Senate Intelligence Panel Told of F.B.I. Attempt to Discredit

BY NICHOLAS M. HORROCK Special to The New York Times

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lier this year. Mrs. King had said that she time. and her husband had listened to the second tape and had concluded that there was noth-ing on it that would discredit Dr. King.

the minority counsel, Kurt cation for the bureau's attack Louis, for example, sent the

ing.

Lipstein, a member of the staft sippl delegates." It was part of six-year effort who conducted much of the in-to discredit the leader of the staft sate after the tage said that a few days before Dr. Southern Christian Leadership King was assassinated in Mem-mony. A month after the tage reau had plotted to discredit him by leaking a report to the same incident, to Dr. King's white-owned motel instead of the same incident, to Dr. King's white-owned motel instead of the same incident, to Dr. King's white-owned motel instead of the same incident, to Dr. King's white-owned motel instead of the same incident that the same incident the the discredit the same incident to Dr. King's white-owned motel instead of the same incident that the same incident the tage the the same incident to Dr. King's white-owned motel instead of the same incident to Dr. King's white operated by blacks. Dr. the committee staff confirmed. Mr. King had said that she and her husband had listened Mr. Frostein said there was no light the same incident that the tage the the tage the tage the the tage t

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18—The Federal Bureau of Investigation sent a note and a tape record-ing to the Rev. Dr. Martin Iate J. Edgar Hoover, the F.B.I. ing. J. Schwarz, told, the, com-conservative Southern' agents was having sexual relations to field offices in the South at a time when civil rights work-sers ware under attack. The letter was signed, "A Soul Sister." In a subsequent

The letter was signed, "A Soul Sister." In a subsequent

sent a note and a tape record-ing to the Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. in late 1964. In the bureau's chief of coun-believe was an effort to drive him to suicide, according to committee on Intelligence. In November 1964, only 34 days before Dr. King was to receive the Nobel Peace Prize, he received a note and a tape recording from an anon-ymous source, the material showed. The tape recording that read "King, there is only one thing left for you to do You know what it is, You have just 34 days in which to it, This exact number has been that read "King, there is only that days in which to that see the for a specific reason. It has definite practical signifi-ties but one way out, for you."

It has definite practical signifi-cance. You are done. There is but one way out for you." Bugged by F.B.I. The committee staff has es-tablished that the tape record-ing was obtained from an elec-placed by the F.B.I. and then sent to Dr. King by F.B.I. offi-cials. The material presented by the committee staff also showed that F.B.I. officials showed that F.B.I. officials the staff testimony showed. Michael synthe the note. It was part of six-year effort it was part of six-year effort. It was part of six-year effort

Ing 'on it that would discredit preport, but he added that such committee staff testified. They an account did run in several produced documents disclosing report, but he added that such committee staff testified. They an account did run in several produced documents disclosing that the bureau had used forged marital trouble among leaders of black militant groups and the committee verbally by its coun-sel. F AO. Schwarz 3d and ead they could find no institut.

Dr. King in 1964 MBER 19, 1975

ostensibly halted by the F.B.I. in 1972, the staff men said, there are indications that some techniques have continued under the eu-phemism "intensive investiga-

F.B.I. Curb Considered

The chairman of the committee, Senator Frank Church, Democrat of Idaho, said he felt the staff's findings required that the committee give serious attention to preparing statutes to control future F.B.I. activities.

In a related development, Arthur Murtagh, a retired F.B.I. agent, told the House Intelli-gence Committee that he had been asked by a bureau supe-rior in 1970 to obtain hand-writing samples of several of

writing samples of several of Dr. King's associates, including Andrew Young, who is now a 'g Democratic Representative from 'f Georgia. Mr. Murtagh said he was o also told to obtain, through an informer in the Southern Chris-tian Leadership Conference, a copies of the group's letterhead f stationery and envelopes. The materials, he said, were a to have been used to fabricate if

The materials, he said, were since to have been used to fabricate in letters, presumably over Mr. in Young's signature, to "disrupt fit the relationship" between Mr. Young and his associates and to cause "internal difficulties"

But Mr. Young added that, when he and his staff moved into the Congressional office vacated by Fletcher Thompson, whom he defeated in 1972, he found a number of memo-randums from the F.B.I. to Mr. Thompson, detailing Mr. Young's public appearance dur-ing the 1972 campaign. Bu

Mr. Young ran unsuccessfully in 1970 for the Congressional seat from Atlanta that he won in 1972. He said in a telephone interview that he could not remember any spuri-ous letters having been dis-vorvere a mong his campaign н. or associates workers tion.

half century. Its most recent peak, he said, was between 1970 and late 1971. One sign of this, he said, was

Although the "cointelpro"