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TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI

FEGN:

DAC, TIPO

LED HARVEY CSMALD IS - R - CUBA (00:DL) See addendum
190-709-103x1

RollCairtel dated 2/28/64, captiomed as above. &

Attached are four copies for the Eureau and two for Dallas of an LHH reflecting interview of YURI I. NOSENKO, by SAS W. MARVIN GHIEDLING and ALTHED POPTANICH. ν

MOSEMHO reiterated that he did not desire any publicity in connection with this information and stated that he would refuse to tesuify concerning this information. MOSEMHO was advised that imformation in this case would be furnished to the Presidential Commission with notification of his desires that no publicity be given to this information w

A copy of this memorandum was displayed to NOSENKO on 3/4/64. He read same and after making one minor change on page 5 stated this memorandum clearly set forth the information furnished by him on 3/3/64, and added he had no additional information conserning this matter. NOSEMEO initialed each page of this memorandum, and the copy which bears his initials is also employed for the Dureau. The four copies for the Dureau and the two copies for Dallas incorporate the camage made on page 5. N

On 3/4/64, NOSELEO reiterated that he did not want any publicity in connection with this information but stated that he would be willing to tautily to this information before the Presidential Commission, provided such testimony is given in secret and absolutely no publicity is given either to his appearance before the Commission or to the informatica itself

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ATTROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICE ADVISED BY:

Washington, D. C. March 4, 1964

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per release

On March 3, 1934, Yuri Ivanovich Mosenko advised Mo-709-1034 that at the time of Corald's arrivel in the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (USSE) in the Tall of 1959, he (Mosenko) held the position of Deputy Chief, First Section, Seventh Department, Second Chief Directorate (counterintelligence), KGD (Committee for State Security). This particular Section, of thich he was then Deputy Chief, handled the KGB investigations of tourists from the United States and Dritish Commonwealth countries. N

The First Section, at that time, and it present, contains fifteen or sixteen officers, holding ranks of Junior Case Officers, Case Officers and Senior Case Officers. At the time of President John F. Hennedy's accessination, Hosenho stated he then held the position of Deputy Chief, Seventh Department, (Tourist Department), Second Chief Directorate, with the rank of Licuts..... Colonel. The Seventh Department, commenting of apprenimately minety Case Officers, is responsible for MED investigations of tourists from all non-communist countries.

Prior to Corald's arrival in the USSR he was completely unknown to the NCD, according to Mosenko. this connection he pointed out that immediately upon issuance of a visa to a person to visit the NESE, the Seventh Department (Fourist), Second Chief Directorate, KCB, is notified. At that time a proliminary evaluation is made of the individual and a determination made as to what action, if any, should be taken by the Tourist Department. Oswald's background was not of sufficient importance for the Tourist Department to have any advance interest in him and Moserito stated that his first knowledge of the emissiones of Oswald arose in about Catober, 1959, when Kim Georgievich Krupnov, a Case Officer in his section, reported to him information which Krupnov had received from an Intourist interpreter. vas to the effect that Oswald, an American citizen who had U

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entered the USSR on a temporary visa, desired to remain permanently in the USSR and to become a Soviet citizen. Krupnov at this time displayed to Mosenko a memorandum prepared by Krupnov containing information which had been received by Krupnov from KCB informants at the Hotel Berlin (which administratively is part of the Motel Metropole) concerning Oswald's behavior patterns, an Intourist itinerary for Oswald, and a two-page report prepared by the Intourist interpreter (a KCB informant) concerning his conversations with Oswald and his impressions and evaluations of Oswald. At that time a file was opened in Mesenko's section incorporating all of the information which Krupnov had collected. Mesenko's and collected.

Noscalio and Krupnov, on basis of this information, concluded that Oswald was of no interest to the KGB and both agreed that Oswald appeared somewhat abnormal. Nosenko could not specifically state what factors caused him to evaluate Oswald as being abnormal, but on basis of all information available to him at the time there was no doubt in his mind that Oswald was not "fully normal." At service and Nosenko stated that had such information been available to him, it would have been of no particular interest or significance to the KGB.

On the basis of Mosenho's evaluation of Oswald he instructed Erupnov to advise Cawald, through the Intourist interpreter, that Oswald would not be permitted to remain in the USSR permanently and that he would have to depart at the expiration of his vica and thereafter seek re-entry as a permanent resident through routine channels at the Soviet Embassy in the United States. Mesenho's instructions were carried out and on the same date or the following day he learned that Oswald failed to appear for a scheduled tour arranged by his Intourist guide. This prompted Intourist to initiate efforts to locate him and after a couple of Lours, inquiry at the Dorlin Estel established that Oswald's room key was missing, indicating that he was apparently in his room. employees then determined that Cowald's room was secured from the inside and when he failed to respond to their request for him to open the door, they forced it open. Oswald was found U

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bleeding severely from self-inflicted wounds and was immediately taken by an annulance to a hospital, believed by Nosenko to be the Bothinshaya Respital in Mosenko did not know specifically whether Cowald was bleeding from wounds in his left or right wrist or whether from both wrists and he did not know what instrument was used to cause the wound or wounds. The information regarding Oswald's wounds was received by Moscalio from Krupnov who in turn received it from Intourist sources. Hoscaho did not know how long Oswald remained in the hospital but stated it was for several days. Cowald's attempted suicide was reported by Kosenko to the Chief of the Seventh Department, Colonel Konstantin Nikitovich Dubas, and Mosenko believed that Dubas then reported it to the Office of the Chief of the Second Chief Directorate. Mosento's original decision that the MGB would not become involved with Oswald was approved by the Chief of the Second Directorate, and it was further agreed that he should not be permitted to remain in the USER. U

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A report from the hospital was received which gave the circumstances of Oswald's admittance to the hospital, treatment received including blood transfusion, and the report stated Cowald had attempted suicide because he was not granted permission to remain in the USSR. The hospital record also permission to remain in the Cowald's attempted suicide indicated included an evaluation that Cowald's attempted suicide indicated mental impatability. Nesemble did not know whether this evaluation was based on a psychiatric examination or was merely an observation of the hospital medical staff. Nosemble also learned that upon Cowald's discharge from the hospital he was again informed by Interrist that he could not reside in the USSR and Oswald stated he would commit suicide.

Nosenko did not know who made the decision to grant Oswald permission to reside temperarily in the USER, but he is sure it was not a ECB decision and he added that upon learning of this decision the ECD instructed that Oswald not be permitted to reside in the Eccew area. Mosenko suggested that either the Soviet Led Cross or the Ministry of Foreign Affairs made the decision to permit Cowald to reside in the USER and also made the decision to assign him to Minsk. Nosenko attached no particular significance to the fact that Oswald was settled in Minsk but offered the opinion that since

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Hinsk is a capital city of one of the Republics and is an above-average Soviet city in cleanliness and modern facilities, it was selected in order to create a better impression on Oswald, a foreigner. N

After the KGB was advised of the decision to authorize Cawald to reside in Minsk it was necessary for Krupnov to bring Oswald's file up to date for purpose of transferring it to the KGB Office in Minsk. This was done and the file was forwarded to Minsk by a cover letter prepared by Krupnov. That cover letter briefly surmarized Oswald's case and specifically instructed that KGB, Minsk take no action concerning Oswald except to "passively" observe his activities to make sure that he was not a United States intelligence agent temporarily dormant. Krupnov's letter was read by Rosenko and signed by Dubas. W

Mosenko stated that in view of instructions from KGB, Moseow, no active interest could be taken in Oswald in Minsk without obtaining prior approval from KGB, Moseow. According to Mosenko no such approval was ever requested or granted and based on his emperience, he opined that the only coverage of Oswald during his stay at Minsk consisted of periodic checks at his place of employment, inquiry of neighbors, associates and review of his mail.

The next time Nosenko heard of Oswald was in connection with Oswald's application to the Soviet Embacsy in Mexico City for a Soviet re-entry visa. Nosenko did not know how Mexico City advised Moseow of subject's application. His knowledge resulted from an oral inquiry of Nosenko's department by M. I. Turalin, Service Mumber 2, (counter-intelligence in foreign countries), First Chief Directorate. Nosenko recalled that Turalin had orally contacted Vladimir Mumbich Alekseev, Chief, Sixth Section of Nosenko's Tourist Department, with respect to Oswald. Nosenko's Department had no interest in Oswald and recommended that Oswald's request for a re-entry visa be denied. Nosenko could not recall when Oswald visited Mexico City in connection with his visa application.

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Mosenko's next Imposledge of Oswald's activities aros as a result of President John F. Kennedy's assassination. Mosenko recalled that about two hours after President Mennedy had been shot he was telephonically advised at his home by the KGB Center of this fact. A short time later he was telephonically advised of the President's death. About two hours later Hosenko was advised that Cowald had been arrested, and Mosento and his staff were called to work for purpose of dotermining whether the EGB had any information concerning Oswald. After establishing Oswald's identity from NCD files and accortaining that Ocuald's file was still in Minsk, Mosenico, on instructions of Coneral Cleg M. Gribanov, Chief of the Second Chief Directorate of the MCD, telephonically contacted the NGB Office in Minsk and had then dietate a surmary of the Oswald file. Mosenio did not personally accept this surmary, but it was taken down by an employee of his department. As reported by Mosenko at the time of his interview on February 26, 1934, this summary concluded with a statement that the MSB at Minch had endeavored "to influence Cowald in the right direction." As reported by Mosenko, this latter statement greatly disturbed Gribanov since the NUB Head-quarters had instructed that no action be taken concerning Oswald except to passively observe his activities. Accordingly, Gribanov ordered all records at Minch portaining to Oswald be forwarded immediately to Mossow by military aircraft with an emplanation concerning the meaning of the above-mentioned statement. Mosenito road the file summary telephonically furnished by Minsk, the emplanation from Minsk concerning the meaning of the above-mentioned statement, and theroughly reviewed Oswald's file prior to making same available to Sergei Milhailovich Fedeseev, Chief of the First Lepartment, Seechd Chief Directorate, who prepared a two-page summary memorandum for Gribanov. That memorandum was furnished by Eribanov to Vladinir Semichastny, . Chairman of EGB who in turn reported to the Central Committee of the Communist Party, USCR, and to Milita S. Khrushchev, According to Mosenito, Oswald's file, as received from Minsk, contained no information to indicate that the EGB at Hinch had taken any action with respect to Casald contrary to instructions from ECB Hondquarters. It did contain information concerning Oswald's mauriage to Marina Oswald, background data on Marina, including fact she had been a member of the Monsomol (Communist Party Youth Organization) but was dropped for nonpayment of dues and the fact that U

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the Oswalds had departed the USSR for the United States. His file also included a statement that Oswald had been a poor worker. Nosenko read Pedescev's summary monorandum and he recalled that it contained the definite statement that from the date of Oswald's arrival in the USSR until his departure from the USSR, the KGD had no personal contact with Oswald and had not attempted to utilize him in any manner.

Nosenko was questioned as to whether Oswald could have been trained and furnished assignments by any other Soviet intelligence organization including the GRU (Soviet Military Intelligence) or the Thirteenth Department of the First Directorate of the KGB (which deals with sabotage, explosions, killings, terror). Nosenho stated that he is absolutely certain that Oswald received no such training or assignments. In this connection he explained that if any other department of KGB wanted to utilize Oswald, they would have to contact the department which originally opened up the file on Cowald (Nocembo's department) and ask permission to utilize him. Mosenko stated that this would also apply to GRU. Noscako further explained that in view of their evaluation that Oswald appeared to be mentally unstable no Seviet Intelligence Agency, particularly the Thirteenth Department, would consider using him. Mozenko also advised that further evidence that Oswald was not of intelligence interest to the KGB is shown by the fact that the KCB Headquarters did not retain a control file concerning Coweld following his settlement in Minsk. He elaborated by stating that had Oswald been of any intelligence interest to KCD a control file would also have been maintained at KGD Hondquarters. This file would have been assigned to a Case Officer at Headquarters with responsibility to direct supervision of the case, including the making of periodic visits to Minsh by the Case Officer. In Cavald's case the only record maintained at KGB Headquarters in Moscow was an index card bearing Oswald's name and the identity of the department which originated the file concerning him.

Notentio advised that he recertained from reading Oswald's file that the Soviet Red Cross had made payments to Oswald. He stated, however, that it is a normal practice U

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for the Soviet Red Cross to nake payments to emigros and defectors in order to assist them in enjoying a better standard of living than Soviet citizens engaged in cimilar occupations. He learned that Comald received the minimum payments from the Soviet Red Cross which he estimated to be approximately 90 rubles Fer month. He did not know then these payments began and did not know for how long they continued.

Nosenko stated that there are no Soviet regulations which would have prevented Cavald from traveling from Linck to Hoscow without police authority. He stated that to place without having to receive special permission.

Following President Mennedy's assessination
Nosenho ascertained from Oswald's file that he had had access
to a gun which he used to hunt game with fellow employees in the
USSR. He could not describe the gun used by Cowald but did
remember that it was used to shoot rabbits. Mosenko stated
that Western newspaper reports describe Cswald as an expert
hunters that Cswald's file contained statements from follow
was necessary for persons who accompanied him on hunts to
provide him with game. N

Hosenko stated that there is no KGB and no GRU training school in the vicinity of Hinsh.

According to Mosen'to, no separate file was maintained by the MGB concerning Marina Cavald and all of MGB's information concerning her was kept in Oswald's file. He said that no information in that file indicated that the MGB had any interest in Marina Oswald either while she was in the Coviet Union or after she departed the Soviet Union. Covald or Marina in the United States. M

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Nosenho opined that after Oswald departed the USSR he would not have been permitted to re-enter that country under any circumstances. He empressed the opinion that Marina and her children would have been granted permission to return alone had President Kennedy not been assassinated.

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Since the assassination of President Kennedy he does not know that decision would be made with respect to Marina Oswald and her children.

Nosento had no information that the Soviet Government ever received any contact from the Cubans concerning Oswald, and he know of no Cuban involvment in the assassination.

Nosenko stated that he had no knowledge that Ostald had made application to re-enter the Soviet Union other than through his contact with the Soviet Embassy at Mexico City. He pointed out in this connection, that had Ostald applied at the Soviet Embassy in Washington, D. C., or elsewhere, the MGB would not have ever been apprised of the visa request if the visa issuing officer at the Embassy decided on his own authority to reject the visa application.

Mosenko noted that all nail addressed to the American Embassy in Moseow, emanating abroad or from the USDR itself is first reviewed by the MGD in Moseow. Mosenko added that on occasions mail from "significant" persons is not even permitted by MGB to reach the American Embassy. In the case of Oswald, Mosenko stated that since he was of no significance or particular interest to the KGB, correspondence from Oswald would be permitted to reach the Embassy, even though critical. However, Nosenko had no knowledge that Oswald ever directed a communication of any type to the American Embassy at Moseow.

Nosenko stated that no publicity appeared in the Soviet Press or over the radio regarding Oswald's arrival or departure from the USSR and no publicity resulted from his attempted suicide. Soviet newspapers and radio have carried numerous statements concerning President Hennedy's accassination which quoted from Western newspaper stories concerning Oswald's alleged involvment including the fact that Oswald had previously visited the USSR.

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Nosenho advised he saw nothing unusual in the fact that Oswald was permitted to marry a Soviet citizen and later permitted to depart the USCR with her. He noted that Soviet law specifically provides that a Soviet citizen may marry a foreign national in the USSR and depart from the USSR with spouse provided, of course, the Soviet citizen had not had access to sensitive information.

It was his opinion that President Kennedy was held in high ecteen by the Soviet Government and that President Kennedy had been evaluated by the Soviet Government as a person interested in maintaining peace. He stated that following the ascassination, the Soviet guards were removed from around the American Embassy in Moseow and the Soviet people were permitted without interference to visit the American Embassy to empress their condelences. According to Moseome, this is the only occasion he can recall where such action had been taken. He said that the orders to remove the guards came from "above." He added that his department provided approximately 20 men who spoke the English language for assignment in the immediate vicinity of the American Embassy in Moseow to insure that no disrespect was shown during this period.