## ITT, From A1

## Flanigan Can Talk, White House Agrees By Sanford J. Ungar Prot 4/19/12

Washington Post Staff Writer

In an effort to save the nomination of Richard G. Kleindienst as Attorney General, the White House backed down yesterday and agreed that presidential aide Peter M. Flanigan may testify before the Senate Judiciary Committee.

Flanigan sent an early morning letter to committee Chairman James O. Eastland (D-Miss.), saying he "would welcome the opportunity to appear and testify" in the committee's probe of whether the settlement of antitrust cases against the International Telephone and Telegraph Corp. was related to ITT's pledge of at least \$200,000 to help bring the Republican+ Convention to San Diego.

But the economic adviser to President Nixon insisted that "the scope of my appearance" be limited to his role in soliciting an independent financial the President, had cited its analysis on the ITT cases and a "group meeting" he attended with ITT President Harold S. Geneen.

Despite that restriction, Flanigan's offer to testify represented an abandoning by the White House of its claim that Flanigan's actions were protected from inquiry by the doctrine of "executive privilege."

Presidential Press Secretary Ronald L. Ziegler said at a



PETER M. FLANIGAN ... may testify

White House briefing that Mr. Nixon had never formally invoked that doctrine, although John W. Dean III, counsel to major precepts in a letter to the committee last week rejecting the initial invitation for Flanigan to testify. The Flanigan agreement

was also a victory for Sen. Sam J. Ervin Jr. (D-N.C.), who, along with other influential senators, had threatened to block a vote on the Kleindienst nomination until Flanigan testified.

See ITT, A6, Col. 1

Ervin contended that executive privilege, while it covers conversations between presidential aides and the President, does not extend to the contacts between aides and third parties.

In a closed meeting yesterday afternoon, the committee voted 12-to-1 to accept Flanigan's conditions on his appearance. Only Sen. Edward M. Kennedy (D-Mass.) dissented.

The committee sent a message back to Flanigan, however, stressing that it felt that all questions related to the ITT settlement and the convention contribution would be in order.

After a long debate, the senators also agreed not to ask Flanigan any questions relating to his conversations with the President or presidential assistants.

Pending Flanigan's reply to that message, he was tentatively set to testify Thursday, the last currently scheduled day of hearings on the Kleindienst nomination.

In the same executive session yesterday, the committee voted 7-to-6 against testing the White House further by "inviting" presidential aide William Timmons to testify under similar conditions.

Eastland sided with six Republicans on the committee to turn back the request for Timmons, which was proposed by

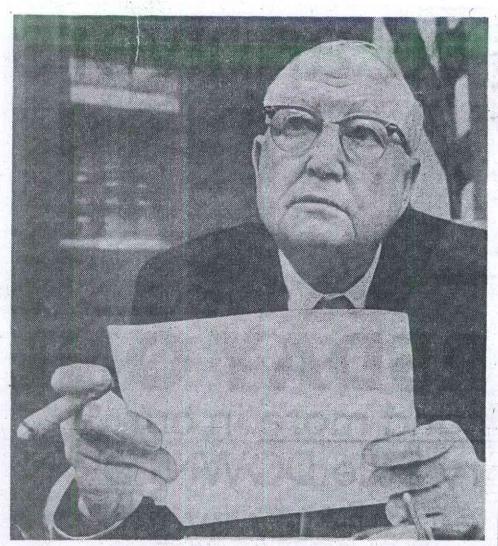
Sen. John V. Tunney (D-Calif.). Timmons' name had been mentioned during the hearings in connection with telephone calls between the White House and ITT's Washington office, during which the exact size and nature of ITT's convention committment reportedly was discussed.

Another principal in those phone calls, former White House staffer Jack Gleasonnow an outside consultant to ITT-is scheduled to testify before the committee today. Also slated to appear today is California Lt. Gov. Ed Reinecke, who was allegedly active in the early efforts to bring the GOP convention to San Diego with ITT support.

Presidential press secretary Ronald L. Ziegler insisted yesterday that the turnaround on Flanigan's appearance was not prompted by a feeling that Kleindienst might otherwise fail confirmation.

But Sen. Edward J. Gurney (R-Fla.) told reporters that "there was a change of heart because of the nomination itself, which was in jeopardy."

Gurney predicted that the committee would learn little from Flanigan, because "his role was very minimal."



Senate Judiciary Committee Chairman James O. Eastland holds a letter from

Associated Press

House work in general.

Ervin acknowledged yesterder to protect a broad inter-years. pretation of executive privi-

righteous man.""

from his earlier position that ings. TT officials.

ed that the questioning of Senate Republicans and Jus- gal campaign contributions. Kleindienst's chances.

day that "I have talked to all former Attorney General John Henry E. Petersen's testimony fluence at the White House. I vice, in order to rescue Kleintold them it was foolish" to dienst, who served him as Dep-

Sources close to the Committee for the Re-election of the mine." "If I were running the President have said that Mit-White House by myself," Ervin chell has hardly had any time down here to say, 'I am a campaign director for Mr.

of San Diego defend his con-him.

Flanigan's letter indicated, The Washington Post learned, duct in quashing a subpoena that he had been contacted by yesterday that the White House of a prominent California Re-"several members of the Ju- change of heart resulted in publican during a 1970 indiciary Committee" who stress- part from intense pressure by vestigation of allegedly ille-

Peter M. Flanigan in which the presiden-

tial aide agreed to appear before panel.

him would not necessarily be tice Department officers who |"I felt that my decision was stretched to cover his White had become pessimistic about correct then, and I still do now," said Steward, rejecting One Senate source said that Assistant Attorney General listen to me and have any in- N. Mitchell contributed his ad- last week that he had been conduct.

Steward acknowledged that risk Kleindienst's defeat in or- uty Attorney General for three Frank Thornton-to whom the subpoena was directed - "is and was a good friend of

Steward insisted that it was not "necessary on proper" to added, "I would send Timmons to devote to his new role-as call Thornton before a special grand jury, rather than in-Nixon-because of his preoccu- vestigating the campaign con-However, he backed down pation with the Senate hear- tribution through the "normal channels" of the Internal it could also be necessary to In an open session yester- Revenue Service. He said he hear from John Ehrlichman, day-the 19th day of the re-was concerned about "pub-Mr. Nixon's chief domestic opened hearings on the Klein-licity" in the case and after a policy adviser, and other presi- dienst nomination - the Ju- private visit to Thornton's ofdential assistants who re- diciary Committee heard U.S. fice, to inspect his records portedly met privately with Attorney Harry D. Steward "saw no need" to subpoena