Honer's rutio

JFK essectionation records appeals The FEL's FOLAPA stritude Rarold weispars 9/30/79

Of the many companies Fire-otor Poover added to records relating to the "opert of the Warren Concission and its work and conclusions perhaps the most occurs was Ma plaint that the FMI had taken an "unduly restrictive attitude."

From sy examination of records the "unduly restrictive attitude " continue s and has been quite costly, including to the vishility of the acts.

There is a reflection of this in attached 62-109090-238, a report for the Rearst papere by bes Whitten, written the day after the Report was published.

Harely legible at the bottom is a stamp indicating that a deleted copy was much to Whitten with a letter of 9/21/76.

Obviously no purpose would have been served by deloting parts of the story shitten bisself had written and was published.

Hist remains is the "oover comment: "A real debunking of the FoI which we will never live down."

If there is an applicable exception of the act 1 do not think of it. And why should the Pol have withheld from whitten what it did not withheld from me and placed in its resident room, available to all others?

(The first of three pages only is standed. The other two consist of additional portions of the story only.)

1 (PINV. 5-27-63) 'Deficiencies'--The-Rebuke to-Secret-Service and Tele Room Holmes Gandy **Probers Hint That Better Liaison** Might Have Prevented Tragedy-By LESLIE HAWHITTEN WASHINGTON, Sept. 28. loonand -Both the FBI and the Secret Service were under a Com virtual mandate today to tighten up their security procedures and begin working together more closely when protecting the life of the President. While neither agency was held responsible for the death of President Kennedy in Dallas last Nov. 22, both came under sweeping criticism in the Warren Commisslon report for failing to coordinate their Information and activities on the day of the assassination. **Washington Post** The Warren report even Times Herald suggested that had there been The Washington Daily Nev a closer liason between the Secret Service and the FBI, The Evening Star -109090 REC 8 Lee Harvey Oswald, the ac-York Herald Tribune cused killer, might have been New York Journal-American under scrutiny that day, and prevented rom firing the fatal New York Mirror . 2. OCT 17 1964 ahots. New York Daily News KNEW BACKGROUND w York Post . Neither agency knew at the The New York Times time that Oswald had tried The Worker to kill former Maj. Gen. Ed-New Leader win Walker, but the FBI knew of Oswald's defection The Wall Street Journal to Russia, his pro-Castro tendencies, his hostility to The National Observer People's World . the United States, his trip to Mexico and the fact that he had a job n a building along the President's motorcade SEP 28 1954 560CT121964 TTRS. REC. UN the second s Jutun

A second second second

"All of these (facts), if we had them together, "would have added up to pointing out a pretty bad individual," Secret Service official Robert L. Bouck told the Commission, "and I think that together hd we known he had a wantage point would have seemed somewhat serious to us."

FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover sprang to the defense of his organization, however, telling the Commission "there was nothing up to the time of the assassination that gave any indication that this man was a dangerous character who might do harm to the President or the Vice President."

BOTH CRITICIZED

The Warren Commission aingled out the Secret Service for being "seriously deficlent" in its intelligence work, and the FBI for taking "an unduly restrictive view of its role" in falling to give Secret Service agents information on Oswald.

The Commission also cited "a breach of discipline" by nine members of the Secret Service in Fort Worth. The agents had up to three beers and a mixed drink and a half after midnight.

One stayed out until 5 a.m., Nov. 22. The report said there was no evidence these men could have averted the traredy, but that "it is conceivable (they) might have been more alert in the Dallas motorcade."

Four American presidents in 100 years have been shot to death, the report noted: Abraham Lincoln, James A. Garfield, William McKinley and John P. Kennedy.

But the President's "very position us representative of

The second states and

ice to oversee the Secret Service and other Federal agencies in their protection of a President. The committee might study whether protection should be removed from the Secret Service and put elsewhere.

• To make assassination, assault or plots against the President and Vice-President a Federal crime.

• A "complete overhau!" of Secret Service facilities to detect possible assassing before they can act. The most advanced data - processing machines, more personnel and funds, and markedly increased cooperation with the FBI, State Dept., CIA and others were urged.

Against this background of limited protection possibilitiles, however, the report still found troubling inadequacies in the Secret Service and to a lesser extent, the FBI.

The Secret Service, an arm of the Treasury Dept., which has protected Presidents since 1894, had only 12 specialists and three clerks in its Protective Research Section on Nov. 22. Their job was to keep tabs on all who might be a danger to the President.

Of the 400 indiiduals under regular surveillance, only 100 were seen as serious risks and 12 to 15 as highly dangerous. Although Ambassador Adlai Stevensoft had been assaulted in Dallas the month before, no names in in the Fort Worth-Dallas this Secret Service file were area, the report asserted. It was in this crucial area of advance warnings that the breakdown occurred, said the Warren group. Although the FBI, the State Dept., the CIA, and Navy intelligence all had files on Oswald, none of them had tipped off the Secret Service he might be a danger.

Dallas FBI Agent James P. Hosty Jr. had such a file on Oswald, had learned 18 days before that assassination that he worked in the Texas School Book Depository and had heard 17 days before that he was a "Trotakyite Communist."

いたる

But he testified that even if he had remembered that the President's route led past the depository building, he would not have cited him to the Secret Service as a threat

Mr. Hosty swore he had no reason to think Oswald would kill the President. although a Dallas police lieutenant contradicted him in saying Mr. Hosty told him after the assassination that the FBI had information Oswald was capable of the killing.

DEFEND AGENT

Both J. Edgar Hoover and his assistant, Alan H. Belmont, defended Mr. Hosty. But the Commission found "the FBI took an unduly restrictive view of its responsibilities in preventive intelhycroce Fork." The report conceded the Secret Service's "request" to Pederal agencies for tips were "vague," but it made this conclusion:

"There was much knowledge in the hands of the FBI about Oswald; the knowledge of his arrogance and hostillly to the United States, his pro-Castro tendencies, his lles when interrogated by the FBI, his trip to Mexico where he was in contact with Sovict authorities, his presence in the School Boob Depository job and its location along the route of the motorcade.

"All this does seem to amount to enough to have induced an alert agency, such as the FB1... to list Oswald as a potential threat to the safety of the President."

The Warren group said the Secret Service's policy of not checking out buildings along a Presidential motorcade route and its watch on buildings from the street were "inadequate" and about be amended.



Socret Service Chief