocur's comments which it felt most important, such as who slept next to the coffin at what hours, very deep into the story were those obsible and that he believed that the matter must be explored. While this subject has not been publicly discussed by members of the Kennedy family, Sander servations which appear most Vanocur, an NBC correspondent, was abord the presidential jet that carried the members of the relevant, Kennedy family and Robert Ken-

had assassinated John and Ro-bert Kennedy and Dr. King, They were considering the possibility of a conspiracy and indicated that they were not sure that Lee others aboard the plane, the Harvey Oswald killed John Ken-nedy, Said Vanocur about the plane and particularly Senator Edward Kennedy were very angry about "the faceless men" who Vanocur said that those on the

plane." of inhibitions,

equally for the evil times that had come upon us.

While it is true that the air and the rivers have been thospirits. Everywhere the representatives of the news media spoke of guilt that we all share hope that they might alter it and exorcise from it the evil tions to the atmosphere in the hope that they might alter it demons. They offered incantation but in the spirit of medieval alchemists, the elders of the society inveighed against vague possibility of thinking as well, dently not having considered the this is "a time to mourn," evimodern devices for communica-On television, utilizing the most In the meantime, the New York Post advised in its headline that

that atmosphere which caused the death of John Kennedy or alists over the years, it is not and the rivers have been tho-roughly polluted by our industridiscussions indicated "that there's a kind of pattern, face-less men - that's the phrase

going to comment on anything anyone said happened on the airthing was private and that is how we intend to keep it. I am not sures. He said: "Everyone who nedy's press secretary, com-mented upon Vanocur's disclowas there as a reporter. the basis of friendship. No one was on the plane was there on wicz, who had been Robert Kenfrom public positions regarding these tragedies. Frank Mankiethe Kennedy family have been able to separate their private seen how well the members of itas" which is no less true when anguish and grief rob the human four and a half years we have There is a phrase "in vino ver Yet for the past Every-

at the hands of the Central Intel-ligence Agency, Robert Kennedy will not be the last public of-ficial to be assassinated unless ficial to be assassinated unless the full truth regarding all of to remain unsolved. An unsolved and unpunished assassination of a public official is an inviguilty. Those guilty are those who planned these deaths, those who executed the plan and those nedy was not the first to die tation to more. John F. Kenof Dr. King or of Robert Ken-nedy. We are not all equally who have permitted these crimes events is made public.

federal courts are moving in a direction which indicates a committment to imprison Garrison case. Not content with that, the from trying Clay Shaw, a man charged with conspiracy to as-sassinate President Kennedy. The tison from proceeding with the an injunction that prohibits Garfederal government has issued veal the efforts of the rederangovernment to prevent Garrison The efforts and distorted his evidence. Yet the press has ridiculed his district attorney of New Orleans, man with both the inclination and the ability to do this. He is the There is in this country the members press has refused to reof his staff.

mere imprisonment. Yet knowing this, he pushes relentlessly on. We are not all equally guilty. should he ever be permitted to initiate the actual prosecution, the consequences to him may be more grave than the threat of native available, for his life has been threatened repeatedly and the most pleasant personal alter-For Carrison this might be

are not all equally guilty.