

## U.S. Membership in INTERPOL **Defended Before Senate Panel**

By Douglas Watson

INTERPOL, the International Criminal Police Organization through which police forces in 120 nations exchange information on criminal suspects.

"Television drama to the contrary notwithstanding, IN-TERPOL has no investigative force of its own and carries on no investigations," Assistant Treasury Secretary David R. Macdonald told a Senate Appropriations subcommittee.

Macdonald was responding to recent charges that INTER-POL "is a self-proclaimed, self-styled, private police force that would be a pathetic joke if it were not for the position they have managed to obtain in our government without the knowledge of Congress."

This allegation had been made by Vaughn Young, direc-tor of research for the Church of Scientology's National Commission on Law Enforcement and Social Justice, who called for "a full-scale investigation of INTERPOL."

MacDonald said yesterday that INTERPOL "is unable to that exchanges of police infordo anything other than transmit information or requests countries have been very limfor action by one country's police force to another country's police force." Without INTERPOL, inter- (D-N.M.), said,

cent years the United States has contributed between \$117,- fice supplies criminal records 420 and \$147,000 toward its 5.8 of Americans to foreign police per cent share of supporting forecs only when it is confi-the budget of interpol-which dent there is a legitimate law has a 140-person headquarters enforcement need and does in France. He said this does not comply with requests for not include a noe-time \$135,000 other personal information. contribution in the past year for anti-narcotics work.

Young's private commission, which says it has conducted a year's probe of INTERPOL, has charged that during World War II it was "a willing part of the Nazi Gestapo and SS." MacDonald testified that a predecessor organization was taken over by the Nazis in 1939, but that INTERPOL was organized in 1946 so as to prevent a future totaliarian seizure.-

Louis B. Sims, chief of IN-TERPOL's nine-person Washington office, said that three Communist countries-Romania, Yugoslavia and Cuba-are among INTERPOL's 120 members but that Cuba has not had an active role since 1959 and mation with the other two ited.

The subcommittee chair man, Sen. Joseph M. Montoya "I think we

national police information ought to be concerned that would be exchanged "in a Americans are not being vic-Federal officials yesterday much more haphazard and timized or their rights invaded under the INTERPOL um-MacDonald said that in re-brella."