a

FILES SHOW F.B.I. RIFT WITH WARREN PANEL

Newly Released Data on Inquiry Into President Kennedy Slaying Tell of Mistrust and Feuds

vissigation and the Warren Commission ting between the Federal Bureau of Inwere so bad that the bureau spred on haved files disclosed today. and suspected the F.B.I. of concealing " panel's investigation into the assassi-M ASHINGTON, Jan. 18 (UPI)—Relaion of President Kennedy and the inks with Lee Harrey Oswald, newly

TIRESTING 973 b "eau to rely on an informant, then-Rep-ortative Gerald R. Ford, inside the panerand caused Mr. Hoover to complain that Chief Justice Warren had made a redless uncomplimentary remark about The feud, heightened by enmity hewer. J. Edgar Hoover, F.B.I. Director of Chief Justice Earl Warren, led the

central Intelligence Agency about Occurral Intelligence Agency about Occurration in Newsco before giving it to the commission. Some members of the commission, in turn, questioned whether Oswald had been an informer for the bureau, although in the end they decided that he had not. At another point, Mr. Hoover agreed

門がら

The boethity and discord underlying the inquiry into the Remedy assessment borf fame to light with the release of 50,604 pages of cansored investigative files for the bureau and 8,180 pages of its memorandums to the Warreh Commission.

in December, the new ones corroborated the finding of the Warren panel that Oswald alone had killed President Kennedy and Jack Ruby alone had killed Oswald. They showed that Mr. Hoover had be the previous 40,000 pages released

sion about two weeks after the assassina-tion of President Kennedy on Nov. 22, 1963, in Dalias. And, like the earlier files, they provide numerous details. recommended that finding to the commis-

The new flies show, for example, that Oswald's wife, Marine, locked him in the bathroom of their Dailas apartment in April 1963 when he began saying that he intended to kill Richard M. Nixon, whom he mistakenly thought to be in town that day. Mr. Hoover speculated that Mr. Nixon must have been confused with Vice President Johnson, who was in Delias.

Numerous Leads Followed

The new materials also continue the account of the bureau's exhaustive pursuit of tips and leads, no matter how bizing, from such informants as a mentally unstable woman in Cuba, a drunken

Azièc Indian and a Bavarian cab driver. They also show that Mr. Hoover and his men battled privately with anyone who challenged their competence or exclusive authority over the Kennedy investigation, calling Nicholas de B. Katzenbach, Deputy Attorney General, a Har, scoffing at investigations carried out by Texas oficials and the New Orleans District Attorney, Jan Garrison, and bettling with the Warren Commission over news

Warren panel from endorsing the finding of no conspiracy recommended to them by Mr. Hoover in his first report to the None of that however, deterred the

newly formed commission. 7, 1963, it said:

Daied Dec. 7, 1963, it said:
"The F.B.I. has made an exhaustive investigation into whether Oswald may have cospired with or been assisted by any person, foreign or domestic, in carrying out this destardly act.
"No evidence has been uncovered indi-

cating that any person, including Dallas mightclub owner, Jack Ruby, was involved with Oswald in the assessination of President Kennedy."

finding privately to the commission even though, just days earlier, he had quashed a Justice Department recommendation that the Government make a similar statement officially to beed off public . Hoover recommended that early

Finding Reconstruct

stated in a note for his own files, have left no stone unturned." nort was issued in September 1964, 1900er reconfirmed his finding Then five days before the Warren to rivalry between the F.B.I. and the 1 E K

che press, with each side accusing the other, and from the suspicion of members of the Warren Commission that Oswald had been acting as an F.B.I. spy while was in the Soviet Union from 1959 to 1962. The files show that the bureau had emblow obtained the transcript of a combinatial emergency meeting the Warran panel held on Jan. 22, 1964, to discuss in the words of an F.B.I. analyst, in the mords of the effect Lee Harvey compaission stemmed in part from the cald of Mr. Hoover's original report to ald was a bureau informant in Rus-

The discussion shows that members of the commission felt that the bureau would not edmit that Oswald had been the bureau's memorandum said that ndercover agent, the bureau's review thereby undermining the commiss confidence in the investigation by

Hoover eventually convinced the mission that Oswald had not been informant or agent of the bureau and never paid any money by the bureau

Ford's Role Described

in a series of memorandums filed by a deputy of Mr. Hoover, Cartha DeLoach, isformant within the panel was described December 1963, when the commission Mr. Ford's role as a trusted bureau

find just been formed.
On Dec. 12, Mr. DeLoach said that Mr.
Tord then a Republican Representative ad that "he would keep me thoroughly advised as to the activities of the commission, on a confidential basis." fice in the strictest confidence, expressed bom Michigan, had called him to his of spleasure at the way Chief Justice War-

One week later, on Dec. 19, Mr. De Inath said that Mr. Ford had briefed him on a private commission meeting the day before at which the panel discussed the Dec. 7 progress report.

There was no criticism of the bureau at the meeting. Mr. DeLoach reported. There were no allegations made by anyone, including the Chief Justice, he went on, that the bureau had leaked portions of the report