inthe game Peliker Cal W.

March \$0, 1969

Fr. #111 Wilson, Asst Atty General, Criminal Fiviaten Department of Justice Weshington, D.C. (Attm Mr. Corl W. Bolcher)

Deer Sir.

It is not from my letters to the Department of Justice, to which, to date, there has never been meaningful response, that you can say "it is plain that further exchange of correspondence...will serve no useful purpose". This is your policy determinetion. It is consistent with the refusal of your agonay is make meaningful response. If you will read the last two letters to which yours of March 26 is supposedly addressed, you will find this is true. I deeply regret this, for it is this official blindness, this continuing wortgaging to the arrest of the pest, that will hound you people personally and be an useding and unnecessary problem and amovence to the similartetion of which you also part.

I begin with the assumption of honesty on your part. I therefore any you wrong and innoral) foderel explanage on my publid experiments and say, as you do in your second paragraph, that nothing will make us "certain the the element of politics played to role in the investigation of the assocsination of Presidant Jannedy or the formulation for of the guidalines for the release" of the files. You may have read JM paraphrance. From my own by now large study of thousands of these, I can concerve they could lead you to this missprehension. I is the professional incomptions of these reported to prove this at your convanience. If there is snything I say that you do not believe, I invite your shallonge and with each instance make the same offer of proof at your convanience. I hope this is an offer you accepte.

It is not with the formulation of the guidelines that I quarrel but with their interpretation and application. For example, any time you want I will make a case for you that much too much that should not have been released hes been, with the result that people were needlessly dounged. All of this of which I have knowledge is consistent, falls into a single pottern. I know of no case where the demograd person was not either "liberal" or not attractive to the FBI sgents. On the other hand, what cannot pre only be suppressed has been. I can and on your request will put in your hand samples, for in some cases, as eare ful reading of the layrene veheted hers tot for Bade not verte of the Wolles for any request for the spectrographic analysis of the ballet and frequents of bullet said to have been used in the assassination, not have you bold me why this has been demied me. I have asked for this with some regularity for close to three years. The only response had been an FME falsehood. You know, and I recently alluded to it, that Mr. Vincon told no a review was underway and I would soon hear about one request. Lot about this, too, when I made inquiry, you wer silent. Many more examples are available if you want them, but I think you should by now understand that in addressing yourself to the "formlation of the guidlines" you at best seek to evade my complaint.

In the sense in which you use the word, there is no wearant for soying I believe "phitics" played a "role in the investigation of the assassination". I do not now and mover did believe this was a Republican or a Democrat matter, nor can I recall ever having said snything that could be tortured into sugresting this. However, in the selection and appointment of the members of the Commission, there was a political genius. I have worked for several branches of the government and lived class to it for 35 years. I recell no single instance in which any edministration ever appointed a majority of five of seven members of any body from the minority party. One of the things this achieved is obvious: the present Republican administration is that of the overwhelming me jority of the members of the Perren Commission. You thereby are seddled with the responsibility of the precepting edministration, of the other political party. Anyone in authority today who might consider looking into possible error by the Merren Commission is immediately confronted with the consideration that acknowledging such error will be to assume political responsibility for it. While I do not expect you to pey attention to me or to give serious, meture thought to what I tell you, I nonetheless tell you that for a short while you do have a period of grace in which this will not be true, through the unintended kindness of fermer Atterney Ceneral Glark, Thereefter you, by your silence, by your refusel to de what impurtial reading of what you now have requires of you, you assume responsibility for what he has done. His transgressions will become your, To the degree I can, I will see to this, for it is my obligation as a citizen.

Each one of you in authority is the explice of him upon when you depend for 'nowledge and advice. Each of you, as you undeubtedly believe you may properly, takes on faith what is given him, what he is told. If I selpholwedge there is too much I do not know, I also insist 'know of no ease in which anyone in sutherity ever mought competent, sutside knowledge and advice. I cannot conceive of this having happened without my knowledge, for there are very fewp indeed, from whom such counsel could be cought. Whether you believe me or not, it cannot be done without my knowledge. Not hencetly. But what happens if you are, for whetever purpose, with whetever motive or lack of notive, misinformed? Do you expect those who may have been responsible for the error of the past to leadly preclaim that teday? And en such a subject?

You see, I have never believed there was the monster conspiracy my opposition slieges inside the government. I have slowys thought and still think much if not most of this can be explained by the normal workings of bureaucracy, and I have often said this, whether or not it is in the meterial svailable to you. However, the more time passes, the less credible this will become. In the future, these errors will not be susceptible of such explanation. (And if you perchance think I am personid in seying there has been federel esphonage on me, I will put copies of it in your hand.)

I directly challenge your totally erroneeus statement, "the substantial co rectness of the Commission's Report remains unimpached by any recent developments". This challenge is so direct I do not even suggest you will have to make "further investigation" that "would serve to eliminate the doubts". I have. and I cars you to accept my challenge. I will restrict myself to but surrow point, all the evidence of which is in your possession. Now, if the government would like to prove or to satisfy itself that I am some kind of wierd nut or that my research is incomplete or undependeble or merely that I am wrong, here is your chance. In advance I wern you that in selecting this single point I have selected one on which I will confront you with what I regard us a case of perjury and its subornation.

From the experiences I have had, I am not encouraged to trust the government. Let I do, very much, went a dialogue on this subject. I do realize that everyons is not diahonest, that most of you who sit in judgement on the fact think you know, think you have been bonestly informed. I also realize this not a single one of you has or could have taken the time - have devoted to this. And I happen to believe that to consider the government c uld have made so chnomous an error recuires an inerdinate amount of courage of suyons in authority, perhaps the risk of his server and future. It is for this rensen that I asy I have selected a single point I regard as pivotal. There are many, all control. If you accept my challenge and are not persunded, but if I am convinced you are sincere, I will thereafter take others, one by one, until you are satified or I am that you have no intention of being astisfied.

I agree with your statement that for FME egents to slander we would be a violation of Decartment policy. I can only tell you that it has been reported to me. I do not expect you could ever be satisfied on this point, for you would have to accept the denirls of the agents that they did. I was aware of this when I wrote. Even though I knew there could never be a certain determination ( and I have pursued it no furthur). I felt obliged to inform you, precisely because it is the kind of thing no responsible government would want to happen. If agents did this, I would also pressue it we not on the instructions of the Director and I would not expect them to confess it to him.

With much of what you say of the confession of perjury by Deen Andrews I agree. 'ou do not say enough, however. I am in hearty agreement that there should be no federal intrusion into State proceedings. I wish I could say this had been the policy of your Department in the recent past. Dean othrews is a friend of mine. I am ganuinely sorry for the plight in which he finge himself. "e have had a number of long conversations over the past several years. It is my belief that the greatest harm of his confessed perjury was to the federal proceeding. I do not by any means suggesst that what he confessed in New Orleans is the total inadequacy of his federal testimony. It was quite important in the deliberations and conclusions of the Commission. Nor do I miggest that it was spontaneous. I am in possession of proof that it was not. This may or may not have occurred to you, may or may not figure in report it to you. It may your own deliberations. For what it may be worth, well complicate things for you. I do suggest that if the Department of Justice does nothing about it the matter may not drop there. And I also suggest that in the total picture, this and other indequacies of the New Orleans investigetions may ultimately be more of an embarresement to the government that now may prear likely or than the numerous lawyers you had observing the trial may have been able to detect or report to you. They, regardless of competence, ere limited by what was presented in court and by the state of their own knowl dge. Newspaper accounts of my presence at the trial are in error. I left Men Orleans during the jury selection and have not returned. My own knowledge of the proceedings is limited to what spiesred in the papers and what was reported to me by friends in the press. But my knowledge of fact is not by any means limited to what was presented in court.

Your could not be more right then you are in asying that I intend to pursue this. What I have already done has been finencially ruineus ind that has not deterred me. If y u have followed my published work carefully, you have but little indication of what I have now learned, believe I have established. And you are correct in saying that the "release of additional materials in the files" does not have the significance you imply. for there can be no material in the files their con in any way destroy what " have already established. Until this is understood by the government, it will not understand the stake each and what this can mean to the present edministration and the resident, in the inmediate future or in the historical record.

I take you at face value when you say "we will welcome receipt of" my views and " we seek, as you do to serve the best interests of the nation on this grave subject." I have given you indication of my good faith and I give you the opportunity of showing me yours, I sak for direct raswer to the ownestions have reised and for these documents I have sought these. I believe, connet properly be denied me. In addition that that reflected in my letters to your Department, one in particular of those many denied me by the government I call to your attention. In the penel report alleged to be on the subopsy there is reference to an April 1968 memorandum of transfer. I requested this In January, with the additional request that if it mare not given me an en-- planation be given in writing. I was then and hum on a number of a beequent occasions assured this would be forthcoming. It has not hyppened. I believe Whis is entirely indefend ble. While there may be factors of which & know bothing that night properly deny me this document, I can conceive of me good reason for the delay in response, for " have written many times, or for what now mounts to the refusel to tell me why it is demied me. And I tell you in candor that I have every reason to believe I know that this memorandum is and suys. Also, I would like to have xerox copies of or be able to berrow coverel transcripts of testimony, that of the afternoon proceeding in Judge Helleck's court in Washington, the day testimony was presented by the plaintiff (with copies of the affidavits offered by the government and of its subsequent motions), and that of FHI Agents Sheneyfelt and Frezier and Colonel Finck in New Orleans.

ふたん ニントンシャントがい こご

建建造成的现在分词 计算机分子 计设计 计分子

If we can establish a besis of mutual trust, there is great potential for much good. For my part I ask but two things: complete respect for any confidences ( for I have what for me is an enormous investment in my work) and that, whether or not I am boligved, be listened to with an open mind. I do hope we can achieve this.

Sincerely,

Harold Seisters