FT -301 (Bey, 4-15-64)

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## ŵ. FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date April 26, 1968

Restrend SAVEEL F. KULES, minister of the Monumental Lipcist Courst, 7.1 Scott Parkway East, who resides at the see, on interview advised as inline;

Beautynd EVLES, who has layed a. Memphas for approximately the past eight tears, to on the Executive Board of the Memphis, Tentessee, Leanch of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP) and is also a member of the Multhers Caristian Leadership Conference (SCLC), the national headquarters of which is Atlanta, Georgia, and the Procentist of which, up until April 4, 1968, was Dr. MARIN LUINER KING, JR.

Reverend KYLES stated that a similation workers! Strike began in Memphis, Tennessee, 1. bounty 12, 1968, and that shortly after its start a group of Nagro ministers in Memphis, including hissell, landest cogether to form a group which adopted the same of Continuity on the Move for Equality (COME), raising funds for the monthly purisers and assisting them in daily many - and other strike-support activity. He stated that as corly as Wareh 18, 1968, he, along with some of the other COME leaders, induced Dr. MARTIN LUTHER KINC, JR., to come to Memphis where, on the night of March 18, 1968, he gave an inspiring talk at Mason Temple to approximately 10,000 to 12,000 people, urging the Negro community of Memphis to units terristic series in workers.

KILES and some of the offer (MVE leaders also induced Dr. Elby to return to Memphis on the morning of March 28, 1968, to lead a manage deadlown march in support of the similation workers.

Considerable breaking of downlown windows and looting resulted during this match, as a result of which KilkS stated the similation strike received battoraide publicity, and Dr. Kind agreed to return to Mephis, slong with other SCLC staff members, is early April, 1968, to chathed support on behalf of the statistica work-re.

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Reverend KYLES recilled that Dr. KING actually returned to Memphis on Wednesses actoring, April 3, 1968, with several of his staff associates including the Vice president of SCLC, Reverend PALPH D. AFSENATHY and his the Lorraine Hotel and Motel, 406 Milterry Street, Memphis, the Lorraine Hotel and Motel, 406 Milterry Street, Memphis, and actually KYLES had cented rooms for some of the SCLC staff members under his name. He pointed out that actually he was registered in Room 312 of the Lorraine Motel as of April 3, 1968, although he did not physically occupy this room and did not now recall the exact SCLC individual who occupied Room 312. He recalled that Dr. KING occupied Room 306, as did Reverend RALPY D. AEEENATHY.

He recalled that Dr. KING and his staff remained in Memphis on the night of April 3, 1968, and also remained in Memphis on April 4, 1968. In addition, he pointed out that there had been widespread publicity in not only the that there had been widespread publicity in not only the but also en virtually all of the radio and television stations concerning the presence of DF. KING and his staff in Memphis and of the fact that they were staying at the Lorraine Motel. He stated he could not recul; the specific radio broadcast but there was at least one broadcast, possibly more, which but there was at least one broadcast, possibly more, which even give the room number, namely Room 306, in which Dr. KING was staying in Memphis, and that this information was readily was staying in Memphis, and that this information was readily available to anyone who tended to read the newspaper or took the time to listen to the radio news broadcasts. In other words, he said it was no secret as to where Dr. KING was staying.

Reversed KYLES recalled that he personally went to the Lorraine Motel at approximately 3:30 p.m. on April 4, 1968, and recalled that the Operation Breathisket band, a singing group of the SCLC, was reheatsing in one of the rooms in the motel, this group to ing led by EEN BRANCH, a former music teacher of Wemphin, renressee. KyLFS joined this group and they all approximately 5 p.m. to this point, Reverend SCLC songs until approximately 5 p.m. to this point, Reverend KyLES to Room 306 of the Lorraine Nutri to visit with Dr. MARIEN LUIMER KING, dR., and Bearlead BALDH D. ABERCATHY. He pointed out that he had earlier invited Dr. KING and Reversed ADERNATHY to his box.

that Dr. KING and Reverend AEURNATHY both savored "soul food," which would normally consist of neck bores, chitterlings, turning greens and black-eyed peas, and that his wife had consented to cook such a dimension for Dr. KING and his group. He pointed out that both KING and AFERNATHY had been reminded by him earlier that dinner with both at approximately 6 p.m.

He recalled that during the approximate period from 5:30 p.m. to 5:55 p.m., April 4, 1968, that Dr. KING, Reverend ABERNATHY and Reverent KYLES sit and talked in Room 306 as Dr. KING and ABERNATEY dressed in preparation for the dinner appointment, At a time estimated by KYLES as being 5:55 p.m., or thereabouts, Dr. KING walked out of Room 306 of the Lorraine Motel, the door of which faces west and overlooks a swimming pool and parking area onto Mulberry Street, which is a corrow porth-south street in Memphis. Dr. KING's room, 306, was on the second floor and as one walks out of the roce there is a balcony and walkway area, the balcony having an iron sail approximately three feet high to keep one from falling off the balcony. Dr. KING, KYLES recalled, stood on the halcony and was speaking with various people standing in the parking area of the motel directly beneath him. One of the persons with whom Dr. KING was speaking was Reverend JESSE JACKSON, an SCLC staff member from Chicago, Illinois. KYLES recalled leaving Room 306 and going out and talking with Dr. KING, telling him not to bring too many people to his nouse or there would not be enough food to satisfy all of them. KWLES also recalled that SOLOMON JONES, a local Negro who works for one of the funeral homes, had been Dr. KIEG's chauffeur while in Memphis and that KING may have made some comment to JONES about getting the car ready for their trip to the KYLES residence.

Reverend KYLES also recalled that at about this period of time Reverend APENNATHY had applied shaving cream to his face preparing to take a quick shave before departing to dinner and that KYLES and FING were standing side by side on the balcony and he also recalled that KING spoke to CHAUNCEY ESKRIDGE who is an attorney for SCLC and who was in Memphis with the SCLC staff.

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Others recalled by KVLES being on the ground level within viewing and list-ning distance of Dr. KING were Reverend JAMES L. HEVEL, also of the SCLC staff and who has recently been living in Chicago, and several young Negroes, names not recalled, who had been hanging around and supporting the samitation workers strike. He pointed out that he would put these folks in the category of "hero worshipers" who liked to be around KING and other important personages. 87

At this point, EYLES estimated the time as being approximately 6 o'clock p.m., and stated that he, KYLES, started to walk north on the balcony walkway toward the old Lorraine Hotel portion of the establishment for the purpose of getting his car, which was parked on the parking lot. He recalled looking down and saying something to CHAUNCEY ESKRIDGE who was standing on the ground and estimated that he had walked approximately four door lengths north of Room 306 when he, KYLES, heard a loud but possibly muffled sound. At first he thought it was a noise from the immediate area possibly caused by the backfiring of an automobile or possibly even a loud firecracker which had exploded in the immediate vicinity.

He was next conscious of seeing Reverend JAMES L. BEVEL who had been standing on the ground north of Room 306 running to the motel area oscensibly for cover and recalled some unknown individual yelling in a loud voice, "They've shot MARTIN!" At this point be turned around and looked back south toward the entrance of Room 306 and was next conscious of seeing Dr. KING's prome body. KING was resting on the balcony floor with his back to the floor, his face facing upward, his feet partially protruding through the grill work of the iron railway, and his head headed in a southeasterly direction toward the passageway just south of Room 306.

KYLES continued that he took a quick glance at KING's prone body after reaching same and saw a gaping hole in what he recalled to be the right side of KING's face in the area of his check bonr and protruding downward into his neck area. He stated that he was not familiar with guns or gun wounds but he subconsciously realized that the

noise which he had beard had addutiedly been that of a ganshot which had wounded Dr. KINC. He pointed out that KING's eyes appeared to be open and that he personally felt KING may still have here alive. He was not conscious of anyone else near KING's hidd at this time and pointed out that he went into a share of shock and rap rather hysterically into Room 300 while he attempted to use a telephone for the purpose of calling an ambulance. In the meantime, ABERNATET had the out of Room 306 with shaving cream still on his from in at effort to see what had happened to Dr. KING. KALES pointed out that in his confusion he was unable to pick up the phone properly to call the motel switchboard to ask for an ambulance and recalled ABERNATHY running back into the noom and telling him to settle down and gain his composure as everything would be all right.

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KYLES came back out of the room to the vicinity of KING's body and was next correctour of seeing several uniformed Memphis Police officers running on fact toward the vicinity of KING's body and recalled some of them yelling. "What happened?" He stated that he recalled yelling at some of the police officers to call an ambulance. He was next conscious of Reverence ARERNATHY leaving over KING's prome body attempting to talk with KING or to get some response from him and could recall hearing ARERNATHY say, "MARTIN, can you hear me?"

Reversed KYLES recalled running into Koom 306 and grabbing up a bedspread off one of the beds which he brought out to use to cover KING's body. He recalled that a white male employee of the United States Justice Department, name not recalled, who had been staying at the motel brought a towel which someone held over the large gaping wound on the right side of KING's face.

Within a few moments an Ambulance arrived to take KING's body to a hospital and he recalled that a JOSEPH LOUW, an African who is a phytographer and who was staying at the motel, took some pictures in the inmediate vicinity and that many of the people who by this time had come to the balcony second to point town d the west side of Mulberry where there is a thicket of times and copy land bordered further on the west ty the tack side of some old two-story brick buildings which face of Math Street and indicated in

their pointing and comments that the shot probably came from that general direction. In other words, the shot came from the west toward the east.

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Thereafter, according to Reverend KYLES, an ambulance crew took Fr. KING's body to the St. Joseph Hospital.

Reverend KYLES looked at a series of photographs which appeared in "Life Magazine," issue of April 12, 1968, some of which were taken immediately after the shooting of Dr. KING and prior to the arrival of the ambulance and which depict Dr. KING's prope body lying face up on the concrete walkway on the second floor taleony of the Lorraine Motel and taken by Photographer JOSEPH LOUW. He stated that the only people that he could idantify by same in the early photographs prior to the arrival of the ambulance were Reverend ANDREW YOUNG of the SCLC staff and some local unidentified Negroes who were apparently assisting in an effort to render immediate first aid to Dr. KDNG. Reverend KYLES pointed out that these photographs must have been taken almost immediately following the shooting of Dr. KING because they do not show the bedsprend over KING's body.

He stated that very few people actually were cognizant of the fact that Dr. KINC was to be a dinner guest at his home on the evening of April 4, 1968; that among the guests who had been invited to his recollection were Dr. KING, his brother, Reverend A. D. WILLIAMS KING, and two of the latter's companions, Mrs. LUKJE WAPD and Mrs. GEORGIA M. DAVIS, both of Louisville, Kentucky; and that Reverend ABERNATHY was to have been there, as was CHAUNCEY ESKRIDGE. He stated that Reverend ANDREW YOUNG and HOSEA WILLIAMS, both of the SCLC staff, were also to be his dinner guests on that evening.

He stated that to his recollection there had been no publicity concerning the fact that KING and his small party were to be his dinast guests and that it appeared to be a more coincidence that Dr. KING welked out in front of the doorway of Room 306 and should there some four to five minutes prior to the time that he was shot.

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Reverend KYLES stated that be had searched his memory during the intervening time subsequent to Dr. KING's being shot and that at no time could be recall seeing anyone to the west or northress from which direction he is now convinced the shot case. He SIF no one looking out any of the windows in the buildings facing Main Street, the rear entrances of which would have faced the Motel; and he saw no one on the ground below.

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He stated that he talked with CHACNCEY ESKRIDGE shortly after the shooting and that ESKRIDGE who was on the ground level in the parking area in front of the Motel stated that after the shot he, ESKRIDGE, had run west from the Motel to the middle of Mulberry Street but that he did not see anyone with any firearm either on the ground or in any of the buildings. Reverted KYLES recalled that SOLOMON JONES has been reported to have stated that he saw someone possibly with a white headplece in the ground area just west of the west side of Mulberry Street behind the bushes and possibly saw someone drop something in that

Reverend KYLES stated that in fairness to JONES, JONES could not have seen the ground area which he had originally described bacause of the fact that there is a brick retaining wall which surrounds the swimming pool and that JONES would have been behind this wall when KING was shot and could not have seen helpind the bushes on the west side of Mulberry Street as this wall is about eight feet tall.

Reverend KYLES concluded that note of his acquaintances in the SCLC or other acquaintances in Memphis who have been close to the Negro movement can recall anything concerning any suspicious movements in the vicinity of the Lorraine Motel immediately preceding or during the time that Dr. KING was shot.

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