

ARABS HOLD 150 HOSTAGES IN SEIZED JETS IN DESERT; GUERRILLAS SEEK A TRADE



Hijacked Trans World Airlines and Swissair jets standing on a desert plateau in Jordan

U.S. and 4 Nations Seek Joint Stand on Detention

By TAD SZULC Special to The New York Times

Secretary of State William P. situation. Rogers met urgently here to- Coinciding with Israel's withhijackings yesterday.

joint policy toward the Pales-governments to participate eftinian guerrillas' demand for fectively in the peace efforts. the release of imprisoned com- American officials, who bemandos in return for at least lieve that the aim of the comairliners.

House.

terrupted the Labor Day holi-lessness of the Jordanian army day in Washington and turned to protect two other airliners the State Department into a in the desert. center of activity, the Administration saw the hijackings and their possible consequences as Continued on Page 17, Column 3

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7 - affecting the entire Middle East

day with diplomats from four drawal from the peace talks in other governments whose air-protest against reported violacraft and citizens were in-tions of the month-old truce by volved in the Arab commando the United Arab Republic, the hijackings raised basic questions The session was aimed at a about the ability of the Arab

150 passengers on two seized mandos is to hamper the peace negotiations, noted the in-Later in the day, Mr. Rogers ability of the Egyptian Governdiscussed the hijackings with ment to prevent the guerrillas President Nixon at the White from blowing up a jet of Pan American World Airways at As the Middle East drama in-the Cairo Airport and the help-

Among the demands report-

U.S. Seeks Joint Stand on Hijackings

was the freeing of Palestinian fairs, Joseph J. Sisco. commandos now in Israeli The problem fa commandos now in Israeli The problem facing the offered no details about its efprisons. Israel's insistence that United States was to evolve a forts to free the two jetliners governments must not "submit common approach to the guer—the Boeing 707 of Trans to blackmail" left the prospects rillas' demands, but after the World Airlines and the DC-8 for a prompt liberation of the day's conferences the State De- of Swissair-and their passenpassengers highly uncertain.

mandos included the freeing position. of their companions in Switzer- Officia land, West Germany and Brit-have been better coordinated if to move to their rescue.

ain. While Switzerland agreed Switzerland had not acted State Department of tions in Washington, and Brit-involved. ain turned down the demand.

conference with diplomats from "horse-trading" practices with There were no known meet-Israel, Britain, West Germany the Arabs. They indicated that ings today with Jordanian Emand Switzerland, State Depart-Junless the Israeli Cabinet de-bassy officials, and the State ment officials said no decisions cided to reverse this policy for Department said the dealings have been reached.

the State Department, Mr. Rog-ers conferred with Ambassador other prisoners in its hands. Swiss chargé, Charles Muller. | Calif.

conference Attending the were the Under Secretary of tary, Ronald L. Ziegler, said, have little control over the situ-State for Political Affairs, U. "We are doing all in our power lation.

ant Secretary of State for Near the passengers and the airedly made by the commandos Eastern and South Asian Af-|craft."

assengers highly uncertain.
Other demands by the comhad not yet formuated its own ment officials said there were

earlier today to let go the three alone, but they recognized her said contacts with the Jordan-Palestinian guerrillas held since right of sovereign decisionian Government at this stage 1969. Bonn was withholding making in a situation in which covered only the case of an its decision pending consulta-her citizens and aircraft were unidentified United States Army

in turned down the demand. Israeli sources said Israeli kidnapped by the guerrillas in Reporting on Mr. Rogers's traditional policy was to oppose Amman on Saturday. humanitarian reasons, the Gov-with Jordan were being han-In the five-nation meeting at ernment was unlikely to release dled by the United States

The White House press secre-

Continued From Page 1, Col. 7 Alexis Johnson, and the Assist- to bring about the release of

Although the Administration no contingency plans for action Officials said matters might by United States armed forces

State Department officials sergeant who was reportedly

chargé d'affaires in Amman, Harry Odell.

Itzhak Rabin of Israel, Ambas- Mr. Nixon and Mr. Rogers The impression given here sador John Freeman of Britain; returned to Washington late was that Mr. Odell was not the West German chargé d'af-last night from the Western trying to discuss the hijacking faires, Hans H. Noebel, and the White House at San Clemente, situation with Jordanian authorities on the ground that the Amman Government seemed to

Pan Am Is Optimistic About Improved

METHODS TO AVERT HIJACKING STUDIED

Use Would Be Limited and Some Airline Officials Are Dubious About Prospects

By RICHARD WITKIN

The perfection of several devices to intensify the screening of passengers and baggage during loading of airliners is "just around the corner," the director of security of Pan American World Airways said yesterday.

The official, Frank Cardman, said too that the airlines were developing systems for putting down hijacking attempts in flight.

But in the aftermath of the hijacking of four United Statesbound planes by Arab guerrillas Sunday, he emphasized that, to minimize chances of injuring bystanders or causing a crash, such measures would be used only when it was felt that they insured maximum safety for passengers and crew.

"It's not fair to say we're just going to keep turning airplanes in the direction the hijackers want to go," Mr. Cardman declared.

Others Less Confident

Other industry sources appeared less confident about soon finding relatively safe ways to stop hijacking once they get started. And there was almost universal opposition to copying the Israelis' tactic, illustrated on an El Al plane Sunday, of carrying armed guards and having them use guns in overpowering hijackers.

To avoid simplifying the task of would-be hijackers, the Pan American official declined to detail the devices being worked on. There has been considerable talk in the industry about

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Screening of

L

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Passengers and Baggage

several approaches to the problem of interrupting hijacking attempts without undue risk.

One approach calls for feeding a basically harmless gas into the passenger-cabin ventilation system and temporarily incapacitating the hijackers along with the rest of the occupants. The cockpit crew could protect themselves with gas masks.

Another approach involves dart guns that would inject hijackers with a substance that would temporarily paralyze them.

A third alternative would be use of so-called "stun guns" being tested by the police in Berkeley, Calif., for riotcontrol work. The guns fire small bean bags at the speed of a pitcher's fast ball. The blow is enough to incapacitate the person hit but, because it is distributed over an area the size of the flexible bag, it is not enough to kill or inflict serious injury.

The main reason for opposition to the use of armed guards is the danger that a bullet might destroy the plane, either by causing an explosion in the pressurized cabin at high altitude or by severing a control cable or other vital linkage.

Sniffing for Explosives

The highest hopes for intercepting hijackers as they board are attached to devices for sniffing the presence of almost any explosive. It is known that some experimental sniffers are already in service, apparently by El Al if not others.

Over the last year or more widening use has been made of magnetometers, which detect the presence of a gun or other metallic object as a passenger walks by. They are commonly used in conjunction with visual observation of passengers, usually when they buy tickets, to see if they betray traits

believed to be characteristic of hijackers.

One puzzling aspect of the hijackings Sunday was why security precautions had not been effective.

Officials of Trans World Airlines, which has been a prime victim on international routes and has put in force one of the most comprehensive screening systems, indicated that it was in use at Frankfurt.

As for Pan American, whose jumbo jet was hijacked after take-off from Amsterdam and then blown up on the ground at Cairo, Mr. Cardman said he did not know if magnetometers had been in use.

An Israel source in London said Sunday that the two hijackers of the El Al plane had had their belongings checked. Efforts were under way to find out how their weapons had gotten by the airline's procedures, considered the toughest in the business. Swissair, was also seeking to determine how the hijackers of its plane had escaped detection.

One problem the airlines apparently did not have to worry about immediately was the cost of damage to their planes. All were reported totally insured. On the other hand, it was expected that insurance rates would go up.

Any passengers injured in a hijacking could apparently collect limited payments for damages regardless of whether any airline negligence could be proved. Some passengers were reported injured in evacuating the Pan American jet in Cairo, for instance.

KENNEDY ARRIVAL IS JOYOUS FOR 148

300 Greet El Al Passengers With Tears and Laughter

By MICHAEL T. KAUFMAN

With tears, kisses and laughter, with spontaneous singing and dancing, 148 passengers sped through customs at Ken-nedy Airport this morning, 18 hours and 15 minutes after they were pitched into anxiety by two terrorists who tried to seize their plane, an El Al jet-liner, on route here from Tel

It was 2:30 A.M. when the first of the passengers stepped into the lobby of the International Arrivals Building to the cheers and applause of some 300 people. Most of the well-applause upon the property of the standard for the manufacturer to the standard for t comers were friends and family of the travelers, but there were others who said they knew no one aboard Flight 219, one of four United States-bound planes hijacked Sunday and the only one to escape.

Phil Horn, a 32-year-old so-cial worker from Teaneck, N. J., was one of those, and two friends were heading home in their car when they heard on the radio that the plane was landing. Hurriedly painting signs saying "Shalom" and "the People of Israel Live," they went to Kennedy. "We came to bear witness," said Mr. Horn "and to say 'Well done' to those that lived through these harrowing

A Feeling of Pride

Ralph Alnelah, a 17-year-old student at Forest Hills High School, said: "All day long, I've felt very proud. I mean, I'm Jewish, and well, I felt, here's a people, we dealt with them."

One of the passengers, Mrs.

Max Schenk, president of Hadassah, told how the hijackers boarded in Amsterdam and were seated next to her.

"The man was reading The London Times and I was reading The Observer and I thought I would ask him to switch when we finished, but I never got a chance," she recalled.
"Suddenly," she went on,

"after no words at all were said by the couple, he rose and shouted, a scream, a bellow, an animal sound that I will probably always remember and hear in my dreams. He had a small silver pistol and walked up toward the cockpit with the

girl behind." Alfred Khazzam, who was sitting behind Mrs. Schenk and who speaks Arabic, remembers

that before the man screamed he said one word to his accomplice — "Yallah!" Arabic for "Come on!"

Within the next minute or two, all passengers agree, three soft pops sounded. There was scuffling in the first-class compartment and the plane went

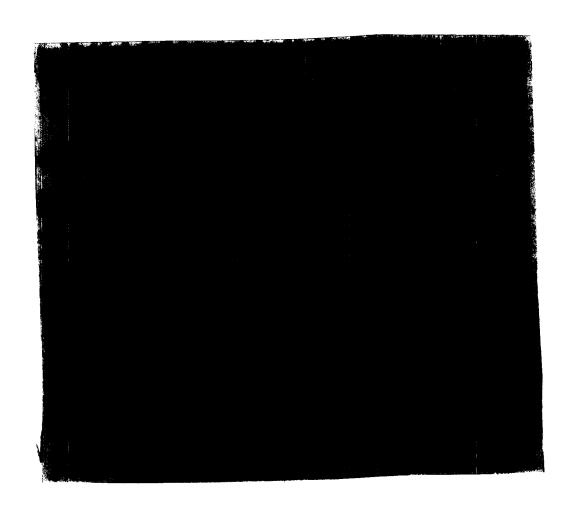
into a sharp dive.

The man with the gun was shot and subdued by security agents. Shlomo Vider, a steward, was wounded. The woman was felled by some passengers and her ankles and hands were bound.

Mrs. Schenk noticed the young woman's purse on the seat. "I thought maybe there were explosives in it, so I looked," she said. "All I saw was a Honduran passport. Then we heard we would be going to London."



CELEBRATION: Passengers from the hijacked El Al Boeing 707 dancing the hora, an Israeli folk dance, with relatives and friends at Kennedy International Airport. The plane flew from London and arrived here early yesterday morning.





RECEIVING TREATMENT: A passenger being aided by an official at the airport in Cairo yesterday for minor injuries inflicted during rapid disembarkment from hijacked Pan American 747 jumbo jet. Passengers were told that jetliner would be blown up eight minutes after landing. Explosive charges went off two minutes after everybody left craft.

Israel Urges Rejections of Hijackers' Demands

By PETER GROSE

Special to The New York Times

and major European capitals ness against guerrilla demands. coming in too fast and were too waiting. ness against guerrilla demands.

Officials deplored the Swiss and disjointed for anyone to be sure West German Governments' ap-what was being demanded of called to the telephone to speak. West German Governments' apparent willingess to free Palestinian prisoners in exchange for the passengers of two hi-

at a remote spot in Jordan.

officials argued, of the Greek were taken. free Arab prisoners last month after a Greek Olympic Airlines plane had been hijacked and held as hostage. "Once this sort of blackmail becomes successful," said one official, "there will be no end to it."

Iwo israelis, identified here curity matters when he and the crew of the New York-bound plane returned this evening. "None of the crew carries guns," was all he would say about the reported in-flight battle that took place between night, they were rushed into a Amsterdam and London. will be no end to it.

So far, Israeli officials refuse Jerusalem, and with Defense tot accept any responsibility for Minister Moshe Dayan. A Foreign Ministry spokestman said all concerned should hold the Government of Jordan which had earlier flown into cautions against hijacking and left lengths I and lengt hold the Government of Jordan responsible for the security and return of the Swissair and left Israel's Lod International Laken on El Al flights. The two return of the Swissair and Laken of El Al, flights and Laken on El Al flights. The two returns the world Airlines planes and their passengers, grounded at a remote spot in Jordan.

In a lakening in a lakening taken on El Al flights. The two required to sign papers before yesterday of a jetliner of El Al, leaving the waiting room pledguster as remote spot in Jordan. The spectacular hijackings that air piracy could be pre-their experiences. The pilot, Capt. Uri Bar-Lev, were a direct outgrowth, Israeli vented if adequate precautions

night, they were rushed into a Amsterdam and London.

In this mood, there was no special car at the bottom of the willingness here to release any steps of their plane and taken guerrilla prisoners held by Is- into a private airport room The Israeli Government told rael, as the hijacking organiza- where Israel's Minister of its ambassadors in Washington tion was reportedly demanding. Transport, Shimon Peres, and But diplomats said reports were top officials of El Al were

Within minutes, according to with Premier Golda Meir in

ducked all questions about se-Two Israelis, identified here curity matters when he and the

Sirhan Has Expected to Be Traded



Poster distributed in Arab countries by the Palestine Liberation Organization last year says, "Sirhan B. Sirhan—a guerrilla, not a murderer." Writing at bottom criticizes "Zionist circles" in the U.S. for allegedly trying to distort motives behind shooting of Senator Robert F. Kennedy.

Sirhan Bishara Sirhan whose release was mentioned in some accounts yesterday as an Arab commando demand in return for the freedom of some 150 hijacked passengers—has said in in-terviews that he expected to be freed at some time in similar fashion.

The Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine, which held the hostages, officially denied, however, making such a demand.

The slim, dark-haired Jordanian immigrant, convicted last year of the murder of Senator Robert F. Kennedy, in a small cell on death row in California's San Quentin Prison. He is appeal-

ing his death contence.

During his four-month trial last year, Sirhan repeatedly told of his intense hatred of Senator Kennedy for his espousal of the Israeli cause and for his pledges to send additional United States war planes to Israel.

U. S. AIDE SEIZED IN JORDAN CAPITAI

Sergeant Believed Held by Palestinian Commandos

AMMAN, Jordan, Sept. 7 (Reuters)—An American sergeant assigned to the United States Embassy here has been kidnapped, the embassy announced today as new violence flared in Amman between Arab commandos and Jordanian troops.

The sergeant, who was not identified, has been missing since Saturday, and the Jordanian Government was trying to get him released, the embassy

An embassy spokesman did not identify the kidnappers, but they were believed to be Palestinian commandos.

During commando clashes in June, Morris Draper, first sec-retary at the embassy, was kidnapped by commandos but released unharmed after 24 hours.

Fighting in Amman

Meanwhile, Palestine com-mandos and Jordanian security forces clashed today in Amman and its suburbs despite a twoday agreement to ease tension in the capital.

Most stores were closed and people stayed in their homes as fighting broke out in various parts of the city. There were reports of casualties, but no exact figures.

The two sides agreed Saturday to pull back forces in Amman after several clashes last week. Fighting began in various provincial towns during the weekend and later spread to Amman. Weekend fighting added 70 casualties to the 200 reported in Amman last week.

The Government blamed the

commandos for the fighting. An official Government spokesman said the commandos had started a mass search of houses in one area of the city and had detained several Jordanian soldiers. He said military and civilian vehicles had been stolen.

Television and broadcasting stations outside Amman came under machine-gun and rocket fire and a police post at Wadi Sir, north of Amman, was attacked, the spokesman said.

Guerrillas in the center of the city seized a vehicle and its two occupants, including the driver, while a traffic policeman

watched. The guerrillas then drove off through the crowded hilly streets followed by jeeps 1A carrying armed guerrillas and the occupants of the captured vehicle.

At Al-Wahdat refugee camp. main guerrilla stronghold in the Amman area, tension mounted after commandos built roadblocks of sandbags. commandos

King Hussein denled in a broadcast last night that he was trying to liquidate the commando movement. Observers said they believed the unscheduled broadcast, the King's third in eight days, was prompted by the weekend clashes.

Shortly before the broadcast over Amman radio and television, automatic fire and explosions were heard in the Jebel al-Nuzha area, north of the city.

The newspaper Fatah, organ 3 of one Palestinian group, referred today to a number of shooting incidents in Amman yesterday and accused the Jordanian authorities of responsi-bility for them. "The Palestinian revolution will not keep silent for long and will strike at the heads of the conspiracy," it said.

& CRAFT IN JORDAN

Swiss Accept Plan to Free Commandos —Bonn Said to Yield

By LINDA CHARLTON

Arab commandos held as hostages in the Jordanian desert yesterday at least 150 of the passengers aboard two of the four New York-bound jetliners they hijacked Sunday. As ransom, the commandos demanded the release of Arab guerrillas held prisoner in Sarael, Britain, Switzerland and West Germany.

The Swiss agreed to the demand, and the West Germans reportedly planned to do so.

reportedly planned to do so.

In Jerden, 127 passengers, believed to be women and clildren, were released at the desert plateau where the planes landed, about 70 miles from Amman. The passengers were then taken to a hotel in the Jordanian capital,

The two planes held in Jordan were among the four hijacked by members of the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine. The aircraft

¶A Swissair DC-8 from Zurich, with 155 passengers and crew, diverted to the Jordanian desert.

¶A Trans World Airlines Beeing 707 from Frankfurt, with 151 passengers and crew, also diverted to the "revolution airstrip."

¶An El Al Israel Airlines 707 from Amsterdam, whose crew and passengers thwarted a midair hijacking by two young Arabs, one of whom was killed. All 148 passengers, and a new crew of 10, arrived in New York early yesterday from London, where the jet made an emergency landing after the abortive hijacking.

¶A Pan American World Airways 747 jumbo jet, hijacked first to Beirut and then to Cairo, where the \$23-million aircraft was blown up on the runway minutes after the 169 passengers and crew members were evacuated. Late yesterday a special Pan Am flight was bringing back to New York

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Continued From Page 1, Col. 8

137 of those aboard. Two remained in Cairo and 30 in Rome, where the flight made a stopover.

Spokesmen for the Popular Front in Amman said that the remaining Swissair and T.W.A. passengers—or at least the American, British and West German men—would be held hostage for the imprisoned commandos. They set a dead-line of 10 P.M. Wednesday, New York time. The exchange of the Israelis was a later demand.

There were early reports from commando spokesmen in Beirut that the release of Sirhan B. Sirhan, the assassin of Senator Robert F. Kennedy, was also a condition for the release of the passengers. But these reports were denied by the Popular Front in Amman last night. The Beirut spokesman acknowledged that final decisions for the guerrilla organization were made in Amman.

The commando demands forced a day of intense diplomatic negotiation in both Europe and the United States, including a meeting of representatives of Britain, Israel, Switzerland and West Germany with Secretary of State William P. Rogers in Washington.

Return of Body Sought

The release of one of the two El Al hijackers, 24-year-old Leila Khaled, was among the initial demands made by the commandos. Miss Khaled was largely responsible for the hijacking of a T.W.A. 707 to Syria in August, 1969, an operation that was, until Sunday, regarded as the Popular Front's most successful undertaking. The return of the body of the Miss Khaled's male colleague, who was shot and killed during their attempt to seize the jet shortly after it took off from Amsterdam, was another condition set by the commandos.

They also demanded the release of three Arabs failed in Switzerland for their part in an attack on an Israeli airliner at Zurich's airport last year, and of three guerrillas jailed in West Germany for an attack last February on Israelis at an airport lounge in Munich.

In return, the commandos offered to free the passengers and crew of the T.W.A. Boeing 707, valued at about \$8-million, and of the Swissair DC-8, which an airline spokesman said had a value of about \$10-million. As for the aircraft, a spokesman in Beirut said: "You will."

get the answer, but not now."
Swiss Accept Terms

The commandos later added to their terms. They said that the release of an unspecified number of Arab guerrillas held in Israel. A commando spokesman said that about 3,000 guerrillas were interned in Israel and that the exact number whose freedom would be required would be stipulated later. There were indications that the release of Israeli passengers and of passengers holding dual Israeli and American citizenship might be linked specifically to the freeing of the guerrillas held by Israel.

The Swiss federal and can-



The New York Times Sept. 8, 1970
Hijacked planes were held
on a desert plateau (cross).

tonal (state) governments announced early yesterday that they had agreed to the terms and had asked the International Committee of the Red Cross to negotiate the exchange. A special mission left for Amman later.

A spokesman for the West German Interior Ministry said after an all-day meeting of Cabinet officials that the Government "had decided to take measures to counter the ultimatum of the kidnappers." Later, an authoritative source said unofficially that the West German Government planned to release the three commandos.

In London, Prime Minister Heath met with advisers to discuss the British response. No decision was announced last night, and another meeting was scheduled for this morning.

T,W,A,'s president, F. C. Wiser, said in New York yesterday that he was in continual communication with officials of the State Department in Washington to facilitate the return of passengers on the hijacked flight. T.W.A. released a list of

passengers aboard its flight, and later a list of those passengers who had been taken from the plane to Amman. Swissair declined to release its passenger list on grounds that publication of the names could endanger the people who are being held.

Excited by the success of three of their four hijacking attempts Sunday, officials of the Popular Front seemed to be trying to gain as much tactical and propaganda advantage as possible yesterday. Addressing reporters in an information center in downtown Beirut, a spokesman said the commandos had blown up the hijacked Pan American jumbo jet in Cairo to "symbolize our protest against the acceptance of the American peace plan by the United Arab Republic." This called for a 90-day cease-fire, which began Aug. 7, to allow indirect peace talks, which have broken down.

Jordanian a Negotiator

The release of some of the Swissair and T.W.A. passengers was made, a commando spokesman said, because "they could not endure" conditions aboard the planes. The spokesman said they were free to go as they pleased from Amman. Their reease came after negotiations between the commandos and

Lieut. Gen. Mashur Haditha, the chief of staff of the Jordanian Army.

The planes, according to Michael Clayton of the British Broadcasting Corporation, are a two-hour drive from Amman, "on a hard plateau, not on an airstrip."

"Palestine commandos are standing by the aircraft with guns," he said. "The passengers are inside the aircraft under the blazing sun amid the baking expanse. In a complete ring outside the commandos are more than 50 tanks and armored cars of the Jordanian Army. Both sides are playing an appalling game of bluff. There is a threat of battle if either side makes a false move."

There was no formal com-ment from the Jordanian Government about the hijackings, and no move by the Jordanian and Army to try to rescue the passengers or to take possession

of the planes.

The released prisoners were brought to the Hotel Jordan Intercontinental in Jordanian Army buses. One passenger on the Swissair flight, Gerry Tomiatti, a beautician from Queens, said her first indication of a hijacking came when a

voice said over the plane's loudspeaker: "Good evening. You now have a new captain."

The passengers said that the planes had been undamaged during the desert landing, but that two passengers—one with a broken wrist and another with a broken leg—had been treated at Amman's hospitals. The released passengers also said they had spent the night

said they had spent the largest strapped into the plane seats.

Representatives of the International Committee of the Red Cross were reportedly allowed to bring blankets and other supplies to the passengers remaining in the planes.

Selective Basis Possible

Spokesmen for the Popular Front indicated that passengers might be released on a selective basis, by nationality, with British, American and West German men passengers held until the young woman held in Britain and the three Arabs held in West Germany were released, as well as the Arabs in Swiss custody. The implied demand for the Israeli exchanged was made later.

All other passengers would be released, the spokesmen said, and two Indian men were among the passengers allowed to leave for Amman yesterday.

In London yesterday, a tele- 50 phoned bomb scare led to the removal of 80 passengers and crew members from the first El Al flight from New York, but no explosives were found aboard the Boeing 707. The bomb threat was received after the jet arrived and was parked away from the terminal, ringed by police cars. All bagbage was taken off and searched, and the passengers, who had already reboarded for the flight to Tel Aviv, debarked again.

In a comment on the foiled El Al hijacking, a guerrilla spokesman in Beirut yesterday protested the presence of armed security guards abroad El Al flights as "in a gross violation of international law."

Some Hijacking Victims Begin To Reach Amman From Desert

AMMAN, Jordan, Sept. 7 (AP) airstrip 25 miles northeast of Tired, dusty and thirsty, some of the women and children passengers of Swissair and Trans World Airlines jets hijacked world Airlines jets hijacked wasterday began arriving in large was on fire," she said. "About half the passenger wasterday began arriving in large was on the plane was on fire," she yesterday began arriving in gers went down the emergency Amman tonight after being escape chute before we realized freed by their Arab guerrilla there was no danger.' captors.

the planes under a blistering belts fastened at the guerrillas' sun in the desert northeast of orders. Early today a delegate of the International Committee Amman for 15 hours before the of the international committee guerrillas decided that about of Red Cross arrived and per120 women and children could suaded the guerrillas to permit the passengers to go to the rest rooms, Miss Tomiatti said.

A New York passenger, who have the marrillas and the could that her name not be German and Swiss—were still hostage by the guerrillas.

from Queens, asked for a drink plane had made a bumpy landof water when she arrived in ing and stopped quickly to the Jordanian capital. She was returning to New York on the Swissair flight when the plane was seized by the hijackers.

The first she knew of the act, she said, was when someone said over the public address to Amman's Italian Hospital.

she said, was when someone said over the public address to Amman's Italian Hospital system: "Good evening. You now have a new captain."

When the DC-8 landed at the for a broken leg.

The 145 passengers and crew They had been confined to spent the night with their seat-

asked that her name not be Gerry Tomiatti, a beautician used, said that the Swissair



Associated Press
HIJACKERS: From the left, Samir Abdel Maguid, Mazen Abu Mehnid and Aly Sayed Aly
at Cairo airport after destroying plane. Egyptian authorities held them for questioning.

Passengers on T.W.A. Jet

Following is a list of the passengers aboard Trans World ALFRED Airlines Flight 741 when it was ADASSI hijacked to Jordan Sunday. The BORMEISTER names of passengers on another CULLEN names of passengers on another plane hijacked to Jordan, a Swissair jet were not available. According to reports from Jordan, about 80 women, children and old people have been freed and some male passengers will be released later. Their names H

be released later. Their names
were not disclosed.

A second list, which appears
after the main list, contains
RIDENHOUR, Waiter
RIDENHOUR, Wars. P. JACOBSON, Mrs. S. names of passengers on Flight 741 who, according to T.W.A., DAVE are now housed in the Intercontinental Hotel in Amman, Jordan. Discrepancies are due MOHAN PALCONDIMAR to fragmentary nature of reto fragmentary nature of reports.

BOARDED AT TEL AVIV

BERKOWITZ (infant)
JANKOLOVITZ (child)
JANKOLOVITZ (child)
JANKOLOVITZ (child)
JANKOLOVITZ (child)
JANKOWLOVITZ (child)
JANKOWLOVITZ,
Mrs. E.
SPUNGIN, Mr. A.
RAB, Mr. M.
RAB, Mr. M.
RAB, Mr. M.
RAB, Mr. M.
RAB, Mr. D.
RAB, Mr. M.
RAB, Mr. D.
RAB, Mr. M.
RAB, Mr. D.
RAB, T. (child)
FINKELSTEIN,
Miss E.
FINKELSTEIN,
Mrs. E.
BEDER, Miss R.
TRACHMAN, J. (child)
MORAINE, T. (child)
FUND, Mr. M.
DRILLMAN, Rabbi Y.
HUNTER, Rabi Y.
HUNTER, Rabi Y.
HUNTER, Mrs. Y.
DAVID, Mrs. J.
DOES (child)
CHESLIER, Miss F.
PORTER, Miss B.
SIEGEL, MISS B. HARARI, Rafoul, HARARI, RATOUI,
RABDI
HARARI, RATOUI, Mrs.
HARARI, Rafoui
(child).
HARARI, Rafoui
(infant).
HARARI, Rafoui (infant). HARARI, Rafoul (infant). HARARI, Rafoul (infant). LIMIGHT, Rafoul (Infant). BERGER, Miss M. HERMAN, Miss M. DAYAN, Miss J. LESTER, N. (child) LESTER, N. (child) GRUBLER, Miss E. MALKA, Miss S. KOSOKOWSKI, Mrs R. GOREN, Miss P. GOREN, Miss N. MILLER, Mr. B. HOROWITZ, M. MILLER, Mr. B. HOROWITZ, M. (infant) FINSTEIN, Mr. FINSTEIN, Mrs. FINSTEIN, Miss NEWTON, Mrs. H. NEWTON, Mr. J. GOLDSCHMIDT, Miss D. GROSSMAN, A.
(child)
GROSSMAN, Mrs. T.
GROSSMAN, M.(child
HOROWITZ, Mrs. J.
FINSTEIN, Mrs. B.
FINSTEIN (child) GOLDSCHMIDI,
Miss D.
ROSMAN, H. (child)
ROSMAN, L. (child)
ROSMAN, Mrs. E.
KAHN (child)
KAHN (child)
KAHN, Mrs. T.
BERKOWITZ, Mrs. G.
LESTER, Mrs. G.
BERKOWITZ, Dr. G. HIRSCH, Mr. HIRSCH, R. (child) HIRSCH, Mrs. H. KOSTER, Mr. V.

> GIVE A KID A CAMP. VIA FRESH AIR FUND.

BOARDED AT FRANKFURT

SCHKE, R. B. REDEA OLLINGSWORTH OLLINGSWORTH KADABA
LAPEZ
VASQUEZ
VASQUEZ
McBRIDE, Jane
ORTLINGHAUS
PELIKAN, Miss
PITTARDO, C.
POLLET, R. B.
ROGERO
ROGERO
SWANSON SWANSON SMITH SMITH STRAUSS, D. TEMEL WARNOCK ZAUNER

DENHOUR, Mrs. P. JACOBSON, Mrs.

BOARDED AT BOMBAY

O JABBEN
O MORSE
O MECKONI
HAN KOTHARI
LCONDIMAR KANATANI
IMAS
PTA PATEL
PTA OMPRAKASH

BOARDED AT BANGKOK WOODS, J. L. SCHWARTS, R. N.

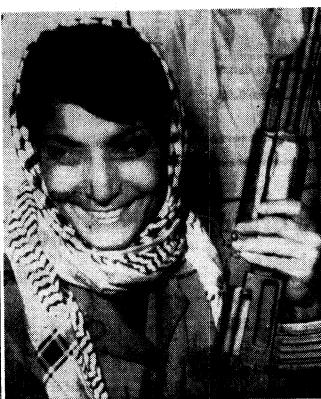
HOUSED IN HOTEL

HOUSED
ADASSI, Daiwish
ADASSI, Yvonne
BORMEISTER, Marlys
CAIN, L. (infant)
CAIN, L. (infant)
CAIN, Heidi
CULLEN, Heidi
CULLEN, Ingebore
DAVE, Rainikant
GUPTA, M. C.
GUPTA, Manu
GUPTA, Santush
HAMDOAN, Abdullas
JABBEN, Zahera
KANATAÍNAT, Sanfosh
IN HOTEL
KAMATANAT, Shirley
KOHARI, Java S.
MCBRIDE, Jayne
MOHAN, Laskimii
ORTLINGHAUS, Rose
PALONDICAR, M. C.
PATEL, Ashvin N.
PELIKAN, Christel
POLLET, Sofia
PORTER, Nancy
PRAKASH, O. M.
SWINSON, John
THOMAS, Saraia
KANATAÍNAT, Sanfosh

Denmark Won't Extradite Pole Who Hijacked a Plane

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 7 (AP)
-The Danish Government decided today against extraditing Zbigniew Iwanicki, a 29-yearold Polish butcher who hijacked a Polish airliner with 23 passengers and forced it to land in Copenhagen on June 5. The decision was made in the face of official pressure by Poland.

Justice Minister Knud Thes trup said that however much the Danish Government de-nounced hijackings there would be little preventive effect from extraditing the Polish hijacker.



United Press International

FOILED IN REPEAT HIJACKING: Leila Khaled, 24, after she helped hijack a T.W.A. jet to Damascus, Syria, last August. The photograph above has appeared many times in European and Israeli publications. Her male colleague was shot and killed during attempt to seize El Al jetliner on Sunday and she was taken into custody in London. Her release was demanded by the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine. She belongs to the organization. A Honduran passport was found in a purse she was carrying.

Legal Help for Hostages Is Lacking

By JAMES M. NAUGHTON Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7-In the view of legal experts, the by United States appeared powerby Arab guerrillas in Jordan.

Inaving a noie here," said Frank of political prisoners. Mr. Jordanian Government to control the Palestinian guerrillas. American World Airways who was, until this year, a State the rebels.

Department legal expert on air priracy. piracy.

the Trans World Airlines and capture of American officials. Swissair jets hijacked yesterday over Europe.

partment said was not being dom of 15 political prisoners. ternationally.

contemplated, there was little Domingo, Lieut. Col. Donald J. some sort of new international the United States could do ex-

Among the guerrilla demands secure their release. number of commandos held in Israeli prisons. But Itzhak Rabin, Israel's Ambassador to the Imited States indicated follows. United States, indicated following a meeting with Secretary of State William P. Rogers that his Government would not accede to the demand.

"No one should submit to blackmail," said Mr. Rabin. "We look upon governments whose carriers were hijacked for the release of all passengers."

The State Department thus appeared to have been placed in a dilemma similar to that

Dan Americans, two Mitrione and Dr. Claude L. Fly, icans. Uruguayan rebels last

less today to obtain the release of some 150 airline passengers and crew members held hostage the Uruguayan Government, the Uruguayan Government, The situation is complicated Arab guerrillas in Jordan. which refused to meet a guer-by the situation is complicated by the apparant inability of the ving a hole here." said Frank

to discourage two other Latin- a nation in which a hijacked The chief concern of the American governments from plane lands must permit pas-United States was for the meeting the demands of kidnap-sengers and crew to continue safety of the Americans aboard pers in earlier cases involving their journey as soon as prac-

C. Burke Elbrick, the Ameriay over Europe. can Ambassador to Brazil, was to the international agreement, but Jordan is not, and the guerin Jordan, which the State De-tivity in exchange for the free-rillas have no legal standing incept continue to resort to Crowley, was freed in March compact under which airlines diplomacy.

diplomacy.

Limitations Underscored

"We are responsible for them, to the degree we can be of help to them," a State Department to them," a State Department to them, and the simple of spokesman said. His comment of the airplane hijackers, Arab depend largely upon the guerunderscored the limitations on guerrillas, would be to send rillas and Israeli responses to the amount of American help United States troops to guarantheir demands.

"The dilemma is clear," said that could be made available.

posed by the kidnapping of out, on the ground that they A. would be used to protect Amer-

But in the airline hijacking the State Department is said to In that instance, the United believe that it would not help

The United States is a party

a State Department official. President Johnson sent troops "Either surrender to their terms

Hijackers in Cairo Say They Blew Up 747

SEPTEMBER 8, 1970

in Retaliation for U.S. Support of Israel

Warn That Oil Property Of Americans Is Next

By RAYMOND H. ANDERSON

Special to The New York Times

CAIRO, Sept. 7—Left-wing Palestinian guerrillas who hijacked a Pan American jumbo jet to Cairo and blew it up on the runway minutes after landing this morning told passengers the action was in retaliation for support of Israel by the United States and warned that American operated oil wells would be next.

The Boeing 747 was torn by explosions less than two minutes after the 173 passengers and crew members, as well as the two Palestinan hijackers and an explosives expert who joined the plane in Beirut, had slid down escape chutes and scrambled away across the surrounding desert sand.

About half a dozen passen-

About half a dozen passengers were injured in the escape and some were hospitalized. The hijackers had said the explosives would not go off until eight minutes after the evacuation of the plane.

There were conflicting reports about the number of persons on the 747, but John G. O'Neill, the Pan American World Airways manager in Cairo, put the total at 155 passengers, 14 crew members and four "Pan American personnel."

Waiting in Lounge

Apart from those hospitalized, the passengers and crew were taken to the airport transit lounge to await a special flight from London to take them to New York, the destination of the jet when it left Amsterdam yesterday.

The special flight left Cairo late this afternoon with all the passengers and crew members

except three—two injured passengers and the husband of one.

The wreckage of the \$23-million jet was being cleared from the runway this afternoon. The only sections still intact of the 355-ton, six-story-high plane were the tail and a portion of the left wing.

The jet was hijacked by two guerrillas of the Marxist-oriented Pepular Front for the Liberation of Palestine. The hijackers, described by passengers as "perfect gentlemen," said that the seizure of the plane was coordinated with other hijackings vesterday.

er hijackings yesterday.

The popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine is frowned upon by the Egyptian leadership. Dozens of its members have been expelled from Cairo in recent weeks because of hostility to Cairo's acceptance of the United States settlement initiative.

The treatment accorded the three commandos who brought the plane here is uncertain. Al Ahram, the semiofficial Cairo

newspaper obliquely criticized the hijacking, saying that the Palestinians should seek the support of world opinion, not antagonize it.

The plane landed in Cairo at 4:23 A.M., local time (9:23 P.M., Sunday, New York time.)

"The hijackers told us the plane would be blown up, but they said it so politely and with such smiles that we couldn't take this too seriously," recalled Cornelius Van Aalst, the jet's flight service supervisor, in the airport restaurant this morning. He added:

"But we got everyone ready

to escape fast after landing, asking them to take off their shoes for the slide down the chute. We put the shoes in blankets to throw them, but some got lost." Egyptian authorities gave shoes to passengers who arrived in the terminal in their stockings.

The hijackers were "very friendly," and showed "exemplary manners" to the passengers, Mr. Van Aalst said, adding that one helped carry an injured woman in a blanket from the plane.

Motives Were Explained

Dr. James Helme, a pediatrician from Nashville, said that the hijackers, nervous at first, had soon calmed down and began talking with pessengers. They explained their motives and the objectives of the Palestinian movement.

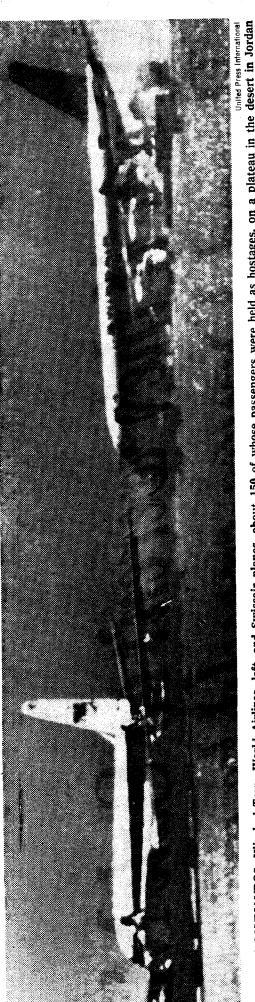
"We are going to blow up this plane and after that it will be the American oil wells," one of the hijackers told Dr. Helme.

One of the planes was hijacked, the Palestinian said, so it and its passengers could be held as hostages for the release of Sirhan B. Sirhan, the Palestinian immigrant to the United States who was convicted of the murder of Robert F. Kennedy.

Dr. Alan Shalita of the New York University Medical Center said the hijackers had checked passports of all the passengers, and had asked passengers their occupations. They also asked if there were any Israeli citizens aboard.

"They told us they didn't like the United States but liked the American people, didn't like Israel but had no hatred of Jews," Dr. Shalita said.

Capt. J. W. Priddy, the chief pilot, who had taken his wife for her first flight on a jumbo jet, said that the hijackers had forced him to fly low over Cairo several times before allowing him to land, suspicious that he might have flown to some other city.



HELD BY COMMANDOS: Hijacked Trans World Airlines, left, and Swissair planes, about 150 of whose passengers were held as hostages, on a plateau in the desert in Jordan



SMOLDERING: Pan American's 747 jumbo jet after commandos in Cairo blew it up