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## State Denies Interference In Chile Vote

The State Department said| Bray was asked if any such yesterday that "any ideas of instructions were given. thwarting" Chile's election processes "were firmly rejected" by the Nixon adminis- ined these memoranda," Bray tration in 1970.

That disavowal broke two days of administration silence on published charges that the State Department, the International Telephone Agency tried to prevent Marxist Salvadore Allende from becoming president of Chile.

By the form of its denial, the State Department, in effect, sought to disassociate the Nixon administration from any current or subsequent charges concerning the propriety of actions by ITT or any other non-governmental group.

The Senate Foreign Relations Committee is contemplating an investigation of ITT and other giant, multi-national conglomerates.

State Department press officer Charles W. Bray said,"Any ideas of thwarting the Chilean constitutional processes following the election of 1970 advocated trying to stimulate were firmly rejected by this administration."

some charges predate the 1970 memos blame the State Deelection of Allende, Bray said partment for failing to take a the denial also applies to that stiffer position in Chile. Anperiod. But when reprters derson also said ITT offered asked whose "ideas" were "re- the White House money "up to jected," Bray replied, "I will seven figures" to block Alleave you to draw your own lende. conclusions."

It would be "customary" for per activities. the United States to reexamine its relations with a nation terday President Nixon's refwhen there is a change of government, State Department of on's latest report to Congress. ficials conceded. But "what The President said the United matters," said Bray, is "what happened as a policy decision ...

what was considered and "rejected."

who aired the charges conreported that according to ITT days vacation. memoranda from Santiago, the State Department in Sepward Korry for "maximum au- government's "very serious" military intervention) to "keep fairs during the presidential Allende from taking power." campaign of 1970."

"I think those who examreplied, "will have to come to the conclusion that they contain a great deal of what could be described as opinion and hearsay . . ."

When reporters pressed for more direct response, Bray said, "I am not going to get into a dissection of the communications to and from Santiago during that period."

On Wednesday, Bray said, Secretary of State William P. Rogers assured the Senate Foreign Relations Committee that "the United States government did not engage in improper activities in Chile."

The denial, said Bray, applies to the CIA as well. Bray added, "I don't wish to associate the government with suggestions that there were or might have been that kind of activity."

The documents made public by Anderson stated that ITT "economic chaos" to keep Allende from taking office, but When newsmen noted that when no crisis developed, the

ITT has denied any impro-

Bray read to newsmen yeserences to Chile in Mr. Nix-Sates deals "realistically with governments as they areright and left," and pursues a Bray declined to discuss policy of "non-intervention."

Chilean Ambassador Orlando Letelier called yester-Columnist Jack Anderson, day on Acting Secretary of State John N. Irwin. Rogers is cerning ITT and the CIA, also reported to be taking a few

They met for an hour and 15 minutes, and a Chilean emtember, 1970, gave a "green bassy spokesman later said light" to U.S. Ambansader Ed that Letetter expressed his thority to do all possible, short concern about "the alleged inof a Dominican Republic-type tervention by ITT and the action" (a reference to U.S. CIA in Chilean internal af-