

HOOPER WAS CERTAIN OSWALD WAS KILLER

F.B.I. Files Do Not Contradict the Finding He Alone Slew Kennedy

By The Associated Press

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7 (AP)—Two weeks after John F. Kennedy's death, J. Edgar Hoover was convinced that Lee Harvey Oswald had killed the President but he wondered whether Oswald had had help from secret conspirators in Cuba, according to bureau files released today. The documents show that Mr. Hoover had concluded within hours of Kennedy's death that Oswald had fired the fatal

bullets. But the agency later obtained letters written to Oswald from Cuba, and those messages raised the questions about conspiracy that linger to this day.

The material examined so far provides no information contradicting the Warren Commission's finding that Oswald acted alone in the assassination of President Kennedy nor any immediate or astounding insight into the mysteries still attached to the assassination. Because of the letters and the difficulty in checking their validity, Mr. Hoover, Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation said, "I urged strongly that we not reach the conclusion Oswald was the only man."

One of the Cuban letters illustrates the problem. It was written in Spanish and mailed from Havana to Oswald in Dallas. It was dated 12 days before the assassination but was postmarked six days after the assassination of Nov. 22, 1963. The fact that it was postmarked long after news of the assassination had spread worldwide suggests that it might have been the work of a headline-seeker. F.B.I. officials apparently found it impossible to judge what to make of the message.

The 40,001 pages of F.B.I. files released today, weighing nearly half a ton, recount the tragedy and drama rippling from the gunfire in Dallas in 1963. The

HOOPER WAS CERTAIN OSWALD WAS KILLER

Continued From Page A1

bureau released the documents, half of its total file on the Kennedy assassination, to comply with requests under the Freedom of Information Act. The 40,000 other pages are scheduled to release in January.

The material may be of greatest value for what it shows about the inside operations of the F.B.I. as it handled one of its most important missions. It is a picture that has emerged only in vague outline until now.

The memorandums include confidential reports passed among the highest officials of the Government. And they include letters from ordinary citizens expressing outrage and sorrow and, in some cases, intense hatred of the Kennedy family. Some documents were censored to delete material classified as secret or otherwise exempt from disclosure.

Attorney General Informed

Two hours after Kennedy was pronounced dead in a Dallas hospital at 2 P.M. Eastern standard time on Nov. 22, Mr. Hoover wrote that he had told the President's brother, Attorney General Robert F. Kennedy, that Oswald was the assassin and that he had been apprehended near the Texas School Book Depository where the shots had been fired.

But on Dec. 12, Mr. Hoover confided to his chief aides that he was troubled by the conspiracy questions and was unsure how to resolve them. Reporting on a conversation with a caller, he wrote: "I said I personally believe Oswald was the assassin; that the second aspect as to whether he was the only man gives me the great concern; that we have several letters written to him from Cuba referring to the job he was going to do, his good marksmanship and stating when it was all over he would be brought back to Cuba and presented to the chief. 'We do not know if the chief was Castro and cannot make an investigation because we have no intelligence operation in Cuba.'"

The reference was to Fidel Castro, the Cuban leader.

The F.B.I. is restricted to domestic operations, and the Central Intelligence Agency gathers intelligence abroad. It was not clear whether Mr. Hoover meant to imply that the C.I.A., as well as the F.B.I., had no operations in Cuba. During this period, the F.B.I. maintained liaison with the C.I.A., although Mr. Hoover later severed the relationship.

A Discussion With Rankin

The memo was Mr. Hoover's report of his discussion that day with Lee Rankin, the Warren Commission's general counsel, who had called to make arrangements for dealing with the bureau during the commission's investigation. The Warren Commission later concluded that Oswald was the assassin and that he had acted alone.

As the agents translated it, the letter referred to Oswald as "Friend Lee," and said, "After the affair, I am going to recommend much to the chief. I told him you could put out a candle at 50 feeters. Leave nothing that could lead to your trail and when you receive my letters, destroy them as always. After the affair, I will send you the money and we will see each other in Miami as always."

It was signed Pedro Charles. Some of the F.B.I. memos suggest that Nicholas deB. Katzenbach, then the Deputy Attorney General, was putting pressure on the bureau for a prompt public announcement that Oswald, acting alone, was the assassin.

Three days after the assassination, he wrote the bureau to express concern about the growing rumors of conspiracy and said that it was important to satisfy the public that Oswald was the assassin and that no conspirators were still at large.

Referring to the pressure from Mr. Katzenbach, Mr. Hoover's aide Courtney

Evans wrote that there's "no doubt" Oswald had fired the gun. "The problem is to show motive," he continued. "A matter of this magnitude cannot be fully investigated in a week's time."

Basic Facts In Hand

In a scribbled notation, Mr. Hoover asked: "Just how long do you estimate it will take? It seems to me we have the basic facts now."

At this point, he was apparently not seriously concerned about the conspiracy questions.

NYT - Dec 8, 1971

Excerpts From Memo by Hoover

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7 (AP)—Following are excerpts from a Dec. 12, 1963 memorandum from J. Edgar Hoover, Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, to his aides describing a telephone conversation that Mr. Hoover had had with J. Lee Rankin, the counsel for the Warren Commission:

I said I personally believe Oswald was the assassin; that the second aspect as to whether he was the only man gives me great concern; that we have several letters, not in the report because we were not able to prove it, written to him from Cuba referring to the job he was going to do, his good marksmanship, and stating when it was all over he would be brought back to Cuba and be presented to the chief; but we do not know if the chief was Castro and cannot make an investigation because we have no intelligence operation in Cuba; that I did not put

this in the report because we did not have proof of it and didn't want to put speculation in the report; that this was the reason I urged strongly that we not reach conclusion Oswald was the only man.

As to Rubenstein [Jack Ruby], I said I did not want a statement about Rubenstein and Oswald; that we have no proof they were ever together. I stated Rubenstein is a shady character from the hoodlum element of Chicago, has a poor background, runs a nightclub in Dallas and is what would be called a police buff; that the police officers in that precinct have been able to get food and liquor from him at any time they drop in; that while I think there was no connection between him and Oswald, I did not want the report to be 100 percent sure on that.