Although I had specifically in this case and generally in the past asked both Wiseman and Dugan to send me carbons of letters to you when there is any time question, Kolley's letter, in the copy you made when you returned to Washington, did not reach me until today. If there had been a plan to preclude my responding it could not have been better designed to accomplish this.

It is impossible to imagine that the false statements are accidental. They are many. It is impossible to imagine that the misrepresentations are immocent and they also are not imcommon. In fact, this letter is nothing like what happened in our 5/5 meeting with Wiseman and it is consistent with that of which I complained to him. I mean by this the deliberate contriving of situations in which it is our word against their word and their insisting on this being impossible to resolve.

You will remember that I anticipted this the first time they invited us to a meeting for which there was no need. I then asked you to write and request that the meeting be taped. They refused this. Now why should anyone refuse to have an accurate record of any innocent meeting? In that case they actually alleged that at that meeting I waived any interest in what I asked for and filed suit for. I did remind Wissens of this during our 5/5 meeting when I was specifying what is totally absent from this letter.

The first paragraph is a formality. The second begins with falsehood, "As you were advised at the May 5, 1976 meeting, our Hemphis Field Office had been requested to search their records for any additional material which might be responsive to your ... request dated April 15, 1975, not available at FBI Headquarters."

The Memphis FO knows what is available at HQ? If it does not, how could it comply in Kelley's own formulation?

Visemen personally refuted the opening words. He said that the Memphis office had been asked about pictures only. In even the restrictive 4/15 limitation, it is hardfly true that the request was for pictures only. This is not interpretation. I was specific in asking his for documents. He then said the request to Memphis was for pic only.

Additional material" from amphis? By 5/5 we had received not a single record from Mamphis. To date I haven't received even a picture. You may have.

I believe this deceptive language is not accidental, that it is intended to deceive the judge. Regardless of its pumpose, it is false and inappropriate.

Moreover, the Memphis promise was made in court by Dugan 3/26, with the added promise of full compliance within 30 days, which expered prior to our 5/5 meeting without our being given a single thing.

What follows is inaccurate in virtually every possible way and is in direct contradiction of Wissman's affidavit:"...you were shown 14 photographs of suspects in the sing investigation..." In context this says from Hamphis. However, where they were identified, these were from Birmingham. And we have received nothing from the Birmingham office. But, how can it be that Tyler, Dugan and Wissman assure us. Wiseman the court under oath and Dugan on his word to the court, that there never was another suspect and now they calim photographs of suspects in the plutal?

We were not shown photographs of suspects. We were shown photographs that were largely of sketches and some photographs of photographs at least one of which was not of Ray. Pictures, that is. This was also true of sketches, but there here is no reference to sketches. However, more than a year after the request and a month and a half after Waseman, in ad ition to his affirmation, assured us personally that these did not exist and they had made this good-faitheasrch, he did show us what I can prove is an incomplete file of other suspects, my request, mixed in with shots of Ray to build the figure to his total of 14.

Before this letter was drafted I shd specified some the FBI has and has not yet admitted having. I repeated this to Wiseman 5/5, but the letter is silent on it.

"Also, a set of acrial view negatives of the crime scene and vicinity were displayed."

They not only were not "displayed," it was made impossible for me to examine them because of tipe special character. These are Army Engineer aerial views of a fairly large part of Memphis, its cloverleafs and the moddy river, not in any sense of the "crime scene." They are about 9"x9", were not printed, were on a large roll like an oldefashioned player plane roll, and there was no provision for displaying them. Wiseman enjoyed this when I esked him how I was to look at them without demaging them. Because I feared the screaming that would follow if I damaged one I suspended even looking at them when I had 15 or 20 feet of them unrolled. While it might have been that I would not have, it can't homes ly be said that "Mr. Weisberg did not care to proceive copies of any of the sex negatives viewed." Viewing was impossible. These are negatives, too, not prints. They also were in a very long roll.

Parenthetically I note that with all the cost of the plane, its crew, this special camera and the more expensive film, it is beyond belief that no FBI agent went to the actual scene of the crime with a \$20 "claroid or cheap instantic to take a single but were were shown none and again assured there are only those pictures shown. Not that an experienced professional photographer, with the FBI apparently having none, could not have been engaged for much less than the cost of these invelovant aerial views so irretevant without assured us not one had been printed.

"Additionally, 107 photographs, the property of Time, Incorporated, but in the possession of the PSI, were displayed to "r. Weisberg..." If handing a batch is to display, then there were displayed, but the rest is neither accurate not complete.

Those photographs, as I told Kisemen, are the property of the FBI and are not all those given it by Fix 'client of LIFE at the time. The rights in the sense of literary rights are owned by Time, but not those prints and not those prints, as I specified, not shown to me. What Wiseman had, pretending it did not exist in Washington, which according to my information is false, is one of two sets of prints of Josians's negatives Tallard gave the FBI. The other, a I also specified, are 35mm contact prints.

Wiseman's information was so inadequate it can't be believed that with a case to go to trial the FBI's files do not include what he claimed not to know and I did tell him. It can't be believed that there is no recorded any Time reservation of rights in the FBI's files but when I was asked I was told that a letter had not been received, would be and I would received a copy. I have not.

My recollection is other than that "he would be advised that he would have to request theme the 15 of which I said I would like prints of Time, Incorporated." I was not able to make notes, but it is my impression that the FEI was going to ask Time and I said I did not want these for publication but for study.

"Release" is an ambiguity. While as a matter of principle I'd be prepared to contest the right of the wealthy to buy evidence and thereafter sequenter it, the FRI's interpretation, there is not and has not been any question of my reproducing any pictures. I would, if I so desired, raise this with Time and I would expect, as I have in the past, to pay for normal one-time use charges. I do here note, however, that when there has been a lapse of more than eight years, those pictures with evidentiary value have nover been published anywhere to my knowledge.

If Exemption (b)(3) is relevant, no statute is specified in this letter.

(b)(4) also is invoked, "commercial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential." I believe no single word is applicable. These pictures are not

in any sense "commercial information," they were not obtained from a person and they are not privileged or confidential.

As I teld Wissers, For Your was there for Public TV, having nothing to do with the unexpected assessination. When he heard a short, instead of grabbing his TV camera, which would have made the film the property of Public TV, he grasped his own JSam till camera. He was on that floor of that wing of that motel. He then sold the rights, which include the original negatives, to LIFE. This is so far from confidential that I do know it and do know that LIFE then printed the schooling not those pictures of evidentiary value. But if published in smalti-millions, can it be alleged to be #confidential?"

The second page begins with a deliberate falsehood that probably has its origin in what I specified after the 5/5 examination when I said Niscosa, Where are the other pictures?" I was pager "advised fast our Memphis Fixed Office had furnished a group of photographs which were provided to the FBI by a non-federal law enforcement significancy which has specifically requested that this material continue to be held doubt-deutially."

Wisewen told us of two pictures or set he would not show us. One he said was a single, nude shot of Ray and the other he refused to say anything about. Naybe this is that one. But this detail he did not give us. Afterward, when I told him I would in each ease specify only one proof of continued withhold. I did tell him about the pactures from the Mamphis police. I then specified that the FMI had been given prints, not the original negatives, and that my source is a helin-ranking Mamphis police official.

We were not offered or given or shown copies of the alleged request. But it is false as it related to the Memphis police unless it is a letter produced for this special misuse. Rather than "confidential" one of that series of pictures was used in the extradition affidavits and, after summary judgement, provided in U.A.718-70.

There never was any mention of a separate picture of "an individual taken under sircumstances implying cristicality."

However, sait relates to police pictures in the feregoing, the invocation of (b)(%) is limited to "(D) disclose the identity of a confidential source, or confidential information furnished only by the confidential source." This is ludications, have levent, deceptive and false. Now that the FBI can no long swear falsely that it has no pictures of the same of the crime it contrives the ridiculous, that the Memphis police are a "confidential source." Would letting me see the pictures violate the claimed "confidentiality" of the source when I identified this source is the FBI?

Here I am not reluctent to attribute notive: presenting these pictures to a court or permitting me to have organs of them would let outside Department presenting proof that Department layers subcomed perjury. Some of these pictures do prove this so there has to be some hoked up legal Rube Goldbergism to forment exposure. But the law is specific, as I understand the law, in prohibiting this as a basis for withholding.

While we each spontaneously said we did not want to see the nude picture of Ray the existence of which Wiseman disclosed, the invocation of (b)(7) could not be nore irrelevant: "...compiled for law enforcement purposes... "Wigeman himshif, in emplaining this single picture, gave the lie to the claim under Kelley's signature, which I would not be surprised to learn was drafted by Wiseman. To said a fourt-only view of Ray, completely maked, was taken. I think he said on the plane and I know he said to depict Ray's physical condition when the FMI took possession of his body. I did not make an issue of it because I have no interest in mudity, but it is apparent that a fourt-only view in no way addresses whether Ray was whipped with a cat-to-nine-tails on the back.

There is a statement I can ot elleged to be false: "As you have previously been adviced we believe this discretionary release completes our response..." Except for the "discretionary." It is true that beginning in December, 1975 the Department has stated that it known believes "compliance" to be "complete" with the most extensive non-compli-