Suit Over JFK Assassination Book

Baltimore Sun

er-ending conspiracy theories sur-rounding the death of President John F. Kennedy. Get ready to rekindle the nev-

death nearly 33 years ago is suing in Baltimore, where a former Sewill be played out in federal court tect Kennedy on the day of his cret Service agent assigned to pro-This time, one of those theories

Killed JFK" alleges that the agent slipped and accidentally pulled the trigger of his high-powered AR-15 "Mortal Error: The Shot That Nov. 22, 1963 rifle, striking Kennedy in the head A little-known book called

a Baltimore suburb - that just won't go away. by a ballistics expert from Towson. It's a theory - first advanced

ren growing up and hearing other children say, 'Hey, your grandfa-ther killed the president of the United States.'" "He doesn't want his grandchild-Mark S. Zaid, an attorney for for-mer agent George W. Hickey, 73 "We're trying to stop this now while Hickey's still alive," said

more Sun, his lawyer said. preferably printed on full-page ads in the New York Times, the from St. Martin's Press in New Washington Post and the Balti-York. He also wants an apology, Hickey is seeking damages

But it doesn't look like Hickey

locity, thin-jacketed projectile— the kind fired by an AR-15. sign that the bullet was a high-ve-

ment, but he said he admires Hickory on a public television show ey's heroism. to disclose the details of the settlehosted County after he recounted his thesuit filed by Hickey in Baltimore Kweisi Mfume. Donahue declined Last year, Donahue settled a by then-Representative

"He showed a great deal of

courage and nerve to stand up during an ambush and try to return fire," Donahue said.

which holds one of the largest col 1978. One of Hickey's lawyers is the theory was dismissed by a House Select Assassination Committee in chives and Research Center director of the Assassination Arry "absolutely ridiculous." The experts. The director of the JFK Assassination Center calls his theo-

Donahue's theory has been brushed off by several Kennedy

the nation.

lections of Kennedy documents in

said Zaid, one of Hickey's lawyers "Assassination researchers on both sides all agree on one thing," " 'Mortal Error' is wrong."

problems. are facing statute of limitation years ago, Hickey and his lawyers book was published nearly four the one in Maryland. Because the lating to "Mortal Error," including libel suits around the country re-So far, Hickey has filed three

will see an apology anytime soon

attorney for St. Martin's. merit," said David N. Kaye, chief "The case is utterly without

the 350-page book recounts the day experts agree. Published in 1992, and other Kennedy assassination says "Mortal Error" is simply false, U.S. District Court in Baltimore, of the assassination and focuses on the actions of Hickey. Hickey's suit, filed recently in

murder in Dallas, Hickey was 40 at July 1963, four months before the dent's personal protection detail in the time. Hickey to be assigned to the presi-Kennedy cleared the way for

the first volley in Dallas' Dealey. Plaza that day, he pulled out an AR-15 assault-type rifle while alleges that when Hickey heard nalist Bonar Menninger, the book standing in a trailing Cadillac out-Written by Missouri-based jour-

fitted for the Secret Service.

that point, Hickey lost his balance in the Cadillac, "Mortal Error" ond - the so-called "magic bullet" Oswald hit the pavement. The secin the head. says, and he accidentally pulled the trigger, hitting the president struck Kennedy in the neck. At The first shot by Lee Harvey

negligent homicide for shooting ey by accusing him of a crime liberate cover-up for three de Kennedy — and by alleging that the agent has participated in a dename Menninger as a defendant -The suit says the book libels Hicksays "Mortal Error" is "replete tory statements and innuendoes." with false and misleading defama-The lawsuit - which does not

The lawsuit quotes numerous passages from the book, calling them libelous and saying they

were published with "reckless disregard" of the truth.

"So Hickey reaches down and grabs the AR-15 off the floor, flips off the safety and stands up on the seat, preparing to return fire," one passage reads. "But his footing is precarious. The follow-up car hits the brakes or speeds up. Hickey begins to swing the gun around to draw a bead on Oswald, but he loses his balance. He begins to fall. And the barrel happens to be pointing toward Kennedy's head. And the gun happens to go off."

Hickey, who lives in Abingdon, declined through his lawyer to discuss the case. Menninger did not return a call to his home in Kansas City, Mo. But Howard Donahue, the ballistics expert responsible for the theory, said he still stands by it.

Donahue's theory was published in 1977, when the Baltimore Sun ran a two-part magazine article. Hickey was not named in the article, but Donahue's theory was discussed in detail. To this day, he says there is plenty of evidence to support it.

Donahue — who was not named as a defendant in the suit — says the entrance wound in Kennedy's head was slanted from left to right, precluding a shot from the Texas School Book Depository where Oswald took aim. He also says the wound was a quarter-inch wide, an indication that a large-caliber round like one fired by an AR-15 hit Kennedy. He says the bullet exploded upon impact, another