Dear Bud.

intended writing you sairtly after Jim left Friday, when I read your by then already filed answer to the Government's motion to dismiss in 2501-70 the spectros suitx. It has not been possible, and with what lies ahead today I'll not be able to reread it now. However, that is a very good document, saide from a flagrant gaffe at the very beginning, one that is unnecessary and illustrates rather well on the compliants in my letter of a week ago and one of the hazar's inherent in the lack of communication and the preclusion of conferences.

As you told me, there is little new in the response, and I am, naturelly, tickled that consulting the cited authorities, as I suspected on no more than a first, heaty persual of their motion more than confirms my hunch that the wat sutherities are for us rather than against.

First for the gaffe. "...a gragment or fragment to were 'recovered' from a piece of curbing in Dealey Plaza, but it is plaintiff's belief that this was was as late as July, 1964." No fragment or fragments were recovered from that curbstone. And this is the one part of your response that is not do well, really extremely well. It is done inadequately, probably because of the speed with which you had to work. (This would not have been the case if we'd conferred, with or without your having had the memo I sent you, a more careful reading of which should have given you an understanding of the point I think essential in this aspect.)

Aside from giving you as complete an analysis of the entire government response as I could with the very difficult dealine you had to impose, not having kept out appointment on the 9th, for reasons I new understand, having been told by Faul V of your luncheon arrangements that day, I was focusing on and believed and believe we must concentrate on the integrity of the government's word. You appeared, in the few moments we spent together on the 9th, to have had no recall of our previous and rether length discussion of this.

Which bring up another point. Shen as abboy I was able to attend bigleague ball games, I recall hawkers selling accrecards with a pitch to the effect one couldn't follow two game without the card. We need some such card, for the constant and unannounced switching of signals is bewildering, costly and counterproductive. When you fir t said you'd handle the smeetro suit, you asked me to prepare a dreft. I did, with the approach that we'd lead it with information that would inform, if not intimdate, government counsel, the court and the pr press. In preparing this, without consultation with me, you decided upon what you called a "bare-bones" amproach. You will recall that when I saw it, even though the approach was contrary to mine, I agreed, suggesting only the correction of one or two I think now minor errors. You then said we tell them nothing until we get in court. I then showed you now, with this approach, we would have an addad case of perjury, which should be helpful this this and I emphasize all other such cases. I agreed, when you estimated that this case would go to the Supreme Court and you'd take it there, to follow your approach. With this the case, I came to agree that the approach you used is the better one. Suddenly a new found you have abendoned this and thrown away the certainty of either a case of perdury or as an olternative a victory for us. Which leads back to the point about the integrity of the government word.

As I told you on thenesty reading of their motion, was I then, almost immediately wrote you, and as I ampliefied, including in what I gave Jim, but, having never been told of time requirements, too late, apparently, there is

nothing - but absolutely nothing - to meet the minimum requirement imposed by the law upon the defense but the entirely unsupported government word. I cited the AG's memo on the law on this. The government must, affirmatively, prove the relevance of the exemption, and this, I believe, it must do before going any further. Thus I suggested that our response should specify and my draft so read, that to begin with, before plaintiff made any other response, the court must require this proof of the defendant. If, as a matter of law, I am mere in error, it would help us both and certainly clarify my understanding for the future if you would correct me.

Experience could not be more persuasive that everything we can require the government to commit to paper helps us end nurts them. I can think of no single exception to this. And we have no urgent need to accomplish the purposes of this or env other suit overnight (as proof of which I cite your failure to go over the drafts for so very long a period of time. Were there this urgency, in your own mind, other things would not have taken precedence). Let me illustrate this with some specific examples.

I ask, efter we got Kleindienst's crazy first letter, that you write other letters (some of which I then drefted). This is how we got the clinchers in that suit, from Lyerly and Mitchell. I aske that you write Mitchell for Rey's correspondence, and need I eleborate on the significance of that response? I think it unnecessary to go into the great future value of the long string of latters, especially from Eardley, all false and each disproving all the others.

So, in strategy and in tectics, in the absnece of some compelling legal reason, I think it was an error not to restrict this initial response to what would require the government to provie this proof of relevance of the only claim to exemption made and with it provide us with a clear case of perjury. You were excited about this when what now seems so long ago I first showed it to you, when I showed you the Jevons affidevit in the first Nichols case, the mens by which this was done, and the acover testimony you here cited. That would be, in my layman's opinion, an incredibly strong thing to present in court and to the prese thereby, and I have gotten a valid opinion from Paul on it.

This should be enough to explain my bewilderment at the shifting on which the client is not consulted and to make comprehensible what I've often said, that too much of the too little time I have is needlessly wasted. I do believe, whether or not it is the custom in a lawyer-client relationship, that we should always consult before any papers are filed. The case of the non-existent curbstone fragments ought be sufficient illustration of the simplest expression of the belief that this is a minimal need.

I do not here intend criticism of your lack of knolwedge of what to me is one of the more basic and unequivocal facts of the assassination. We are all prone to such things, including me, which is one of the reasons in ave been so patient with the long-deleyed revisions of my drafts of those suits that are to be filed pro se. As you have heard me say, sincerely and repeatedly, Jim has done a first-rate job. Yet, when he has again done so very well in the Ferrie revision, have found error that we will go over when he has completed it. I've indicated some to him.

In every case, the integrity and depends bility of the government word will be an important factor. I think that had we risticuled this as effectively and politely as was possible, in their not even knowing the date of the assassination or the most elemental facts about the basis of the investigation and their making about these things so grevously misinformed the court, in a motion in which we also point out and then ask for the most basic and missing prerequitie of the law, in

this case and every one to follow our conition and that of other possible Freddom of Information litigants would be much, much better. I also have the foith I find lacking in lawyers, that it is assential to build a solid record, especially because out objectives are not limited to this single action. Aside from this (and I redognize others, including you, may and have the right to disagree), I believe that more than ever today we must reestablish theoredibility the original cirities did achieve, only to have it destroyed for them by the most inexcuseable behavior on the parts of late-comers whose motives are neither in question or relevent. We have to earn a credibility, against great odds, for the media begins as a partisen of the other side.

I return to the point about conferences because I taink it very . important. I can thing of no single case where any single question came up in any matter dealing in any way with any litigation where there was any kind of serious problem or any disagreement, no matter how minor, between us. In every case we not only agreed on whatever we then did, but we were both in accord with it. In no case did either of us agree unvillingly. I think thisxi is an exceptional and an excellent record. The fact that when we do sit down and discuss questions, from the record, we always agree and that, from this same record, in each case we reached the determination that was correct, seems like a powerful argument for always having such ax conference. As you know, when you cannot come here, I always go to see you and have not once failed to keep an appointment, having on only a single and very unhappy occasion even been sligtly late for any. The problem here is those things you have undertaken subsequenth to pre-existing commitments. I will not belabor this point, but I again encourage you to consider the possibility that, eside from the possibility of herm to x these pre-existing commitments there is not the same inherent jeopardy to you. is believe this to be the case. That you have avoided my very obvious efforts to go into this with you is your affair. I am deeply concerned about the potential. If you find time to taink about tais, I ask you to consider also the previous occasions on which is neve expressed such soprehensions and whather or not, on those and occasions, I was right.

"one of us can cover everything that can be argued to be worth attention. The first decision of this kind 4 and to make related to Ruby. I felt there was, immediatelt, least likelihood of accomplishing constructive results by major effort in that area. The record, incidently, proves my judgement correct. More recently, I have felt the same way about Bobby, even though, to the best of my knowledge, I was the only one of us to both feel he would be assassinated and to have committed this to writing - and to have spoken this belief on countless public occasions, to and including the night before it happened. My original estimates have some confirmation, such as I find in Maiser, having read the condensation. Quite the contrary of the persisting fictions about me, as soon es I saw this condensation, I made two efforts to get in touch with him so that + can give dim the considerable date + have that is relevant to his writing add the gaps in it. If you's ever read COUP, you'd know some of this. - have more. ou are now off on a bobby kick. I taink this is to the detriment of other commitments you have already made and when the timing is quite wrong, but I cannot tell you wast to do or not to do. I'll be ouite marpy is you succeed, but not it you succeed in getting started in a futility. There is a tide in the affill ra of men, and I tuink it has not yet risen in this one. I have information that may be relevant an a that live not written, but I'm not encouraging any of us by apssing it around. If there seems some likelihood of accomplishing something, I will, of course. I have made no effort to corroborate it, but it is, on the face of it, not unreasonable and may be the missing clue.

Despite the fictions about me that you and others finding salving when we disagree, I have seen to it in this case as in others that I am not the sole possessor of the information, so it will always be subject to retrieval if needed at a correct time.

Innerent in all of this is estimates of my judgement. Here what is involvedils not so much my judgement per se, as a general thing, but on a more limited level, the immediate questions. To that already cite., I add your own changed appraisal of the spectros suit, as conveyed to me on Friday by Jin. e now says we'll win this in the first court. I did to begin with, evem efter you said we use no chance. I then said that to which I cannot today add: we want connot lose, except to corruption or our own error. (The only question in ma mind is to do win less tuen we can.) Nothing was changed since our initial discussion except one thing: you've gone into it a little more. So, what om really saying in asking estimate of my judgement is that " have factual knowledge ctners, including you, do not have. There is no substitute for it. Other factors, one being luck, another power, are relevant, but nothing substitutes for fact. We can make our best judgements based on it. My record, waich is far from perfect but I taink rather good, stems from this knowledge of the fact. That, in turn, comes from the time I have spent acquiring it, time notody else has taken.

This, in turn, is one of the more titter aspects of the needless wastes of my time, for all that I waste is time I cannot spend constructively, in either constituing to paper what I have or in seeking more. In each case, it is fact that without the most minor deviation I communicate to others, so they, in turn, can apply their intelligences to it and so that they can use it. As I age at an accelerated rate and weary with it, wastes of time become more oppressive to me and more of an abuse.

There are those was infrequently to my face and not infrequently of herise accuse me of being dominated by ego. This is a nazerd - a great hezard - to all of us and to what we seek. To deny ego is incare. In my own case, here a long and continuing record I think proves the charge against me largely false. However, I taink this is a himsen factor all of us anculd always consider, more than ever when there are disputes among us. At this applies to me, so also coes it apply to you, as a person and to you not improper ambitions for your committee. Each time I acquire material I think of value, I confront this, hence in sharing averything, without exception, with others who may vary from item to item, I think I have an adequate answer. In turn, I feel I have eques to wonder why others make the remarge and seem to believe it.

Not unrelated is your unwillingness to believe what have told you of Flammonde, his record and my apprehensions. It is, of course; essier for you to believe what you find congenial by refusing to look at the record. I had a carbon of my recent latter to Flammonde on the envelope of materials I had thid eside to give Jim, as he can tell you. It was only thank that Flearned that Flammonde sent you a copy. Im was due here Tuesday, which I why'I didn't neil that and the other things. As Flammonde never respended to the original charges, I assure you onlybeause he could not, he remains silent. Whatever he tells you, not matter how friendly he is and her reasonable whatever has pap he gives you is, the simple fact is that he has not in any wey repeated to me, not by mail, not by phone, not through a mutual friend. To is without complaint about the seriousness of what I say and has never made even a simple, pro forms denial, without even ignoring the record I cited so long ago. Nobory calls me a crook and finds no silent, and I think the same tould be true of you.

Because you have seen to it that we have no time to discuss the problems we share and have not, where it is possible to consult records, familiarized tourself with these records, I feel - must take time for letters which are at best inadequate and cannot begin to be as comprehensive. They elso take time that might be better spent in other endeavor. They have but one merit when there is disagreement, they make a record. The great disadventage of a record is that it sometimes has to be used. It would be better if, as was the case with the Ray suit, we could work these things out in the usual way. If we do not or cannot, it will be neither from my unwilligness nor my failure to do enything you asked of me, from going to Washington to doing considerable timeconsuming work in waich, apparently, you lost interest almost as soon as you made the request. You may be unaware of these things, but they are fact. One example is the work you asked me to do on the two sets of records in the Ray matter. You esked me to analyze them, said you'd come up to go over what I did, am that day has never come. I have not gone over my work to see whether or not it han icapped you or Ray's defense not to use it, but that work is dated in April. This comes to mind only because I we as able to get more file-cabinet space and was able to file this. It has been on a shelf from then until a week ago.

Before ending this already too-long letter, I return to the question of ego and ask that you ask yourself if either of the two stories, in the Manchester "nioj-Leader or the National Encuirer, is accurate, honest and much more than an indulgence of ego.Or if you ever asked yourself how others with whom you should be working cooperatively would or should take them? If you complain that others do not cooperate with your committee, ask how this kind of puffory is calculated to encourage cooperation.

There will, at some point, I presume, be some kind of response to the papers you filed Friday. I nore I do not again find out about them only by accident and that we have adequate time for the preparation of anatever we must than do.

Sincercly,

Herold Woisberg