Jim Garrison, who tried to prove JFK slaying conspiracy, dies at 70

Ex-New Orleans DA gained fame, drew criticism for efforts By Lee Hancock the surface of the search of

Former Orleans Parish District Attorney Jim Garrison, who gained fame for his quixotic effort to prove a CIA conspiracy behind the Kennedy assessination, died Wednesday in his New Orleans home.

Mr. Garrison died of natural causes. He was 70. He had been ill for months with severe heart problems, according to a family

friend. (1)
Mr. Garrison served until last year as a ndge on Louisians's 4th Circuit Court of Appeals. He was elected to the bench in 1978, Please see Jill on Page 26A.

term as district attorney to current Orleans Parish District Attorney Harry Connick.

His 12 years as district attorney were noted chiefly for his obsessive effort to prove that the CIA was behind the Nov. 22, 1963, assassination of President John F. Kennedy. Mr. Garrison also sought to uncover what he contended was a federal government plot to hide the conspiracy and pin the killing on a lone gunman, Lee Harvey Cawald.

His theorise led to the prosecution of prominent New Orleans businessman Clay



judge on Louisiana's eth cuit Court of Appeals.

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have be a charge of conspiring to ill the president. The nationally unlicized 1969 trial ended in Mr. w's acquittal and forever colred Mr. Garrison's career.

That's what people will think but I prefer to remember Jim the of he was from the early '60s," the borner U.S. Attorney John one of Mr. Garrison's former nisitiats.

"I was very very impressed with mi Garrison as a DA, his aggresveness, his intelligence, his phiupby of law enforcement," he aid. "I didn't always agree with in, especially in some aspects of he Kennedy investigation. But I could never accuse Jim of being inncere, I think he believed in what e was doing."

One of three books that Mr. Garson wrote about the trial and his neories on the Kennedy assassinaon inspired Oliver Stone's controrsial 1991 movie, JFR

Adarge man with a distinctive are and booming voice that made him a natural courtroom performer, Mr. Garrison enjoyed the controversy spawned by the Kenne divestigation, friends said.

was drawn to it," said John ging a retired court of appeals ad close friend of Mr. Garrisince the two attended law



Jim Garrison and his wife, Liz, leave a federal court in New Orieans in 1973 afer he was acquitted of a bribery charge.

together.

Carrison's dogged and often may ant pursuit of his conspirheory drew harsh criticism m fawyers and legal scholars, m federal officials and from many prominent New Orleans residents.

The Irial also was considered a

humiliation because a jury took less than an hour to acquit Mr. Shaw after hearing evidence for 34 days.

"That was a low point of his term in office," said Mr. Connick, "To the set of us who were familiar with his injustigation, the indictment of City Thew was a gross miscarriage of justice. It's not something that these is us who are aware of the facts had proud of."

Byes so Mr. Garrison came back to parest Mr. Connick in a landstide in 1996 after Mr. Shaw was acquit-

cia cause the person on the strain of troups, the less influential per other little people in this society of that he was their champies on Guiatta said.

Shale Bertel, one of Mr. Garriso desistants during the Kennedy in extraction, said the common No Deteams resident saw the forme extrict attorney as Targer the pass, even though he lost the

Gerrison served during
W year it as an artillery spatter
pit the told friends that he dacit to become an advocate for the



Revin Costner played Jim Garrison in the 1991 movie JFK based on one of Mr. Garrison's books.

underdog after seeing prisoners freed from a German concentration camp by Allied troops.

The Rennedy investigation was not his first brush with notoriety. Shortly after taking office in 1962. Mr. Garrison led a series of highly publicized raids on French Quarter gambling and prostitution dens.

He also took on the parish's judges, even taking the previously unheard-of step of campaigning against some of them.

But friends said he became obsessed with the Kennedy assassination after a chance conversation with then-Sen. Russell Long during a airplane flight from Washington, D.C.

The sunator, whose father, political boss Huey Long, was gunned down in the Louisiana state capitol in 1935, expressed grave doubts about the Warren Commission report. The report, released by a presidential committee headed by U.S. Supreme Court Chief Justice Earl Warren, concluded that Oswald screed alone in killing the president.

"I would say that conversation is the thing that really set Garrison in motion," Mr. Bertel said.

Mr. Garrison played the role of Justice Warren in the movie.

Even many friends ultimately rejected Mr. Garrison's conspiracy theories, and after he lost the trial, Mr. Garrison complained that his effort had been unfairly branded as an elaborate publicity bid.

'He felt that his intention was misunderstood. He was indeed sincere." Mr. Gulatta said.

But admirers said Mr. Garrison's effort raised questions about the assassination that lead many to reject the Warren Commission report.

"He's, kind of my hero," said Larry Howard, director of the JPK Information Center in Dallas, an organization devoted to probing cosspiracy theories about the assassnation, "He's kept this case alive."

in 1973. Mr. Garrison was indicted by a federal grand jury on a charge of taking bribes to protect iffegal pinball gambling. He was aquitted, but a month later, he lost his bid for a fourth term to Mr. Connick