IE NEW YORK TIMES,

to Turn Over File to Socialist Workers

to turn over its file concerning an F.B.I. informer who report-edly carried out a burglary on July 7 at the office of the So-cialist Workers Party in n-

Judge Thomas P. Gries. issued the order yesterday in Pederal District Court in Man-hattan, said the F.B.I. must give the informer's, file and any documents about the burglary to lawyers for the Socialist Workare Party by noon tomorrow,.

The judge said he might him unexpurgated documents, reconsider his order if the Government could show him that the disclosure of specific inforthe C.I.A." to explain to him. ernment could show him that the disclosure of specific infor-mation in the F.B.I. file would interfere with a criminal inves-tigation of te burglary case.

Leonard Boudin and Herbert Jordan, lawyers for the Socialist Workers Party, told Judge Griesa that they wanted the F.B.I. material about the burglary to question the informer, Timothy Fedfern, in connection with the party's lawsuit against the bureau and other Goven-

ment agencies.

Regarding another aspect of the party's suit, Judge Griesa asked the Central Intelligence By ARNOLD H. LUBASCH
A judge has ordered the Federal Bureau of Investigation to turn over its file contents apparent burglaries and also apparent burglaries and electronic surveillance of Americans abroad.

The C.I.A. provided Judge Griesa with a number of secret documents this week to be expectable in connection.

amined privately in connection with the suit, but he said at yesterday's court session that the documents contained so information had been "overheard by means" that he could not defermine the significance of the into premises abroad." material.

in private why the Government; contends that the specific docu-ments are privileged material of that should be kept secret.

John S. Siffert and William Brandt, assistant United States attorneys representing the Government, told the judge that they would give him an answer from the C.I.A. as soon

as possible.

The immediate issue in the C.I.A. as pect of the case coacerns two affidavits that George Bush, the agency's chief, submitted this month in response to the suit's request for information about surveillance of the Socialist Workers

Party. In one of the sworn statements, Mr. Bush disclosed that C.I.A. files contained information indicating that some of the party:s members and associates

Haterial.

Mr. Bush also submitted a lift the C.I.A. declines to give top secret" affidavit, which only the judge was permitted to see, officially stating why the Government contended that all the information about the all the information about the electronic surveillance and break-ins abroad constituted privileged documents could not be disclosed. that

The Government's lawyers asked Judge Griesa to accept the claim of privilege without seeing the documents, but he said he wanted to examine the documents privately so that he could decide later whether they should be disclosed as evidence in the suit.

Griesa scheduled Judge Griesa scheduled another session on the discovery issue for today in the court in Manhattan, where the Social-ist Workers Party originally filed its suit three years ago seeking millions of doltars in damages for Hegal activities by

Government agencies.

The suit has resulted in disclosures that F.B.I. agents broke into the Manhattan headquarters of the Socialist Work-ers Party more than 90 times from 1960 to 1966.

## Black Bag Jobs

## FBI Man Tells of His Burglaries

West lagton

An FBi agent has testified that he committed at least 50 burglaries curring the 1950s and 1980s with the approval of higher FEI officials in New 3 and Washington, it was disclosed yesterday.

The sworn statement of agent G

orge P. Baxurum, filed in a \$37 million civil damage suit brought by the Socialist Workers party, represents the first account of so-called "black bag jobs" by a participant.

Hawtrum, who estimated he inight have committed as many as 90 breakins at New York offices of the Socialist Workers party, said he once received an incentive award for the burglaries from John F. Malone, the now-retired head of the FBI's New York field office.

Baxtrum said FBI headquarbers in Washington approved written requests for the break-ins. He said he didn't know the names of afficials involved.

Baxirum's account of so-called black bag jobs covered 260 pages of transcript made public in federal court. Under questioning by attorney Herbert Jordan, representing the Socialist Workers party. Baxtrum said his New York section chief — whom he declined to name first had to approve each breakin.

"His authority was necessary,"

In addition, he said, "I would, a I recall, prepare a brief premo taking that contact was being planned for a certain date and agrest the official (the section that) to obtain authority."

After transmittal to FBI headquarters "the memorandum would be returned to me with a written notation, 'Approval has been obtained,' "Baxtrum said.

FBI Director Clarence Kelley acknowledged last month that additional break-ins had occurred in the last five years, despite instructions in 1966 from former Director J. Edgar Hoover that "surreptitious entries" should cease.

At least 20 FBI agents are under investigation by the Justice Department in connection with those break-ins, which Kelley said occurred in 1972 and 1973. Those burglaries were reportedly directed at friends and relatives of fugitive members of the radical Weather Underground organization.

Justice Department officials said yesterday, however, that their probe has been expanded to include a July 7 burglary, of a Socialist Workers party office in Denver. The SWP said an FBI informer has admitted conducting the burglary.

Baxtrum, in his deposition, said he participated in burglaries as a member of the New York FBI office from 1958 to 1965. He is presently an agent in Milwaukee.

Bartram said the break-ins were simed at examining and photographing penefs that would show "the conspiratorial nature of the party in its continued adherence to Trotskyite Communist philosophy and its connection with other foreign parties which were also Trotskyites." Financial information and membership lists were also sought, he said.

The burgiaries that Baxisum acknowledged occurred too long ago for him to be prosecuted, authorities said.

Baxtrum said a team of agents conducted most break-ins by picking locks in the early morning hours when SWP offices were vacant

Information gained from the break-ins would be written up by FEI agents as having come from "a highly confidential source."

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