THIRD STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

J. Stanley Pottinger Assistant Attorney General



SEGNER

DATE: March 31, 1976

Hobert A. Murphy Chief Criminal Section Criminal Section

Re: Martin Luther King, Jr. Review

I recommend against reopening the assessination investigation because there is no evidence that the Eureau had anything to do with the shooting of Dr. King. While I believe that serious invasions of the privacy of Dr. King and many others occurred as a result of the Bureau's activity, I do not recommand that any action be taken against any individual for the rollowing reasons: (1) if criminal acts occurred, the statute of limitations has long since expired; (2) no one has filed a civil suit against the Department or the Bureau, in spite of much publicity about the Bureau's activities, so no decision peed be made as to what position the Department might take; (2) no Bureau comployee who was a section chief or higher who was involved with the King case still works for the Bureau so we disciplinary action need be taken. (4)

T recommend against a public report by the Department of the appointing of a "blue ribbon" committee. The Church Committee hat largely performed that function and the risk of adversely affecting the reputations of many people is too great. I certainly recommend against my report being made public (x)

It is clear that steps must be taken to change Rureau procedures to prevent anything like this from ever happening again. The Department was seriously at fault in not supervising the Bureau. I have certain ideas in mind about necessary changes that we can discuss but I have not set them out here because I believe that most, if not all, are being considered by one or more of the study groups and task forces the Attorney General has established.





REPORT EXHIBIT

REPORT OF SENATE SELECT COMMITTEE ON INTELLIGENCE

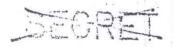
- I. Introduction (pp. 1-11) (w
- II. The COMINFIL Investigation is Opened: October 1962 (pp. 12-23) (
- III. Concern in the FBI and the Kennedy Administration Over Allegations of Communist Influence in the Civil Rights Movement Increases, and the FBI Intensifies the Investigation: October 1962 - October 1963. Introduction and Summary (pp. 24-26)
 - A. The Justice Department Warns Dr. King about Advisors A and B January June 1963 (pp. 26-34) (w)
 - B. Allegations About Dr. King During Hearings on the Public Accommodations Act and the Administration's Response: July 1963 (pp. 31-37) (
 - C. The Attorney General Considers a Wiretap of Dr. King and Rejects the Idea: July 1963 (pp. 37A-40) (L)
 - D. The Attorney General Voices Concern Over Continuing FBI Reports about King: July August 1963 (pp. 41-44)
 - E. The FBI Intensifies its Investigation of Alleged Communist Influence in the Civil Rights Movement: July September 1963 (pp. 45-57)
- IV. Electronic Surveillance of Martin Luther King and the SCLC (2)
 Introduction and Summary (pp. 58-59)



- A. Legal Standards Governing the FBI's Duty to Inform the Justice Department of Wiretaps and Microphones During the Period of the Martin Luther King Investigation (pp. 60-62)/(1)
- B. Wiretap Surveillance of Dr. King and the SCLC (pp. 63-70) (a)
- C. Microphone Surveillance of Dr. King: January 1964 November 1965 (pp. 70-71)
 - 1. Reasons for the FBI's Microphone Surveillance of Dr. King (pp. 71-75)
 - 2. Evidence Bearing on Whether the Attorneys
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 - a. Attorney General Robert F. Kennedy (pp. 76-80) (w)
 - b. Attorney General Nicholas deb. Katzenbach (pp. 80-86) (4)
- V. The FBI's Effort to Discredit Mertin Luther King: 1964 Introduction and Summary (pp. 87-88)
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 - B. The FBI Plans Its Campaign to Discredit Dr. King December 23, 1963 (pp. 91-94) (
 - C. William Sullivan Proposed a Plan to Promote a New Negro Leader: January 1964 (pp. 94-96)
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- E. Steps Taken by the FBI in 1964 to Discredit Dr. King (p. 101) (a)
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 - 6. The Attempt to Discredit Dr. King During His Receipt of the Nobel Peace Prize (pp. 107-110)
 - 7. Attempts to Block Dr. King's Publications (pp. 110-111) ()
 - 8. Attempt to Undermine the National Science Foundation's Cooperation with SCLC (p. 111)
 - 9. Unsuccessful FBI Attempts to Locate Financial Improprieties (pp. 112-114) (
- F. The Question of Whether Government Officials
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- VI. The Hoover-King Controversy Becomes Public and a Truce is Called: April December 1964
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- B. Tapes are Mailed to King: November 21, 1964 (pp. 135-140) (A)
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- E. King and Hoover Meet: December 1, 1964 (pp. 144-153) (c)
- F. Civil Rights Leaders Attempt to Dissuade the FBI From Discrediting King: December 1964 May 1965 (pp. 153-154)
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