EX-ADE APPROVED F.B.I. BURGLAR AUG 1 8 1976

Says He Authorized Two in 1972, Believing He Had

## the Support of Gray

## NYTIMES

The following article was written by John M. Crewdson and is based on reporting by him and Nicholas M. Horrock. Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Aug. 17-W. Mark Felt, a former associate diffector of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, said today that he had approved in 1972 the commission of two burglaries by bureau agents engaged in domestic intelligence investigations.

The acknowledgment by Mr. Felt, who retired from the bureau in 1973, was the first instance in which a top executive at bureau headquarters has taken responsibility for authorizing any of the burglaries that are currently the subject of a criminal inquiry by the Department of Justice.

Mr. Felt first said in a telephone interview that he had given his approval for the two burglaries on the strength of an assurance by L. Patrick Gray 3d, then the acting F.B.I. director, that he would coun-tenance the use of "surreptitious entries" to gather evi-

Continued on Page 18, Column 1

## Continued From Page 1, Col. 3

dence in sensitive intelligence

dence in sensitive intelligence investigations. Mr. Felt initially recalled that Mr. Gray, who took over the burden after the death of J. Edgar Hoover in May 1972, had told a Washington conference of the heads of the bureau's 59 field offices that "he would approve these things" but cau-tioned the agents to "be damn sure you get bureau approval" before carrying them out. "Through his lawyer, Mr. Gray, who now lives in Stonington, Conn., denied "condoning or approving, directly or indirect-ly, any illegal act" by the F.B.I. Told of Mr. Gray's denial, Mr.

Felt conceded that his recollection of the circumstances of Mr. Grays' approval was "hazy," and said that in any event his authorization had been predi-cated on "the belief that that was what he [Mr. Gray] want-ed."

ed." One of the burglaries, Mr. Felt said, was carried out by agents searching the Arab In-formation Center in Dallas in the fall of 1972 for clues to the operation of Palestinian ter-porists in the United States. The search due said was in

The second, he said, was intended to uncover leads to the whereabouts of members of the Weather Underground, a guer-rilla group that has taken credit for several bombings in this country.

**Justice Dept. Inquiry** 

A number of burglaries of friends and associates of the Weather fugitives were carried Weather rughtves were carried out by F.B.I. agents in the New York City area in 1972 and 1973 and are now the focus of an investigation by the Justice Department's civil rights division.

Ston. J. Stanley Pottinger, who heads that division, was in New York today for the empaneling of a Federal grand jury that will begin hearing evidence in the case next week.

Mr. Pottinger's office, which is trying to trace knowledge and approval of the illegal bur-



Associated Press W. Mark Felt

glaries up through Mr. Gray's chain of command, is underchain of command, is under-stood to be investigating, in ad-dition to Mr. Felt's assertions, Mr. Gray's attendance at a sec-ond meeting at the bureau's Quantico, Va. training facility in the summer of 1972. According to F.B.I. sources present on that occasion, a

number of bureau agents from number or bureau agents from around the country participated in a discussion of the hunt for the Weather fugitives that in-cluded mention of the use of burglaries as an investigative technique.

Mr. Gray and other top bu-reau executives, including Ed-ward S. Miller, then the head of its intelligence division, at-tended the conference, and Jus-tice Department lawyers have tice Department lawyers have received some indications that they were present during the discussion.

**Resumption of Burglaries** The bureau's use of burglaries to gather evidence was be-lieved, until recently, to have been halted by Mr. Hoover in 1966, Three months ago, it was disclosed that Mr. Pottinger had obtained documents show-

> ing that the practice had resumed in New YYork City after Mr. Hoover's death on May 2, 1972.

1972. Since then, some bureau sources here have character-ized the New YYork City office as a "renegade" one that acted without the knowledge or ap-proval of bureau officials in Washington, an assertion that is said to have averged the New is said to have angered the New YYork agents and strengthened their determination to show that they were acting under

agents. Mr. Pottinger's investigation is known to be proceeding on is known to be proceeding on the assumption that such break-ins, none of which were accompanied by search war-rants, constitute a violation of the Federal civil rights statutes in cases where the targets had no foreign intelligence connections.

The burglary of the Arab In-The burgiary of the Arab In-formation Center, for example, is not understood to be a sub-ject of the Justice Departments' inquiry. The New York Times has reported that Mr. Gray ap-proved that operation, and he

proved that operation, and he has reportedly told friends that he believed it to be legal be-cause a foreign espionage mat-ter was involved. Although Mr. Felt took re-sponsibility today for having l authorized that burglary, he said in the interview that he believed he had later advised Mr. Gray of his action in that case and also in connection with his approval of the Weath-er fugitive burglary. No Provious Comment

**No Previous Comment** 

But he said that Mr. Gray, who was immersed in the F.B.I.'s Watergate investigation and, later, in his own abortive confirmation hearings, "didn't even know what was being said

to him, he was so busy." Mr. Gray, who left the bureau in April 1973 after his nominain April 1973 after his homina-tion as its director was with-drawn by President Nixon, has until now not commented pub-licly on his year-long tenure. But he said today through.

that he had never approved "surreptitious entries in the in-vestigations of Weathermen fugutives." and did not recall Mr. Gray's having made any statement like that described by Mr. Felt. Mr. Felt said, however, that Stephen H. Sachs, his attorney, and did not recall Mr. Gray's

that he had never approved having made any statement like "surreptitious entries in the in-vestigations of Weathermen fugutives." According to records pre-pared by the Watergate special prosecutor's office, which in-vestigated the possibility that Mr. Gray had perjured himself Mr. Gray and perjured himself Mr. Gray had perjured himself Mr. Gray sactivities, that was during his 1973 confirmation hearings, Mr. Gray did attend a meeting of the heads of the bureau's field office in May 10, 1972, two weeks after he re-placed Mr. Hoover. That, he said, was the only such meeting he attended in Washington, and he has told associates that he does not re-call any discussions of surrepti-tious entries. Charles W. Bates, now the head of the F.B.I.'s San Francis-partment of Justice, but no is-co office, said in a telephone dication was forthcoming that interview today that he was present at the May 18 meeting relationship to that inquiry.

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