JFK accommination records appeals Harold Veisburg 1/28/80 Dissiplining of FMI agents

There has been partial and I believe unfair disclosure of the disciplining of FMI agants in the JFK case. Former Inspector General Gale testified to this before the Hence assessing condition. I as not argue of the detail nor of whether all the names were disclosed. I as some that there may be legitimate privacy considerations of which I may have no knowledge. However, this is an important part of the history, particularly as it relates to the functioning of the FMI in these days. I there**infor** there should be assigns possible disclosure and there has not been.

Some of the masses are public, like there of case agents Kasak and Hosky and Supervisor Hose. (Kneak resigned rather than accept what he regarded as unfair pundament.)

I know of no legitimate affence than one be attributed to any of those agents. Nother does the evailable information indicate that out of fear of being subarrased FREM indicate on unfair publication, to which it could always later refer to clear itemif from orbitician. (The astuality is disaloued in the internal Heaty note-destruction investigation, that FEI was withing and lied, transferring publication to those who were not in anthority, on the quantion of Oswald having a known pre-disposition toward thelence.)

These seconds, particularly the IG's report, are not in the pecerds provided. It is this that I appeal, to get all the records public, in fairness to those sen and in the interests of history and future scholarship. I have no parsonal interest in this for my can work or writing but I do regard it as an important matter. MR. TOLSON:

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I have noted Mr. Gale's memorandum recommend by courty disciplinary action relative to a number of Bureau perfonnel in the field and at the Scat of Government in connection with the 3-Drinnigh Oswald case.

Mr. Tolson Belmoni

Mr.

Tele. It.

Cctober 1,

A understand the reason for Bureau insistènce on perfection in handling our work and I would have it no other way. However, I believe that as in all other matters inyolving Burefu policy, the affect of disciplinary action should be weighed against the results that flow from it. In this particular case I think we are making a tactical error by taking this disciplinary action in this case at this time. The Warren Commission report has just been released. It contains criticism of, the FBI. We are currently starting aggressive steps to challenge the findings of the Warren Commission insofar as they pertain to the It is most important, therefore, that we do not provide Bureau. a foothold for our critics or the general public to seize upon to say in effect "See, the Warren Commission is right, Tr. Hoover has taken strong action against personnel involved in this case and thus admits that the Bureau was in error."

As you are aware, the Dallas papers have printed a story relative to action taken against Agent Kaack of New Orleans and Agent Howe of Dallas. I understand that Agent Hosty has just been transferred. While we can say that this transfer was necessary because his usefulness at Dallas was at an end, I think the timing of his transfer is most unfortunate because it is timed with the release of the Commission report. An interval of two months say, in my mind, would have made a world of difference. TUTT 5103 71.

I heard over the radio last night an inteleview with Secretary Dillon of Treasury, during which he was asked whether action was contemplated against Secret Service Agents connection with the Oswald case. His reply in effect was a careful check had been made of the activities of the Agents, it had been determined that no action was warranted and none would be taken. In effect. then the Treasury Department is providing no handhold for further critical remarks about Secret Service. I have no doubt that . Dillon's statement will be used to contrast the action taken by the Bureau and the conclusion reached by the press and the public will not be that the FBI is running a tighter more efficient organization, but rather that the FBI admits it was wrong in the Loswald_case. . We were morony, S. Indu and ADDENDUM BY MR. TOLSON 10/1/64: Most of the administrative action recommended A. 112541 deals with administrative derelictions with respect to the Security Index, the prompt submission of reports, etc. Libro with respect to the original case per security index, the prompt submission of reports, etc. Libro with the original case per security is the ori

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UNITED STATES GO ANMENT - Belmont 1 Memorandum - DeLoach - Mohr 1 DATE: October 19, 1964 W. C. Sullivan то 1 - Sullivan F. J. Baumgardner Praile Tele. Roo - Rosen Holmes - Callahan FROM Baumgardner Shroder 1 -Martin 1 - McGowan 1 DREW PEARSON BROADCAST SUBJECT: STATION WTOP, WASHINGTON, D. C. 6:40 P.M., OCTOBER 17, 1964 V. -65 321 f JFM:pdb (11) 11 30 74 1.4 311 CONTINUED - OVERCT 27 1964 PERS. REC. UNIT 53NUV 3 1964 / Sentra 216

Memorandum to Mr. Sullivan Re: DREW PEARSON BROADCAST STATION WTOP, WASHINGTON, D. C. 6:40 P.M., OCTOBER 17, 1964

Congratulations to J. Edgar Hoover for disciplining four FBI Agents involved in errors of judgment in the assassination of President Kennedy. James P. Hosty, Agent who failed to warn Secret Service that Lee Oswald was in Dallas, has been suspended for 30 days without pay. Three other Agents received letters of censure.

> Comment - The following is a summary of administrative - action taken in connection with the Oswald case on October 5, 1964, involving Agents of the Dallas Office:

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「James P. Hosty, Jr. - Suspended for 30 days effective 10-6-64, placed on probation, transferred to Kansas City.

Kenneth C. Howe - Letter of censure, placed on probation, transferred to Scattle Office.

James W. Anderton - Letter of censure and placed on probation.

Vincent E. J. Drain - Letter of censure and placed on probation.

ACTION: For information.