MITCHELL QUITS: NOMINATION GOES TO KLEINDIENST

Attorney General to Leave March 1 to Direct Nixon Presidential Campaign

SENATE FIGHT FORESEEN

FEB 1 + 1972 Confirmation Hearings May Focus on Deputy's Views on Law and Liberty MYTIMES_

> By FRED P. GRAHAM Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15-Attorney General John N. Mitchell resigned today to direct the President's re-election campaign, and Mr. Nixon immediately nominated Deputy Attorney General Richard G. Kleindienst to succeed him.

The nomination of Mr. Kleindienst, a law-and-order conservative, set the stage for another lively Senate confirmation battle. Mr. Mitchell's resignation is effective March 1.

A repetition of a now-familiar Senate Judiciary Committee drama, with liberal Democrats questioning a Nixon nominee closely about his views of civil liberties and Federal power, is expected to unfold when the confirmation hearings being on

However, initial statements by Democratic Senators indicated that a struggle similar to the earlier ones over Mr. Nixon's Supreme Court nominees was not likely. They stressed that the President must be given wida latitude in selecting his cabinet.

New Deputy Selected

L. Patrick Gray 3d, an Assistant Attorney General in charge of the Justice Department's-civil division, was named by Mr. Nixon to succeed Mr. Mieindienst as Deputy Attorney General. The Judiciary Committee will hold joint hearings on the two nominees, beginning at 10:30 A.M. on Feb. 22.

Shortly after the White House announced Mr. Mitchell's resignation this morning, he issued a statement explaining that he had quit "to be able to participate in the campaign for the re-election of the President."

He added that, "I sincerely believe that whatever abilities I possess should be dedicated to the undertaking that will be most beneficial to the American people this year-namely the re-election of President Nixon."

Four years ago Mr. Mitchell withdrew from his Wall Street law firm, where he had been a law partner of Mr. Nigon's, to direct his successful election

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campaign. In recent weeks Republicans across the country began to clamor for a return of Mr. Mitchell's decisive and authoritative campaign leader-

His resignation was reportedly delayed by a dispute within the Nixon Administration over the controversial Mr. Kleindi-

Election Year Fears

Some of Mr. Nixon's advisors argued that because Mr. Kleindienst had been an outspoken proponent of the Justice Department's hard-line prosecu-torial approach, his Senate hearings would be an occasion for an election-year re-hashing of some of the Nixon Administration's most controversial policies. Mr. Mitchell urged Mr. Kleindienst's nomination.

Mr. Kleindienst was quoted as saying that he would resign if someone else were given the top Justice Department position. There were also reports that he had told Mr. Nixon that he would not avoid the Senate struggle by functioning, as Acting Attorney General until after the elections.

Senator Birch Bayh, Indiana Democrat who has been in the forefront of the earlier confirmation disputes, suggested today some of the issues that will be raised against Mr. Kleindienst.

The Senator cited "his very callous attitude in the whole area of civil rights," his attempts to "prevent newspapers and magazines from printing critical comments," and "the whole thing about law and order requiring bugging and spying on citizens.'

Hart Hints Approval

The nominee is also expected! to be questioned about his decision not to oppose the merger of the Warner-Lambert Company-a client of Mr. Nixon's and Mr. Mitchell's former law firm-with another giant drug

company, Parke, Davis & Co.; the Committee to Re-elect the his delay in reporting a \$100,- President is housed on the fer from a man later convict- third floor. ed of bribery, and his role in The Washington office of

Senator Bayh said, however, that the scutiny need not be

Senate should go along with the limelight of official Washit unless the nominee has a ington.

moral defect." He added that If Mr. Nixon wins again it is he knew of no moral defect considered unlikely that Mr. in Mr. Kleindienst.

Senator Jacob K. Javits, New Attorney General job. York Republican who has voted against three of Mr. Nixon's House press secretary, said that Supreme Court nominations, Mr. Mitchell's long-expected

Arizona native, first appeared noon. Its contents were not reon the national political scene as campaign director for Sena- A "Dear John" letter from tor Barry Goldwater's Presi- Mr. Nixon was released, in dential drive in 1964.

ner has made him a popular against crime and lawlessness. figure among Justice Depart-ment personnel but has earned him some enemies on Capitol Hill, where some officials consider him excessively blunt.

This afternoon Mr. Kleindienst and Mr. Gray the man chosen the resignation with "utmost to replace him, appeared brief-regret" compensated "by a

Mr. Kleindienst called it a and all Americans.'
"personally sad day for me"
because of the resignation of
Mr. Mitchell, "the greatest At. Mayor Lindsay torney General that the Depart- statement yesterday on the apment of Justice has had in its pointment.

100-year history." He said he "President Nixon has done was "amazed" and "deeply the impossible." the Mayor flattered and sincerely hum- said. "He has chosen someone bled" by the day's events.

Long Nixon Loyalist

Mr. Gray, 55, was a career liberties than John Mitchell." naval officer who met Mr. Nix-on at a party here in 1947 and became a devoted Nixon politician," he added. "He is an Navy in 1960 and here in 1947 simply another law-and-order politician," he added. "He is an Navy in 1960 and here architect of the Additional Politician in 1960 and here architect of the Additional Politician in 1960 and here architect of the Additional Politician in 1960 and here architect of the Additional Politician in 1960 and here architect of the Additional Politician in 1960 and here architect of the Additional Politician in 1960 and here architect of the Additional Politician in 1960 and here architect of the Additional Politician in 1960 and here architect of the Additional Politician in 1960 and here architect of the Additional Politician in 1960 and here architect of the Additional Politician in 1960 and here architect of the Additional Politician in 1960 and here architect of the Additional Politician in 1960 and here architect of the Additional Politician in 1960 and here architect of the Additional Politician in 1960 and here architect of the Additional Politician in 1960 and here architect of the Additional Politician in 1960 and here architect of the Additional Politician in 1960 and here architect of the Additional Politician in 1960 and here architect of the Additional Politician in 1960 and here architect of the Additional Politician in 1960 and here architect of the Additional Politician in 1960 and here architect of the Additional Politician in 1960 and here architect of the Additional Politician in 1960 and here architect of the Additional Politician in 1960 and here architect of the Additional Politician in 1960 and here architect of the Additional Politician in 1960 and here architect of the Additional Politician in 1960 and here architect of the Additional Politician in 1960 and here architect of the Additional Politician in 1960 and here architect of the Additional Politician in 1960 and here architect of the Additional Politician in 1960 and here architect of the Additional Politician in 1960 and here architect of the 1960 an Navy in 1960 and, having ob-Navy in 1960 and, having obtained a law degree at night "no-knock" and preventive deschool here, went into private practice. He served as an executive assistant in the Department of Health, Education and Welfare before moving to the Justice Department in 1970.

Mr. Mitchell's resignation made him the eighth member of President Nixon's Cabinet to depart. He will move only about 150 yards from the White House gates, to 1701 Pennsylvania Avenue, where

the Government's hostile reac-the former Nixon-Mitchell law tion to some protest demon-firm, Mudge, Rose, Guthrie and Alexander, is right above on the fourth floor.

as close as in the case of a to Washington he used to speak When Mr. Mitchell first came frequently of his desire to re-Senator Philip A. Hart, Mich-turn to his law practice. But in igan Democrat, who has also the last year he has not been opposed recent Supreme Court heard to talk this way, and nominations, said, "If the Pres- his wife, Martha, has given ident says he needs him, the every indication of enjoying

> If Mr. Nixon wins again, it is Mitchell would take back the

Ronald L. Ziegler, the White said that he would "give the resignation had come in the nominee, whom I know well, form of a handwritten letter every consideration." ery consideration." that he gave the President in Mr. Kleindienst, a 48-year-old his Oval Office yesterday afterleased.

which he praised Mr. Mitchell His gregarious, earthy man- as "the leader of our fight He thanked Mr. Mitchell for his "consistently wise" advice and counsel, which he said was of "immense value to me throughout our Administration.'

Mr. Nixon said he accepted ly at the Justice Department for sense of personal and heartfelt picture-taking.

Lindsay Assails Move

Mayor Lindsay issued

as Attorney General who may well be even less committed to individual rights and civil

"Richard Kleindienst is not tention legislation and its retreat on civil rights."