They bed Me Into a Fiell, Suging, Deals Hurt Hing

Post and driver assigned to bover corrections in the District of Columbia. When impacted took hostages at L.C. jail early yesterday, they asked that two people come inside: the head of the corrections department and Clabburne. This is Claborne's first-person account of his nine-hour experience of a so-between.

The telephone rang loudly in my liquid.

at 4:15 a.m. and the message from Kenneth L. Hardy, corrections director, was frightening. The inmates at D.C. jail had a gun and were holding guards.

bestage.

Hardy himself called a moment later. His voice was heavy.

"Mr. Claiborne, they have taken Cellblock 1 and they are holding nine of my men as hostages. They want to tak to you. Can you come down here?"

I said it would take 10 or 15 minutes to drive there and I would come. He said: "Mr. Claiborne, we only have 10 minutes. I'll send someone."

I hurriedly dressed and told my wife, and daughter where I was going. A police scout car arrived at my home in 10 minutes and took me, at high speed, with lights and stress going, to the D.C. jail. We disput that lost once, and

walls up going the wrong way arbitral Robert P. Kannedy Stadium.

I walked into a darkened colline. Hardy and two other top corrections afficials were sifting there, drinking coffee and talking. Hardy handed me a place of yellow legal paper with a message from the inequies. "We want to negutiale with Hardy and Chatbornes."

hardy said an uniprown number is innities had seized him hostages at improximately 2 am, he saked whether I wanted to go in and talk with their, "OK." I said We walked to a steel door off the visitors' rounds that rises to the full four-story height of the his. We then entered a small sleove and the steel door shut behind us. There we faced another steel door with a small peephole, through which we could see a number of inmates. One need a smulnosed revolver to a guard's head. The glass in the peephole had been broken and we could see their fares clearly.

One of the inmates said through to peephole, "Mr. Glaiberne, we wish the to understand one thing very dear. This is not a riet, it's a revolution, you understand?" I said I understand But I'm not sure I did. My impression we that he meant by a revolution some

See WITNESS, AS, Cel. 1

thing more serious—a fight to death

in an effort to get them to the light the alcove or send several representatives into the rotunda to negotiat.

"We're not coming out this door, you're coming in." was the response;

The inmates could see a large number of metropolitan policemen in the rotunda, some with shotguns and one with a pepper fog (type of tear gas) machine.

Hardy ordered the police to then turned to me and said, "Do yet want to go in?"

"I'll go in," I said.

The inner steel door was heavily barricaded with tables, chairs, fire extinguishers and other equipment and the inmates removed enough of the barricade to allow the door to be opened about a foot. One of the inmates pointed at me and said, "All right, you first."

I squeezed through the door and climbed up on top of the barricade. An inmate grabbed me by the wrist pulled me in while several encourage me, saying, "You can make it, man, come on, you can make it."

They led me up into a dimly lighted hallway .Several inmates were shouting at other inmates, saying, "Don't hurt him, man, don't hurt him. If you turt anybody, don't hurt him. We need him." There were about 30 inmates in the corridor.

Several faced me up against a wall, frisked me, and led me down a dark corridor about 50 feet.

Hardy had more trouble getting through the door because he's larger than I am and while they struggled to help him into the cellblock and over the barricade, one inmate told me to take out paper and pencil. He gave me a lecture on revolution.

I noticed that my notebook was one I had hurriedly snatched from a desk at home, and that my 7-year-old daughter had blockprinted "W.L.C.," my initials, address and telephone number.

"I thought an inmate standing at my side noticed the writing on the cover of the notebook, but I also thought that he didn't understand the meaning it had to me at that moment. I was scared.

He said, "This is a revolutionary act, man, this is an act of rebellion against the system. This is an act for respect, and for us to be treated as men and not as animals in animal-like cages."

It seemed to take five minutes to squeeze Hardy through the door Dating that time the inmate continued to talk. "We remember what happened to Jonathan Jackson his brother. We remember Mark Cark and Fred Hampton. We remember what happened at Attica after the spotiations."

The inmate doing most of the talking at that moment was extremely agitated and said the 1970 D.C. could reorganization, was an last of generals. The said the inmates believed they had tally one alternative. That we will die sie we will have our headen because death is being given out every day in

While the limites were still helping Early theorem the door one of them standard a newspaper editorial on a table and began hitting it with his fists. The editorial dealt with reforms instituted at the Lorton reformatory that were negotiated by inmates and Hardy and other corrections officials.

Why didn't Hardy think of us when he negotiated with Lorton? This is still his plantation," the inmate, a tall man in his middle twenties demanded. He kept slamming his fist on the table.

Inmates shouted several references to Attica, one saying, "We feel totally that fear has gripped us because of Attica."

Another said, "We only have one alternative. To die here or on the sidewalk out front."

"This is it, it's all over," he said.

At that point they brought Hardy down the corridor and seated him at a table alongside Lt. Charles Wren.

Wren, a guard, had apparently been beaten. There was blood on his nose and head. Seated opposite him were two inmates, while still another stood the table, alternately waving a gun Hardy and me, or pointing it at Lt. Fren.

Once, the inmate holding the placed it on the table next to Hardy, test another prisoner quickly picked it and again held it to Wren's head.

Over and over again the inmates emasized that this was a revolution.

inmate doing most of the talking d, "I done accepted death, they're ing to kill me when they open the Mors."

Hardy tried repeatedly to begin netistions on conditions at the jail. But e inmates for the first time said they were not interested in negotiating. They had only one demand: free-They were talking at us, and they didn't seem to expect any response.

Almost as an aside, several inmates did complain then of brutality, poor saintary conditions in the dining hall, poor food and other things. But it was only to lead up to their single demand. We went the area cleared," one said,

to went to go out four et a time."

Our said to me. "You will them that
or so will the continue of the continu

Hardy and I had entered the cellblock about 5:10 a.m. About 5:45 a.m., they said, "OK, you go out there and tell them what we want. We're keeping **Mardy**."

fierdy sat at the table with his arms folded, staring straight shead. I hadn't expected this, I doublt that he had.

One inmate took me by the arm and started leading me down the hall.

I turned leads once to look at Hardy.
Leaving late there, I felt then and seek was the hardest thing I've ever had to do. He was still looking straight ahead as I squeezed through the door.

Hardy's decision to go into Cellblock 1 had been made quickly, with a snub-nose revolves positing through the peephole of both of na. There was so discussion over thins, such as whether he would be released or hew long he

would talk with the immates.
There wast't stuck time for him to third, about being held a hostage himself. He simply asked me if I was willing to go into the cellblock with him and I said I was. But I knew the mmates had a specific use for me, and that was to convey to the authorities their demand for freedom and the terms under which they would lead the jail. And they needed me to their side of the story to the public.

Hardy could have had no such were derstanding. But we hadn't discussed the prospect of his being kept hostage.

Throughout my 35 minutes inside the cellblock the prisoners desperately tried to convince me of their singlemindness of purpose—not to negotiate for better conditions inside the jail, but simply to negotiate the method in which they were to leave the jail.

But the announcement that they planned to keep Hardy as a hostage took both Hardy and me by surprise. It was made almost casually, and I couldn't tell whether they had planted it in advance.

The next seven hours I acted as go-between for the inmates and the jail administration. Our talks conducted through a window overhalling a courtyard and facing 19th Street

Shortly after I left the cellblock the inmates yelled out the window they wanted the police to come to the window.

Insp. Theodore Zanders, who was charge until Police chief Jerry V. 1015-son arrived, told me, "I think the corrections people ought to talk to

Zanders said through a builhorn that he could hear the inmates from behind a gence 30 yards away and that he wasn't going to the window. Hardy them apsaling you to come up to the wisdow. Pa ordering you to come up to the * andow."

The police refused.

About 6:20 a.m., Hardy telephoned to rotunda from the cellblock and leaded with the police to remain ir cars from 19th Street.

Zanders told me he was relucting to move the cars because he didn't know what the inmates' next demand would

be. But he moved some.

The next hour Hardy came to the window repeatedly, pleading that police remove the cars and turn out the lights that were shining on the cellblock windows. His voice quavering, he said, "Turn those damn lights out. This is Hardy. Turn those lights off. New move that thing out of the way," he said, referring to a police truck parked on 19th Street.

No one moved the trucks immediately and Hardy continued to plead through the window, begging the police to leave the area.

At one point he shouted, "Go home. Go on, get that damn truck out. Come on, clear the area. Move it. Get away from this jail. Come on, move that detail out of there. I've got a gun against my head, please move it," he pleaded...

At 7 a.m. the prisoners began yelling

out the windows that they wanted to see me again. When I got to the window one of them shouted, 'We got Mr. Hardy and nine guards. We want this whole area cleared. Don't plan any mother tricks on us." They she told to tell prison authorities they started Mayor Walter E. Washington there in 15 minutes.

At 7:15, inside the rotunda a Capt Robinson received a telephone call from inside the cellblock. It was Hardy pleading for someone to bring the mayor. About that time, Chief Wilson & arrived.

At. 7:30 a.m. Charles M. Redgers, deputy corrections director, talked with the mayor on the telephone. Marion Barry, D.C. School Board prestdent, also acting as a go-between talked to the mayor and then said. "The mayor wants them to work through Rodgers and them."

At 8:15 a.m. Barry and I went to the window again briefly, and the inmates demanded that we bring the mayor there. They also wanted a dector to nide the cellblock to treat an imme who had cut his arm and demanded that the police be removed from the area immediately.

As soon as we returned to the retunda, Chief Wilson said, "OK, they're moving."

The trouble is," Wilson told me, "they got a gun. I don't want the

mayor shot. If you or i hat shot OH, but it wouldn't do to g

The first time I went to the dow, an immate pointed the guide.
But as I returned for subsequent
the gun did not appear.

I went to the window several fimes and finally at 8:30 a.m. mates shouted to me their sing mand-freedom.

"We don't want nothin' but the walk. What do you think we want to ter food? Bull . . . We want the

We're dead now, we're beithe than in here. We don't all there than in here. We don't all the there's nothing you can do be the there's nothing us out of here. Go tell them t There's nothing you can do but less out of here. What is better than dem, man, you tell me. What's bear than freedom?" the inmates told Barry and myself.

One inmate said, "This is a death play or a freedom play. Tell them to

Another shouted, "We ain't build man. We don't mind dying for the -

And another: "When this is all ou and the other broth we are asking for is to the out sidewalk. They can kill us right there.

Over and over again the inmates complained from the window about the negotiations at Lorton two weeks ago, saying at one point, "Mr. Hardy negotiated for the brothers at Lorton. how about us? You read in the paper about niggers escaping, but you den't know why. We have come to the conclusion that we're going to die."

At noon the inmates again came to the window and shouted for me to come talk to them, One of them said that Hardy was about to make a state ent from the window to the effect there would be no reprisals on taken against the inmates in the block.

sardy came to the window and the ded for police to leave the said, "I don't want any bloods and the said, "I don't want any bloods are the said," I don't want any bloods are the said, "I don't want any bloods are the said, "I don't want any bloods are the said, "I don't want any bloods are the said," I don't want any bloods are the said, "I don't want any bloods are the said, "I don't want any bloods are the said," I don't want any bloods are the said, "I don't want any bloods are the said," I don't want any bloods are the said, "I don't want any bloods are the said," I don't want any bloods are the said, "I don't want any bloods are the said," I don't want any bloods are the said, "I don't want any bloods are the said," I don't want any bloods are the said, "I don't want any bloods are the said," I don't want any bloods are the said want are the said want any bloods are the said want are the said want. got people here with lots of p legis. They have treated me decention has aid. "I don't want any CDU (the selection civil disturbance unit) in here don't want that kind of action. I don't wast bloodshed."

He was drawn and appeared nerve bet not injured. An inmate held what beinght was a knife close to his head and shouted, "His head is coming off, out better believe that."

Other inmates pulled Hardy away the window and one of them threw

a white shirt saying that it beand to the injured guard, Lt. Wre The front was covered with blooding. The inmates then shouted out the window, "Get them out of the rotunds," referring to the police, "You better get those -- out of the rotunda now."

There were only a few policemen in

the rotunda and they left.

As early as noon, the inmates were acking me if I was "playing tricks" on them. They demanded to know with I hadn't brought the mayor to the

Later in the afternoon, it became of vious that my effectiveness as a go between was lessening. They didn't seem to need me anymore, particularly after the arrival of Julian Topper—who negotiated at Attica prison—and Rep. Shirley Chisholm.