KleindienstPosition On Death Penalty Surprises His Staff

By Sanford J. Ungar Washington Post Starr Writer

When Attorney death penalty for certain tion if convicted. "premeditated, cold-blooded" lot of people who work for up an aircraft, if they knew him at the Justice Depart- they faced the death penalty ment.

116/13

In fact, even as Kleindienst ing apprehended. was outlining the proposal at a news conference, testimony was being prepared for an assistant attorney general to take quite a different position when he testifies before a Senate subcommittee next week.

A draft of the testimony being circulated at the department yesterday has Roger C. Cramton, outgoing chief of the Office of Legal Counsel, opposing a requirement that capital punishment be applied whenever someone is convicted of airplane hijacking.

Skyjacking was one of the crimes-along with kidnaping, decision last summer that the assassinating a public official, death penalty, because it is killing a prison guard and now unevenly applied, is bombing a public buildingthat Kleindienst said was appropriate for the mandatory death penalty.

The Attorney General predicted that legislation along those lines would be sent to Capitol Hill by the Nixon administration this year and that if passed by Congress, it would be constitutional.

But Cramton is now scheduled to tell the Aviation Subcommittee of the Senate Commerce Committee that this could aggravate, rather than relieve, current law enforcement problems.

Cramton declined yesterday to discuss his testimony before sion proposes a two-stage trial Wednesday's hearing, but Justice Department sources involved in the developing administration policy on the death penalty said that the assistant attorney general would alty in any instance where the probably make these points jury-in the second stage-

General|tional problems for the United Richard G. Kleindienst an-States, since some nations will nounced Thursday that he fa- refuse to extradite a defend. vors instituting a mandatory ant who faces certain execu-

· Some skyjackers might federal crimes, he surprised a take more lives, or even blow and were on the verge of be-

 In some instances there would be no less serious crimes with a skyjacker could be charged, so that a jury would be faced with the narrow choice of condemning him to death or setting him free.

John W. Hushen, chief of public information for the Justice Department, insisted that press reports had exaggerated the Attorney General's position.

He said that Kleindienst was only discussing "part of our consideration" of how to react to the Supreme Court's "cruel and unusual punish-ment" in violation of the Eighth Amendment.

But the consensus in the top echelons of the Justice Department appeared to be that there was still no definite policy on the issue. Some said Kleindienst had been confused about what is currently, regarded as the administration's most likely recommendation.

The department's Criminal Division is working on the administration contribution to a congressional revision of the entire federal criminal code.

As now drafted, sources said, the administration verin any capital case, one stage for guilt and one for punishment. It includes a "mandatory feature" that would require the death penabout the death penalty in skyjacking cases: It might create interna-disregard of human life."