OVERSEAS NEWS

"British diplomatist's c

RUSSIAN TELLS MOSCOW COURT THAT HE PASSED SOVIET SECRET DOCUMENTS TO MR. GREVILLE WYNNE

MOSCOW, MAY 7

A Russian on trial with Mr. Greville Maynard Wynne, the British business-man who is accused of spying, said today that he had used the child of a British diplomatist as camouflage for espionage activities.

Oleg Penkovsky, aged 44, a scientific worker, told the court that he had passed the information through the child to Mrs. Janet "Anna" Chisholm, wife of Mr. Roderick Chisholm, who worked at the British embassy from May, 1960, to August last year. (Mr. Chisholm now works in London and lives at Ashford, Kent. He has two daughters, Janie and Tessa, a son Alistair, and a baby son.) Penkovsky did not say which child was

involved.

Mr. Wynne, 44, has pleaded "Guilty Mr. Wynne, 44, has nicaded "Gunty with certain reservations" to spying for British and American intelligence. He is alleged to have acted as linison man for Penkovsky, who has also pleaded Guilty and has said he gave the British information on Soviet rockets.

THE INDICTMENT

Wynne is charged with espionage under Article 65 of the Criminal Code of the Russian Federation. The article states that:—

Article 65 of the Criminal Code of the Russian Federation. The article states that:

"The transmission and equally the theft or collection with the aim of transmission to a foreign state, a feweign organization, or to their agents, of information constituting a state or military secret, as well as the transmission or collection, on the instructions of a foreign intelligence service, of other information for use in harming the interests of the U.S.S.R., if the expiomage is committed by a foreigner or person without citizenship, is punished by deprivation of freedom for a period from seven to 15 years with confiscation of property, and with exile for a period from two to five years, or without exile, or by the death penalty with confiscation of property. Penkovsky, as a Soviet citizen, is charged under Article 64s of the Code, and faces a 10 to 15 years prison sentence or death. Wysme's wife Shella listened to the long indictment but left the brown-panelled courtroom with her lawyer immediately after hearing her husband's plea.

Wynne, in dark grey suit and striped tie, looked pale and nervous. He jumped to his feet in almost military manner when questioned, and reafield "Certainly not" when asked if he agreed with Penkovsky's account of how they met.

He said that Penkovsky pawe him a letter "at the last minute on my way to the airport" and "asked if I knew any important people in Britain". Wynne went on: "Do you want me to go min details of this new "But the prosecutor told him he could be seated again, and with a jerky bow he sat down.

***IIKED AN EASY**

"LIKED AN EASY LIFE"

Seven Britons and two Americans were mentioned as the allegations of espionage were unfolded in court. The Britans were named as Ackroyd, Roger Kina, Rederick, and Janet "Annia" Chishelm, Geravee Stewart, and The Americans as Rederick, and Janet "Annia" Chishelm, Geravee Stewart, and the Americans as Rederick and Periodic Carleon and Richard Barob.

Penkovsky said that Wynne save but a how of weets in which he was to put have and give the box to one of the enddren of the Chishelms.

The indictment said that Wynne falled repeatedly to Penkovsky amout containing with the Penkovsky had been published in the possible flacin from the Saviet Union.

It said that Tenkovsky under interrogation last January said; "Had many descented with the Chishelm Rederick of the Chishelm, Had many descented with the Penkovsky had been published in the possible flacin from the Saviet Union.

It said that Tenkovsky under interrogation last January said; "Had many descented with the Chishelm, He continued to the Chishelm, He continued to Penkovsky and the Chishelm, He possible flacin from the Saviet Union, the indicators with the way to the body the possible flacin from the Saviet Union, the saviet union, and the continued to Penkovsky and the proposition of the Chishelm, He was caused him and designed the possible flacin from the Saviet Union, the saviet union of the Chishelm, He was caused him and delivered particular to the Chishelm of the Chishelm of

several mistresses. I frequented restaurants and in general liked an easy life. "All these vices corrupted me and I fell ... became a worthless man and a traitor."

QUESTIONS ON AGE

Refere the reading of the indictment, General Boriseglebsky, president of the court, asked Wenne to stand up while he answered questions about his age and education.

Speaking quietly and calmly, Wynne said he was born in 1919 in Shrepshire. Pressed by the court to give the exact date and month, he hastily replied "March 19, 1919".

month, be hastily replied "March 19, 1915".

He was asked what state he belonged to, and replied "Enaitsh", autickly correcting it to "British", When asked his occupation he replied, "An electrical engineer and salesman.

The president of the court then asked him what education he had had. He replied, "A technical engineering training and a university training."

Penkovsky, a shade tallet than the stocky Briton, was questioned on his name and identity. He nave his name as O'ez Vladimirovich Penkovsky.—although some Soviet newspapers have colled him Oleg Yassilevich Penkovsky.

He told the president that he held a reserve military rank of colonel and had been deputy head of the foreign department of the State Committee for Scientific Research and Coordination.

Mr. Boris Belitsky, of Moscow Radio, is the interpreter for the ceurt. A young Soviet journalist, Mikhail Brukh, is translating the proceedings for Mr. Wyme, Major Afanasyev, secretary of the court, began reading the indictment.

OFFER TO BECOME

BRITISH AGENT

BRITISH AGENT

The indictment alleged that Penkovsky offered to become a British agent, and early in April, 1901. Wynne told a "high-ranking member of the British embassy" of his impressions of Penkovsky.

In Lendon, through a man named Harrley, he met a British intelligence agent called "Ackroyd".

Penkovsky began spying in April, 1961, during official visits to London and Paris, Wynne helped to establish Penkovsky's relationship with British and American intelligence services and while in Moscow delivered packages containing cameras, ilim, and information.

Penkovsky repeatedly met British and American agents at secret addresses, gave away top secret economic, political, and military information, and received instruction in explonace techniques.

During his cooperation with the British and American intelligence services, up to the day of his arrest, Penkovsky received coded radio messages from the spy head-quarters, regularly met representatives of the British and American intelligence services, including Wynne, Chisholm, and a man named Carlson, in Moscow streets, hallways, hotels, and at British and United States diplomatic receptions,

INFORMATION ON FILM

INFORMATION ON FILM

The received instructions and espienage equipment from azents, and conveyed servet information to them verbally, in written reports and on film, the indictment added, (Mr. Rochey W. Carlson was assistant gureathural attaché at the Funted States-Embrasy in Messew. He left the Soviet Union voluntarity on December 14 last year after allocations that he was connected with Penkovsky had been published in the press here and denled by American authorities.)

The indictances will that Wynne delivered packages estitutions.

Penkovsky's criminal activities were con-tirmed, the indictment said, by material evi-dence, experts' findings, investigation experiments, the testimony of Wynne, a confrontation with Wynne, witnesses' testi-niony and documents. Wynne's criminal activities were con-firmed by the testimony of Penkovsky, a confrontation with him, witnesses' testi-mony, material evidence and documents, it added.

SERIES OF MEETINGS IN LONDON

The investigation established that Pen-kovsky, as a result of moral degradation, became an agent of imperialist intelligence services, the indictment said.

services, the indictment said.

On April 21, 1961, on arrival on an official mission in London, Penkovsky handed to Wynne two packages with top-secret information. On the same day with Wynne's assistance he met representatives of the British and American intelligence services.

of the British and American intengence services,
Before leaving London, Penkovsky had three more meetings with these agents.
On May 3, he pledged himself in writing to cooperate with British and American intelligence services, and also wrote an application for British or American citizenship should nized arise.

Receiving the necessary espionage equipment, Penkovsky returned to Moscow and began to fulfill his assignments.
On May 27 in Moscow he handed to Wynne 20 rolls of film with phytographs of classified material, and also a letter with an invisible message, and received from him a letter with instructions and a batch of film.

film.

During his next visit to Britain, from During his next visit to Britain, from July 18 to August 8, Penkovsky had five meetings with representatives of the British and American intelligence services. He was instructed to continue photographing classified material.

Describing his earlier work at military

Describing his earlier work at military establishments, Penkovsky betrayed a number of important data constituting a state secret.

secret.

The foreign agents told Penkovsky that the documents they received from him were of great value. The spy was informed about the secret eache No. 1 in the hallway of number 5.6. Pushkin Street Moscow, selected by the American intelligence service and procedure for using it.

RESPONSIBLE POST

During one of the meetings, Penkovsky tried on uniforms of colonel of the British and the American armed services, which were made for him, and was photographed in them.

and the American armed services, which were made for him, and was photographed in them.

He was given an assurance that after completing expending on Soviet territory he would be given a responsible post of his own choice is the British for American military establishments, the indictment end. He was offered a salary of \$2,000 fabout £700) a month and would also be unid a lump sum for his made explorance work on a \$1,000 fabout £350) a month basis.

Penkotsky was also introduced to a top official of the British intelligence service, the indictment said, and to "a British agast, Linet-Ann Chisholm, the wife of former second secretary of the British Embassy in Moseow".

She was smalltaneously a member of the British Intelligence service and maintained an explorate contact with Penkovsky through Wynne when the latter came to Moscow, it added.

The indictment referred to a man named "Coxell" who was to replace Chisholm, Wynne and Cowell in London in November, Did the indictment crift.

(*Voltr. Carrage Coxell, 37, his been visa denarthent which at the British Embases site Mr. Cheshall and his rao boy, and a Brit, Mr. Coxell was formerly a second secretary in Ammun.)

"LIKED AN EASY LIFE"

Seven Britons and two Americans were mentioned as the altegations of e-pionage were unfolded in court. The Britons were named as Ackroyd, Roger King, Raderick and Janet. "Anna" Chisholm, Gervase Cowell, Dr. David Seman and Felicity Stewart, and the Americans as Rodney Carlson and Richard Jacob.

Penkowsky said that Wynne gave him a box of sweets in which he was to put films and give the box to one of the children of the Chisholms.

The indictment said that Wynne talked repeatedly to Penkovsky about estimane work, encouraged him and discussed his possible flight from the Soviet Union.

It said that Penkovsky under interrogation last January said: "I had many defects—I was envious, selfish, vain, careerminded. I liked to court women and had

how he car glang

viers, grebuling Wynne, Chrisbolin, and a trim named Carlson, in Moscow streets, hallways, botels, and at British and United States diplomatic receptions.

INFORMATION ON FILM

INFORMATION ON FILM

He received instructions and explorance equipment from ascents, and conveyed secret information to them verbally, in written teports and on film, the indictment added, (Mr. Rochney W. Carlson was assistant agricultural attaché at the United States Embassy in Mescow. He left the Soviet Union voluntarily on December 14 hat year after allegations that he was connected with Penkovsky had been published in the press here and denied by American authorities.)

The indictment said that Wynne delivered packages containing exploracy information

packages containing espionase information collected by Penkovsky to Chisholm. He took from Chisholm and delivered to Pen-kovsky packages containing instructions, photographs, a camera, films, and con-tainers for the delivery of espionage material.

the large washistments, the mile trade wash. He was offered a whary of \$2,000 tabout 1700 a mouth and would also be read a latting and north and would also be read a latting and north the presence of the latting and north the presence of the latting and north the latting and north the latting and latting

INQUIRIES ABOUT

TROOPS

Law in the RUSSIAN ON SPY CHARGE IN MOSCOW

LINK ALLEGED WITH MR. WYNNE

Moscow, Dec. 11.-Russia today announced the arrest of a Soviet scientific worker said to have had links with western intelligence services through Mr. Greville Wynne, the London business-man who is being held in Russia on charges of spying. Tass named the man

charges of spying. Iass named the man as O. V. Penkovsky, and said he was accused of collecting secret scientific information for Britain and America.

The agency said that Mr. Wynne has now been "arraigned for trial". It said be had periodically visited Russia "under the disguise of a businessman".

Tass described Penkovsky as a worker to the second periodical transmission of the second periodical transmission.

in the state committee on coordination of scientific research work and said that he was connected with the British and American intelligence agencies Soviet scientific, technical, political and military questions, in 1961 and 1962.

LETTER-BOX CLAIM

Penkovsky, Tass said, had used a letter-box at the gateway of a house in Pushkinskaya Street, Moscow. A staff member of the American Embassy in Moscow, identified as R. Jacob, was caught red-handed on November 2 as he was extracting "espionage material from the letter-box, it was added.

The agency said that Penkovsky also maintained contact with intelligence services through Mr. Karlsson, described as the Second Secretary of the American Embassy, and other United States and Particle discounting

Embassy, and other Ontied States and British diplomatists. When Penkovsky was arrested "material evidence of his connexions with enemy intelligence services" was found. This included three miniature cameras, codes for deciphering messages, coded "espionage" reports. secret inks, radio equipment and a false Soviet passport "so that he could go underground in ease of imminent

American Embassy sources later said that there was no American diplo-matist called Karlsson serving in Moscow, There was an assistant agricultural attaché in the Moscow embassy named Rodney Carlson, but Soviet authornies had made no accusations against him, the sources added.

1 BRITON'S WIFE TO MAKE VISIT

Mrs. Sheila Wynne, wife of Mr. Greville Wynne, the British businessman

who was arrested in Budapest on November 2 and later taken to Russia, is to be allowed to see her husband. A member of the British Embassy in Moscow was told this yesterday by a Soviet Foreign Ministry representative, who said that a Soviet visa would be authorized for her.

There has been no reply to the British request that a consul should be allowed to see Mr. Wynne. The embassy is therefore pursuing this request and also

therefore pursuing this request and also the request for details of the charges against Mr. Wynne, who is alleged to have confessed to espionage.

The British Embassy has been informed, however, that Mr. Wynne is in good health. Although a public trial may, therefore, be staged before long, the Soviet Government's attitude is regarded as so far in some respects more humane than in the past.

ORAL MESSAGE

The message, given orally to the British Embassy, also stated:-

During the investigations Wynne pleaded Guilty when the accusation of espionage was brought against him. The investigation is continuing. It will be completed within the period determined by law after all the circumstances of the case have been established. When the preliminary investigation is finished, evidence of Wynne's espionage activities will be submitted to the court.

The Soviet law on criminal procedure does not provide for a lawyer to be placed at the disposal of an accused person before the end of the preliminary investigation. The law also does not provide for a foreign lawyer to be placed at the disposal of an accused foreign citizen. In connexion with the request of Wynne's wife to meet her huxband, this meeting could take place within the next few days. During the investigations Wynne pleaded

A statement issued on behalf of Mrs. Wynne said that after two appeals to Mr. Khrushchev on November 22 and December 7, and the repeated requests of the British Government. Mrs. Wynne had been informed by the Foreign Office that she would be able to travel to Russia to see her husband, She expected to travel later this week.

INSUMPTION

and Bathing Booths

lir

THE VERY BEST OF THE DECORATIVE LAMINATES

B. Write for colour pattern about to Pasente Limited, Sept. 6194, 12-11 Conserve Gargens, London SWI

W.T.

FROM OUR DIPLOMATIC CORRESPONDENT

Places in Moscow were specified where Penkovsky was to pass espionage materials to Mrs. Chisholm and to receive letters with instructions and films from her, the indictment said.

His espionage assignments were specifically to seek ways of collecting information about rocket troops, about Soviet troops stationed in east Germany, about preparations for the conclusion of an east German peace treaty, angust the development of Soviet-Chinese relations, and other political, military and economic information.

In August-September, 1961, Penkovsky on three occasions passed films with photographs of secret documents to Wynne and Mrs. Chisholm.

Arriving in Paris with a Soviet delegation, Penkovsky repeatedly met members of the British and American intalligence services at secret addresses. The indictment said he gave away important information, received espionage briefings and was instructed to continue taking photographs of classified material. PARIS VISIT

He was told to select several eaches in Moscow for indirect contact with the intelligence services and to describe them in detail, to strike new acquaintances as a possible source of espionage information and to collect information about new Soviet war material

Soviet war material

In Paris Penkovsky was introduced to a
high official of the United States intelligence service. During one of the meetings,
a special password was established for
fereive liaison with representatives of
foreign intelligence services in Moscow.

All the details of this liaison, involving
the use of the telephone and the cache,
were jotted down by Penkovsky on a
separate sheet of paper which was taken
from him during his period of detention.

It was established during the investigation

separate sneet of paper which was taken from him during his period of detention. It was established during the investigation that one of the telephones was in the flat where the assistant United States air attaché, Mr. Alex Davison, had been living since May, 1961, the indictment said. Another was in a flat in which the former second secretary of the United States Embassy. Mr. William Jones, had lived between 1960 and February, 1962, and which, since February, 1962, and been eccupied by an attaché of the United States Embassy. Mr. Hugh Montgomery.

(A. William Charles Jones, 42, was appointed a second secretary at the United States Embassy here in June, 1960.)

Te check Penkovsky's testimony an experiment was carried out in which all the prearranged signals were observed. A man who proved to be a United States Embassy efficial, Mr. Richard C. Jacob, came to retrieve documents inserted in the cache.

CODE BOOKS FOUND IN FLAT

The investigation also established that the telephone, the number of which was given to Penkovsky in Paris, was in the flat where the former British assistant navel attache, Mr. John Varley had lived until June, 1962. From July, 1962, to March, 1963, the flat was occurred by a former official of the same embasse, Mr. Ivor Rowsell. (Rowsell was transport officer at the embassy.)

Returning from Paris, Penkovsky passed to a courier of a forcern intelligence service recert unitary information.

Penkovsky information, Produc call to a flat then occupied by I effects Stowart, a forner member of the British lambasy staff, the indicriment said.

Subsequently he collected exponence information of political, economic, and

child used as camouflage for spying"



Greville Wynne in the dock during his trial in Moscow yesterday.

military nature, and passed it on to British intelligence through Mrs. Chisholm. Penkovsky supplied the British and American intelligence services with extensive information verbally and by written reports and films, the indictment continued. A search of Penkovsky's flat revealed a forged passport, code books, paper for sending invisible messages, miniature cameras, a radio used by him to receive coded messages, and other espionage equipment, all found in a secret compartment in his desk.

OFFER TO BRITAIN

Wynne, while in Moscow in April, 1961, informed a senior diplomatist at the British Embassy of his conversations with Penkowsky, who had offered the British his services in collecting and supplying espionage information. Wynne look a letter from Penkovsky, in which the latter offered his services to the British intelligence service, and promised to tell the persons concerned in Britain about him.

In London he met an agent of the British

an Britain about him.

In London he met an agent of the British intelligence service who introduced himself as Ackroyd, handed him the document received from Penkovsky and set out in detail the substance of his conversations with Penkovsky in Moscow.

On April 20 Wynne received from Penkovsky in London the first two nackaces with espionage materials and he delivered to Ackroyd at once.

In May Wynne had a talk with the head of the Russian section of the British Intelligence service in which Ackroyd and another British agent, who introduced himself as Roger King, took part, and consented to carry out further assignments.

PACKAGES PASSED TO WOMAN

In May-September, Wynne had several meetings with Penkovsky in Mossow, London and Paris. On each occasion he received from him for delivery to members of the British intelligence parkages with films, with photographs of secret material and received.

films, with photographs of secret material and reports.

Wynne handed to Penkovsky from agents of the intelligence services instructions and containers for explonage materials.

On August 23, in Moscow, Wynne received from Penkovsky a package with an arithment in the indictment said. This and another package with this were another penkovsky came to Paris, Wynne charted to Koper King the arrival of Young in the alast under which Penkovsky was known among thitkin agents) and ossed to him classified material received from Penkovsky.

Wynne paid all Penkovsky's expenses, in 183, and these were later tempured to the British intelligence service in sordon. In November, 1994, and June, 1992, Wynne had meetings with the head the Russian section of the British intelligence service and with Kinst.

At the meeting in November Wynne was assisted in Cowell time service and with Kinst.

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At the meeting in November Wynne was also be to Manadowsky the British in the Manadowsky to Manadowsky the British in the Manadowsky the British in the Manadowsky the British in Manadowsky the British in the British in the British in the Manadowsky the British in the Manadowsky the British in the Brit

was a British agent and went on: "I thought about it, looked around, and thought again before deciding." Then he contacted Wynne again when the latter came to Moscow in April, 1961.

Penkovsky said he had been in charge of organizing exchanges of delegations between the Soviet Union and Britain and the United States, so it was natural for him to know when Wynne would arrive and easy for him to contact Wynne.

Penkovsky said he had been in charge containing a letter which he asked him to give to someone in the British Embassy. In the letter he expressed his wish to work for British intelligence, stated he had access to economic and other information, and asked them to inform him through Wynne how to make contact.

Penkovsky, speaking clearly and confidently with occasional quick gestures, told the sturdy, dark-haired prosecutor that Wynne must have known for whom the package was intended, although he—Penkovsky—did not use the word "intelligence" at that meeting.

BRITON'S DENIAL

BRITON'S DENIAL

Wynne replied clearly: "No, certainly not."

Wynne replied clearly: "No, certainly not."

The prosecutor went on: "Did you receive a lenter for transmission to Britain?"—Wynne: "Yes, at the last minute on my way to the airport." To whom was it addressed? "—"Penkovsky asked if I knew any important people in Britain. Do you want me to go into the details of this now?"

Prosecutor: "Mr. Wynne, you may be scated."

seased."

In answer to further questions before sitting down, Wenne said that when Penkovsky arrived in Britain in April, 1960, the Soviet official gave him the same package which he had tried to give him in Misseau.

The military prosecutor led Penkovsky through the stages of his recruitment by

The military presecutor led Penkovsky through the stages of his rectument by British intelligence and his first meetings with Wyme. At intervals the proceeder turned to Wyme and called on him to condit to distribute the processing his questioning of the Rossian.

RADIO LESSONS

RADIO LESSONS

Called to his feet again, Wynne testified that he received a mackage from Penkowsky and gave it to Clipsholm at the first he Pinbassy on May 27, [96]. He said he did hot know at the time who the man was to whom he cave the package. But "I do now". Then he named Chisholm. Penkowsky said he had had hive meetings with members of the little hintell united crisice while he was in London in Articles and he had had he meetings with members of the little hintell united crisice while he was in London in Articles and he had had he meeting, was wasted in trying to teach him how to use the tache him how to use the tache are over which they was him.

Penkovsky said that during his business trip to Loadon in July-August, 1961, he was trained in the reception of long-distance radio transmissions. He nied British intelligence men in the Mount Royal Hotel (Marble Arch); one of them was the head of British intelligence.

Asked by the court how he knew this, Penkovsky said the man was never introduced to him and he only talked to him for 10 minutes, but I guessed he was the chief by the behaviour of the others in the room."

by the behaviour of the outers of the room."

After saying he passed espionage information to Mrs. Chisholm through her child, Penkovsky was asked by the presiding judge: "Consequently, Anne Chisholm's children were used as camouflage for the espionage contacts?"

Penkovsky replied: "It amounts to this."

AMERICAN'S ALIAS

AMERICAN'S ALIAS

The presiding judge asked Penkovsky:
"When have you learned the name Johnson?" Penkovsky said he learned this name on Wynne's arrival in Moscow.
"Is the name Johnson a real name or an astaff member of the American Embassy in Moscow, Carlson."

Later, Penkovsky said he handed over films of secret materials to Carlson.
Penkovsky said that while in Paris he made trips to Fontainebleau, Versailles, the Moulin Rouge and the Lido and Wynne paid the bills. Asked by the prosecutor who had compensated him for these expenses. Wynne replied calmly: "British intelligence."

penses, Wynne repited calmly: "British intelligence."

On October 21, 1961, after he had returned from Paris. Penkovsky continued, he had given information to a western agent in a Moscow hotel, including details

agent in a Moscow note; including details of a Soviet artillery division's organization. Penkovsky then revealed three telephone numbers which he said he was given when he wanted to make contact and drop secrets in one of his hiding places. Two of them, Moscow 43-26-94 and 43-26-87, are in No. 18 Kutuzovsky Prospekt.

SIGNAL MARK ON LAMP-POST

A police report read out by the clerk of the court said the first number was alleged to be the number of the flat occupied by Captain Alexis Davison.

The second number belonged at first to William Jones and then to Hugh Montgomery (second secretaries at the American Embassy). After this, the Russian security police painted a black mark on lamp-pest No. 35 on Kuturovsky Prospect, another agreed signal between Penkovsky and his contacts.

contacts.

According to the police report, the

According to the police report, the system worked admirably.

At 9.20 Captain Davison passed the lamp-post slowly in his car, then got out and walked past the lamp-post twice before getting back into the car and driving to the United States embassy. That afternoon a member of the embassy came to the secret hiding-place in Pushkin Street and removed a packet from it.

He was immediately detained and taken to a police station, where he proved to be Richard Jacob, of the American Embassy. Perskovsky was asked about another telephone number. Moscow 94-89-73 which he was supposed to ring three times on a Monday morning if he had information to give. He denied any knowledge about who had this number.

Was supposed to the second of the second of

LAST CONTACT

LAST CONTACT

Penkaysky said his last contact with Winne was in July, 1962, when Wenne stayed at the skystraper Ukraine Hotel. On the way from the arroutt, Penkaysky said, he gave Wynne some used film and a letter.

At the same time he was teld that a new second so refere nor of tarkan was consistent for the United Scott S

and repairs.

Whine handed to Penkovsky from anents of the intelligence services instructions and containers for estimation and tradit.

On August 23, in Missenw, Wynne received from Penkovsky a package with an "aratlery instrument", the indictional said. This and another package with all line were passed on by Wynne to Mrs. Chishotin.

When Penkovsky came to Paris, Wynne reported to Reper King the arrived of "Young" (the altas under which Penkovsky was known amoun British agents) and passed to him classified material received from Penkovsky.

Wynne paid all Penkovsky's expenses in Paris, and these were later reimbursed to him by the British intelligence service in London. In November, 1961, and June, 1962. Wynne had meetings with the head of the Russian section of the British intelligence service and with King.

At the meeting in November Wynne was introduced in Cowell (now second secretary of the British embassy in Moscow), who was to go to Moscow to replace Chisholm.

SPECIAL CONTAINER

SPECIAL CONTAINER

On July 2, 1962, Wynne arrived in Moscow and, meeting Penkovsky, took from him a package containing tilms with espionage materials and a written report. This package he delivered to Chisholm and received from him a package with espionage instructions, code posteards, and money for Penkovsky, and a disinfectant tin with a special container for espionage materials. It also contained photographs of Cowell and his wife, and of the American agent Carlson and of his wife, with whom Penkovsky was to crabblish espionage contacts. Wynne passed all this to Penkovsky, showed him how to open the container, and told him that detailed instructions concerning future contacts were set out in a letter and gave a report on the British agent Cowell whom he had met earlier in London.

While the indictment was being read, we soldiers as warders in deta the head.

the indictment was being read. While the indictment was being read, two soldiers, as warders, in dark khnki uniform and peaked caps stood to attention behind the accused. Wynne, who appeared to make notes as the reading went on, occasionally raised his head and looked towards the court president. Mrs. Wynne sat tight-lipped and white-faced.

POSSIBLE FLIGHT FROM RUSSIA

The indictment said that meeting Penkovsky on King's orders in Moscow on July 2-6, 1962, Wynne talked to him repeatedly about his espionage work, encouraged him and discussed questions

encouraged him and discussed questions concerning Penkovsky's possible flight from the Soviet Union.

On July 5, 1962. Wynne met Mr. Chisholm at the American Club in Moscow and fold him that he had just seen Penkovsky who thought he was being shadowed. The next morning Wynne left Moscow by air. Moscow by air,

Penkovsky was detained in floreante delicto on October 22, 1962, and then arrested, the indictment said. Wynne was arrested on November 4, 1962. (The American Club is the nearest thing Moscow has to a night club. No Russians are allowed into the premises).

INDICTMENT ERROR

The indictment claimed that Penkovsky

The indictment claimed that Penkovsky had attended a reception during September, 1962, given by the "British trade counsellor Senior". This appeared to be a mistake as a Dr. David Senior was scientific attaché at the embassy at the time. Dr. Senior, tell, white-haired and bearded, was the first British scientific attaché in Moscow. He was appointed in 1959 and left Moscow last year. He spoke Russian and entertained many Russians in his field at coektail parties at his flat, in a diplomatic block in Prospekt Mira. During a 30-minute recess, Mrs. Wynne studied an English summary of the indictment with her lawyer as they stood in a sunlit corner of the court's staircase. After the recess, the prosecution began its examination.

It was stated that the court had decided o examine the accused in open court and

It was stated that the court had decided to examine the accused in open court and then hear in camera evidence involving state and military secrets.

Penkowsky, questioned by the chief military prosecutor, Lieutenant-General Goiny, agreed that he had carried out espionage activity against the Soviet Union for the United States and British intelligence services.

rices.

The prosecutor asked Penkovsky when is first met Wynne, Penkovsky said they first met in December, 1960, "when he came to Moscow with a party of Luglish

the fild not immediately decide to work in British intelligence. He knew Wyons formation from his own community.

when a proved to plant all All parti-ine societ officing gave our for same package which he had tred to give him in Missions

The military prosecutor led Penkovski The military prosecutor fed Penkovsky Drivinsh his states of his testiminen by British intelligence and his first meetings with Wynne. At intervals the processor farmed to Wynne and eathed on him in confirm or deny details of Penkovsky's story before resuming his questioning of the Russian.

RADIO LESSONS

RADIO LESSONS

Called to his feet again, Wynne testified that he received a package from Penkowke and gave it to Chicholm at the British Embassy on May 27, 1961. He said he did not knew at the time who the man was to whom he gave the package. But "I do now". Then he named Chisholm, Penkovsky said he had had five nectines with members of the British intelligence service while he was in London in April. 1961. A lot of time at these meetings was wasted in trying to teach him how to use the radio receiver which they gave him. He told the court in, reply to a question

He told the court in, reply to a question that he was head of the delegation which went to Lendon. Asked what happened to the rest of the delegation which he was highly with his intelligence contacts, he said they leaded clear thomal-back. looked after themselves,

Penkovsky said that on the visit he gave reports on economic, political and military

FILMS IN BOX OF **SWEETS**

Penkovsky said that on his visit to Lendon he also gave the British three pages of information on Soviet rockers. Penkovsky said he recognized as his "Minox" cameras, film, a radio set, and other technical items submitted as exhibits. He said he kept them at home, in a secret compartment of his desk.

As Wynne listened through earphones, his As Wynne listened through earphones, no face strained, Penkovsky fold of a meeting he said the two had in Wynne's Moscow hotel in August, 1961. He told the court that Wynne gave him a box of sweets which he was to use to send back films of espionage information.

espionage information.

He was instructed to put the films in the box of sweets and give the box to one of the children of the Chisholm family.

He already knew Mrs. Chisholm as "Anna" from an earlier meeting in London, but Wynne showed him photographs of the children which he studied for helf as hour in the Picinst heat there are ralf on hour in the Britan's hotel bedroom

PHOTOGRAPH SHOWN

Earlier, Penkovsky said that he met Mrs. Chisholm usually once a month on a Friday or Saturday, in the Arbat area, in central Moscow. He would lead the way into a side street where he would hand over

As Wynne supported himself with his right arm outsirtethed over the edge of the dock, the judges examined a heavy volume of evidence submitted by the prosecution until they found a phetograph.

The book was shown to Wynne, who told the prosecutor: "It is Mrs. Chisholm."

Penkovsky said that one of his tasks was to "clarify what was the position in Soviet-Chinese relations ". He added: "I did not get anything on that order. But I tried."

At the hotel meeting where he received the box of sweets, Penkovsky said Wynne also gave him films, a letter, and a new "Minox" camera in exchange for a broken one. As Wynne supported himself with his

one. Wynne, under questioning, said he had received a package from Penkovsky at their August, 1961, meeting and he gave it to Mr. Chisholm who had provided the box sweets and an envelope which he gave to Penkovsky.

Penkovsky described "Cache Number One" which he said was behind a radiator in an entrance in Pushkin Street between a butcher's and a shoe shop.

HIDING PLACES ARRANGED

ARRANGED

Penkovky said that during his 1961 visit to Paris he had five meetines with contacts both British and American. Wynne had met him at the airport and he had handed him 15 rolls of film including photographed copies of two central committee letters. At the fourth of these meetings Mrs. Chisholm also agreeated, saying she was spending her holding there. They arranged meeting places for the rest of 1961 and early 1962, hiding places for leaving information, and a routine for gathing in touch in on emergency.

In Paris he was told that without revealing himself he should seek infiltery information from his own contrasts.

that of I tanacy emploies (A M) has Rowell, 47, the embloys ettanaport officer, was flown bome early in March, after working at the embloys true to months. According to British official statements, he was approached by Soviet security men. A trinsh Emblossy official statements, he was approached by Soviet security men. A trinsh Emblossy official statements, he was approached by Honest and statements, he was approached by Boylet Soviet Security men. A trinsh Emblossy official statements, he was approached by Honeston and Soviet S

LAST CONTACT

Penkovsky said his last contact with Wynne was in July, 1962, when Wynne stayed at the skyscraper Ukraine Hotel. On the way from the airport, Penkovsky said, he gave Wynne some used film and a

At the same time he was told that a new

letter.

At the same time he was told that a new second sceretary named Carlson was coming to the United States Unibassy and that Cowell was coming to the British Embassy to replace Chisholm.

Wyone gave him a disinfectant tin with a secret container which could he used for passing film for decaments. He was told that at some diplomatic receptions there would be a similar tin in the lavatory where he could leave his messages.

At this point the prosecutor asked Wynne whether he showed Penkovsky how the tin could be used. Wyone admitted this and said he had received the tin from Mr. Chisholm at the British Embassy.

Penkovsky, again questioned, said he had never used the tin and in fact had never made contact with Cowell.

At the same time, he said, Wynne handed him postcards written in English which could be sent to London to conveyertain messages. He used one of the postcards.

posteards.

Wynne, questioned again, said that he had seen the posteard for the first time during his interrogation after his arrest, But he said he had handed a large envelope

But he said he had handed a large envelope to Penkovsky when they met last July and the postcards may have been in that. Penkovsky said he had three meetings with a United States diplomatist, Mr. Rodney Carlson, in 1962, one at the July 4 recention at the United States amassador's residence. In August he received a letter through Carlson containing a forged Soviet identity card with another person's name but his own photograph.

ROUTINE MESSAGE DECIPHERED

Penkovsky said he had 105 or 106 reels of film, each containing 50 frames. He must have sent roughly 5,000 frames to the west. Of these, he handed 15 or 16 reels to Wynne. Others he took out binstelf on his trips; to London or Paris. He gave most of them to British and American diplomatists in Moscow.

Questioned urain, Wynne denied he had known that Penkovsky was giving him exposed film from the Minox camera.

A police report, read to the court, described a "great experiment" on November 15 when Penkovsky, under the control of the Soviet police, was said to have picked up his routine message at midnight and decilohered it for the benefit of the Russians. The court adjourned for 20 minutes, during which Mr. Borovik, Wynne's Soviet lawyer, met Mrs. Wynne for the first time and was introduced to her British lawyer, Mr. Sinclair.

During the recess Mrs. Wynne told the

Jawyer, Mandali and Was introduced to ner District Mr. Sinclair.

During the recess Mrs. Wynne told the Russian lawyer: "I am glad to see my husband looking so well."

The court adjourned until tomorrow.—

B. GUIANA DEFERS LABOUR BILL

GEORGITOWN, BRITISH GULNA, May 7,— Mr. Claude Christian, British Gulana Home Minister, announced in the Senate here today that a labour relations Bill—which led to a general strikes—would be deferred until negotiations between the Trades Union Council and the employers' associa-tion have been concluded. The strike is in its pinteenth day.

Its nineteenth day.

The unions object to part of the Bill which would allow the Government to decide which unions the employers

decide which unions the employers should recognize.

Mr. Christian's announcement followed a late night session between Dr. Jagan, the Frime Minister, and a T.U.C. deceation at which they tried to reach agreement over the Bill. The LUC, has submitted a memorandum outlining 25 demands, but Dr. Jagan has said the Government has made many concessions and has reached a point beyond which it cannot go.—Remor.]

OVERSEAS NEWS

THOUSAND MILES AWAY Threatened by British intelligence contacts, says Wynne

ARE PEOPLE WHO LANDED ME IN THIS DOCK"

Mr. Greville Wynne, the British businessman on trial here on spying charges, told the court today that his British contacts had threatened him when he went to Amsterdam to meet one of them.

Earlier, he blanned his "own people" brokensky? Wynne; ha December, 1960, we first met for landing him in the Soviet courtable and the same threatened him when have landed me in this dock", he declared.

Ouestianed by the court, he said he had been assured by a man introduced to him seed to been assured by a man introduced to him seed to be a several base of the seed to be a several to the seed to the seed to be a several to the seed to the seed to be a several to the seed to the se told the court today that his Brinsh to concacts had threatened him when he went to Amsterdam to need one of them. Earlier, he blamed his "own people" per for landing him in the Soviet court— a thousand miles away there are my own people—responsible people who have landed me in this dock", he

revised in the result of hammered home the countrymen develved you? "Sour fellow do not recommend to the Russian audience when Wynne defaulty replied: "Yee, indeed, they did. And that's why I am here." Questioned by the court, he said he had been assured by a man introduced to him as a Foreign Office "cheft" that the contacts he was asked to maintain with a Kussan had nothing to do with exponence. I wanted to be sure that there was nothing bad asking on and he assured me that there was nothing bad saving on and be assured in that there was nothing bad. Whene said, He did not know two Foreign Office men he mut if were intelligence officers. "I regarded them as frastworthy pentioned," home, the

WIFE IN COURT

On trial with Wynne is Oleg Penkovsky, for whom Wynne is alleged to have acted as flaken man for British and American indelisaene. Penkovsky told the court today that the gave Wynne information, about tower rockets when he visited Britain in tower.

Mrs. Shella Wynne, wife of the 44-yearold Briton, was again at the court when
the second day of the trial opened. Het
husboad has yeleaded "Gullty with certain
recent are expected to question him closely
about lass."

Perkovsky has also pleaded Guilty.
Court, sources said that the trial will go
has earet western termerow and on Friday.
The court may reach its worder on Friday,
but Sanday is more probable.
Visited if convoted, Large a settleme of

Princentor. — Why 7 Wynne, — The British Exhibition was here in Moscow.

August ?—To visit the French Exhibition in Moscow.

TALKS IN HOTEL

Procession—July, 1962? Wynne.—To divens other visits and critibitions and to arrange a visit of another Builth firm, in Apell, 1961, did you men Penkowsky informally?—He met me at the airport and swerral times at the hotel.

Did you have any conversation with Penkuvsky about evaluat with certain persons in Britain 2-Yes.

When and where 2--Two days before the feaving. In the National Ferle (one of Myscow's best hotels overlooking the Myscow's best hotels overlooking the

About whom ?--No specific person was menimed. Let me give the details, Prosecutor.—What sort of person ?-- Wynne.—Penkovsky knew my credentials when he asked if I knew important persons in Britain.

Did he specify the nature of the activi-tics 7—Yes. I asked what he meant by important people.

FIRST TO VISIT SOVIET

What did Penkovsky reply?—He said CZIOZ

Others ?--In April, 1961, I came to dis-cuss the return visit of a Soviet delegation to Britain.

EMBASSY OFFICIALS WARED.

British and American Embassy officials named in the Wynne spy trial so far are:—

HSTITSH

ROPERICK ("ROLE") CHESTOLM, 38, second secretary and head of the visa department from May, 1960, until August last year. He now works in lavadon.

JANYAMAN. ("ANSA") CRUSHOLM, his wife, The counte new live at Kingden Wood, Flinnyell, Street, with their two damphters and two sons, their department since Mr. Chishoim left, let is married with three shidden, John Vallay, former axistant naval analysts. [The Rowsell, 47, former Embassy transport officer flows home in March this year after 10 months at the Enbassy.

Entbussy, Station, 38, scientific attached for David Station, 1862.

If the David Station, 38, scientific attached from 1959 to 1962, finite attached write last year. Sho is believed to have been Mr. Chisholm's scirctory.

Asked by the prosecutor if he suspected and Askrowid real job, Wynne replied: "From mits beaming the said the was working for the Foreign Olike, Later I began to have strains doubts about my activities."

At this point there was a ripple of laughter among the Russians in the court, my harden the court, and the said askeys letter. Wynne told Askroyd and by strict delegation to London, which it works would hard be and London, which it was said to the said askeys better.

th Akroyl two days later at a restaurant and declarated with him the programme of Protocology with him the programme of Protocology's delegation.

Wyme said that Ackroyd later intothe deced him to another intelligence official—
In Reger King—and he had agreed to carry the
out their assumments. Ackroyd and King
arranged for him to meet a high-ranking
arranged for him to meet a high-ranking
proving whom they intoduced as their chief.
Ackroyd's and King's instructions on mainthe Ackroyd's and King's instructions on mainThe Wyme said he had been impressed by
what fentawsky told him of the importaance of his position. Penkovsky had said to

Penkovsk's position and said that a man collection and a said that a man collection and things. "He was very anxious to put my he mind at lees," Wyme said, "I was worried at the mind and the mine, he went on, "I was worried to the mind and the mine is demphished by "A toucard in mine away there are my own people—responsible people who have landed me in this work."

Just before the recess at 2 p.m. local time, Wyme showed some signs of fatisus after the long examination. He would occusionally correct himself or mumble.

TURNING POINT IN FEELINGS

When Wyang returned to Moscow, he wall he curried instructions to park newspeed by and he curried instructions to park newspeed by and he park overly and teacher preferable manner in the preferable was made by and half in a Give It to your fixed. He handled the packet to a man in the visa department of the Limbassy Pressed to identify the man, Wyane said. I now the sackinklohm, Wyane said. I now Wyane also said he brought with him presents given to him for benkovsky by quicking.

Penkavsky ustified that he gave Wynne a stroken cumera and some life when Wynne a rived in Awseyaw. He knew the nature of what I was gaving him." Jenkavsky said. I he prosecutor asked Wynne: Did such a conversation take place?" Did such what was in any of the packages." Wynne he prosecutor asked what he had will was in any of the packages." When he prosecutor asked what he had what was in any of the packages. When he prosecutor asked what he had conviced two packages, one an envelope, of the color a bay of weets. He delivered the letter to Penkor's weets. He delivered the letter to Penkor's weets. He delivered the the Dalwhel Theatre. Later he gave Penrovi uncati.

rected soon after Penkovsky left England, King From mag him up and asked him if he was going a for to Moscow for the French trade fail.

And the state of the Wyine said: "I decided to get in touch have dependent on the beautiful to give to benkovsky."

Be of Wyine said: "He gaye me a dox of sweets with King aman. I flow to Amsterdam and to the work to be put to be

GOOD SMATTER RELATIONS

he both the same time, Wynne said, he was greater took by representatives of British and helder took of the said o

WORD TO DIRECTORS

b Under questioning Wyane admitted that the backwayme of the councils of the passes are under as the photographs of the division family and the letter the council that these made up only a small perfect that these made up only a small perfect the full package. "There in content of the envelope I was not aware of."

Stranger and

the court was and that the trifd will no later court may exact its verific on Eriday, but Solitally is more probable.

When, if convicted, faces a sentence of the ween seven and 15 years imprisonment, or doub. Penkowby, charged under a different section of the Russian Federation of the Criminal Code, faces a 10 to 15 years' seen whence or death.

CLASHES BETYVEEN DEFENDANTS

Penkwess, 4. j., described as denuty head of the furego deputriment of the Stackman of Foreign deputriment of the Stackman of Foreign deputriment of the Stackman of Foreign deputriment of the Stack Committee for the Countriline for the Countrilin

THAOS LISTA OF TONEY CNION

that I came to see seek countries frequently and asked if anyhody in England had ation spoken to me about it. I fold firm I was a sent-penies. One of the officer of this company was a security officer and he asked about my visits.

Neptuty officer position, one of the lengest company to have a security officer resistant and proved with redworky. Interested in the security officer position, one of the security officer position, one of the length of the security officer position.

I the court interested in the security officer position, on the provedure—Who is Hardey?—A sound security officer to it is not surprising in a company to have a security officer that was a set with redworky. Interested to the provedure—Who is Hardey?—A security officer it is not surprising in a formation about Soviet rockets the first or the limit for film camera came information about Soviet rockets the first or the first of the security of the countries of sights for film camera came in security of the countries of sights for film camera came in security of the countries of sights for film camera came in the security of the countries of sights for film camera came in the security of the countries of sights for film camera came in the security of the countries of sights for film camera came in the security of the countries of sights for film camera came in the security of the countries of sights for film camera came in the security of the countries of sights for film camera came in the security of the countries of sights for film camera came in the security of the countries of sights of the security of the countries of sights of the security of the countries of sights of the security of the

BOOK ON ROCKETS

Penkovsky was then called to testify. He said: "I brought two packages, one little unwilling to maintain contact with Pencoune not a big one of materials, when I kovsky. But he changed his mired after One contend him and are was a hoose by a farifich and are was a hoose by a farifich and are was a hoose by a farifich and are was a kovsky in Kunsun of the way to a with estimate. In this way, the content of the way and the way in the way.

DIARY ENTRY NAMOTIS

Wynne said he hist learned that Penkovsky was in England when by precived by a cell from him gaping he was at the west of London air terminal. Wynne said this was at on Jone 18, and he noted it in his diary—a red teatherbound book, which was shown to the indges.

ix Wynne siid he could not spell Peter Wynne siid he could not spell Peter Wynne siid he could not spell Peter Newky's name er he jiet noted he arrived. He dreve perkuvsky to an hetel he between the two neemed as both essilied and helternately. Pethossky declared that on this visit of the Pethossky declared that on this visit of the help the second that he was a state of the was a state of th

from 1959 to 1962.
Miss Feriorry Stuart, Junior attaché traff hat year. Sho is believed to have been Mr. Chisholm's sceretary.

HIGH OFFICIAL

RANGE OF CHIMNI

Wrong said in evidence that Penk self-had been invited by the feeth made and service to leave the feeth and RENEWARDS

marrial Pressors in the transmission of marrial Pressors and bandy "No".

Abstractly resulting from notes, Penkovsky trill that Wynne had "construitly han led over noterials, bree times showed in explanation of inclinence "and had havited him to a "conspirative meeting piace". (Libs appeared to be a reference to a bayes near London where Penkovsky still earlier he had met western intelligence agents.)

Fronkovsky, speaking with quite general to the was not unly a chauffent", he added.

Wynne must not minimize his own role.

Akcal by the prevident whether he agoned with the "chauleur" description, Wynne regleat: "Chiefy! I was to help Penkovsky adding his stay in London, . . . My actual role I did not fully realize until I came in there."

Penkovsky, erws examined by the burdy, bestevelated chief influery prosecutor, Mr. Ari'm Germy, said he had been an inhomorphile ordinary Soviet man "until 1960, He extributed his actions to annoys made extend to his pob. He said he had been a careerful.

Oussioned bout an earlier affeged stitement of the had intended to flee to the west, flexiowsky declared holly: "Biffage mat, 1 did not intend to leave my family and stay in the west." This had been proposed to him by weetern intelligence men while he was in the west but he had rejected it.

The court then questioned Penkawsky II about a sam of 2,000 roubles (about £8(a)) or which he extined to have returned to pristing through Wyme, Under cross examination Pankawsky first said; "Vyyme preserver saw the money because all that I have him was a scaled package,"

Then he instead that Wyme had known what was in the parkage and that he (Penkawsky) was deliberately returning the I decrease.

Penkowkey said; "I don't know why Wring is telling this lie." He described is a conversation at the American Chilb shout the clausers of huying a fur cont for Mrs. Wring sain defield that he had had this conversation in connexion with the money. He will be achieved talking with Penkowky about fur conts and going to a shop to compute in Soviet prices with those in Copenhasen with the clear to the court than with prices here transport costs and import duty, the price would be redshifting. There is 100 per cent duty on britering hard two legands."

When beam his own textinony this treeters and who told him: "This is irrelected."

There was no such conversation", he said.

REMARKS ABOUT

FUR COAT

Property of the property of the control of the cont

s rentence was being read the Briton forward intently listening to his or. He showed no perceptible

His sentence constance with 10 years of acted out to the U2 pilot Gary Powers, it bo also was given the first three years in 17 year. Powers was exchanged for the year spy. Colonel Rudolph Abel, after hying only two years.

APPLAUSE IN COURT '

When the death sontence was pronounced by the courtroom erunted into phase and cheers. During this unit necessary flushed, opened his mouth necessary flushed, opened his mouth necessary flushed, opened his mouth necessary flushed, opened his form the court ordered that his personal product of the court necessary flushed, and his five property of the resource room immediately behind it was soon as the centeries were pronounced. With the security man and the two stards who had been in the dock thoughout the hadring. When each great the dock thoughout the histories who had been in the dock thoughout the histories when he can be dock thoughout the prisoners from the dock thoughout the histories when he can be done to the prisoners from the dock thoughout the prisoners from the dock thoughout the histories when he can be done to the prisoners from the dock thoughout the prisoners from the dock thoughout the histories when he dock thoughout the histories when he does not be the prisoners from the dock thoughout the prisoners from the dock thoughout the histories when he does not be the prisoners from the dock thoughout the histories when he had been the dock thoughout the histories when he does not be the prisoners from the dock thoughout the histories when his the prisoners from the dock thoughout the histories when he had been the prisoners from the dock the prisoners are the prisoners and the two starting the prisoners from the dock that a great of the prisoners are the prisoners and the two starting that a great the prisoners are the prisoners and the prisoners are the prisoners are the prisoners are prisoners.

Most Saviet newsparent today carried the feel test of the sontence on Wyrne and Penkowsy. Pravide, be Saviet Communical Party newsparent, devoted almost the wholes for its back page to the first day of the Marchey trial. Red Saue the Saviet Defonce Marchey trial as not service.

And Saue addyd: "Virlance has always been our possertial weroon in the struggle agactst the intrinses of the imperalist beast of prev. Let this weapon never become beaned. Let it merelissly defent our enterness, Commudes, be more vigilant."

Arts. Wynnes was not in court yetserday with semance was naved. Her way was arred to the court through the court within the court than the count thinding.

It has been all through the court the putternent in small downstairs soon in the court about 20 minutes to read the fament. Head give went the sema for the sement of marches the court, about 20 minutes to read the fament. Head give went the sema for the sement of marches and the sement of marches the court of the sement of marches and the sement of marc

NO COMMENT

Merjudement was riven. Wynne and his its wife embraced each other in a room on the ground floor in the court building.

Soviet journalists asked Mrs. Wynne if the was satisfied with the legal proceeding its least a vyceted milder punishment, she can be vyceted milder punishment, she replied that she knew nothing about Soviet er legal procedure and declined again to comment.

and the Soviet journalists then left the room and Mr. and Mrs. Wynne remained, watched which was vovid official.

A khall-informed military warder and a plain-labbas parad wearing a red armer band stood on guard wearing a wear with the stood from the stood of the same armer band stood of the sentences on Wynne and pental for the sentences on Wynne and pental stood of the sentences on Wynne and pental p

The judgment said that Penkovsky's and Wynne's crimes had been fully proved by their own Entements and by the material found on them when arrested.

Entirer ysterday, the court, in secret sussem, heard last pleas by Wynne and Penkoval.

Mr. Borovik said later that Wynne, in ag an appeal for elemency, asked the court to "remember my son, my wife, and my laged father". The day, he said, was the ye eleventh birthday of his son Andrew. "It will be such a shock for my fittle boy that I am not with him to wish him many happy ne roturns."

Wrnne, Mr. Borovik said, ended his 10-inute plea by saying that he "very much anted his aged father to see him back Friedrad

minute place by saying that he "very much has wanted" his aged father to see him back was a Fagland. The best him back has been a special place of the best has been been also honourable having some him back.

Lead into Russian planes by phase, he been have been had by his own work, with he was honourable having some had been haven he had by his own work, with here haven he held of the firms had been haven he held of the firms had been haven he had by his own work, with here haven he had by his own work, with he would have he was held here haven he had been had been haven he had not intended to be come one and that he did not interstand the was groune one and that he did not interstand the was serving as first. When he finally of placely. They forced him to go on, threatened him and blackmailed him.

He said he had not wanted to do it and that he will never do it in his life any

Mis. Wyme, who flew out here for the trial, has an appointment to see Mr. Burne with an appointment to see Mr. Burne and walked in warm simsline in woods.

Yesterday she had a half-hour meeting rounced somenee on him. Later Mrs. Wyms end know her husband after the centr had proceed somenee on him. Later Mrs. Wyms end for pitcers that they did not talk very much about the was not expecting a Builti's holiday earnp. But would be "He inkest about the was not expecting a builti's holiday earnp. But would be "He inkest about hims holiday earnp. But it would be "He inkest about his she things, you know". Mrs. Wymne added. "He is very light things he wanted sant out—including measurers, peradiculs, and ut—including measurers, peradiculs, and ut—including meretal with the thusband once, and possibly twice. The Soviet criminal code provides for a market with her husband once, and possibly wice. The she to shale to she and single some in a budippest, and a fabour colony.

3 hast year—the day after he was arrested in Budippest, with a face of the boy and preparations for the soviet mand a spectation on rockets, the Boyet a model forces and preparations for the soviet mand forces and preparations for a German peace greaty.)

Mrs. Shella Wynne is expected to discuss with a Soviet lawyer tomorrow the terms of an appeal for a reduction in sentence which her husband, Greville wynne, is likely to make to the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet.

Wynne, aged 14, was sentenced by the Soviet Supreme Court yesterday to eight years' detention for espinange—the first three years to be served in prison, the last five in labour colonies, with a "evere" regime.

The Russian accused with him, Oleg Penkowsky, was sentenced to death. If there is no revision of the court's decimency, Wynne's Russian lawyer, Mr. Nikolai Borowik, said yesterday that his client—the first Briton to be sentenced on a styping charge since the early 1930s a —infends to exercise this right.

HALF-HOUR MEETING

SOVIET LAWYER

WIFE IN DISCUSSIONS TODAY

the British and United States Embassies, dis. using their official position, had aided Penthe Wires. This was contrary to the rules of in interprational law and the status of diplates of the Saviet Foreign Minister so that appropriate measures could be taken, the interpretational law and the British particular of the Saviet Foreign Minister so that appropriate measures could be taken, the interpretation of the Saviet Foreign Minister so that appropriate measures could be taken the British Embassy here, and his wife the British Embassy here, and his wife a Javiet Asis.

GERVANE COWELL, Mr. Chiskolm's succession at the visa department, and his wife for Minister.

GERVANE COWELL, former embassy transport officer:

John Kowsell, former embassy transport officer:

John Valley, ord

attaché, and Felicity Sinar, former junior attaché, believed to have been Mr. Chisholm's

Registrates of nave been Mr. Chisholm's ced konceive and were;—

Res Roweny Catason, assistant agricultural attache, who left Russia volunturily last December after allegations—denied by connected with Perskovsky;

Torress of the Connected

WYNNE TO APPEAL AGAINST

Penkovsky Reaction

worthlyes as a source of in a sorthlyes as a source of in a sorth was at the course, they tonit to arouse the transfer of the Sortet nutrities that the training of the training of the Court of the Cou green lie that the expulsion of the your able and amiliale Moss of convergence of the should have resulted from the public Serion of so unwently made of the last the public serion of the public serion of the public serion of the pupers, and the pupers are green. taking to freedom of the payers, Obviously, you are under no obligation to show a v
"correct" point of view and
are even perfectly at Blocky
are even perfectly at Blocky empty spaces between chuck roast aus. However, it is rethe obtaseness of the Soviet nutherities in matters perto print enything that fills the

The layer is not really the functionally of the papers al. It is a layer analyse considered in the text, a rather substant by the layer of a declered is rather of oral remarks by a latent or latent gency reasonal with evidence of planning. It is interesting and important to know that there axists somewhere in a series somewhere in a series pages arguing to

gilimate province of strategic military thinking. But it is the elsewhere and they are the lebusiness of political analysts to assign to them the exact

inkes little to generate in the rinds of the Soviet leaders the article to someone, was trying deliberately to considere still further the otherwise delicate relations between the U.S.S.R. and the U.S.A. as a solid solid to solid soli charged with responsibility for real or imaginary disturb-75 contes at a time when fire Soviet Union is in an exfremely delicate position with virtually a lackey of Wall Sirect and at the same time The publication of the Parespect to the outside world, inces in places far removed from Moscow's influence, It pressured by the Chinase weight they deserve.

dustry. At the very least, the actionary delay between the acceptance of a manuscript and its actual appearance in print should seriously impair the "curlous tuning" theory. On the other hand, one the cilings of The Washington Post have digested their in digminion, they might take some time to ponder this friendly suggestion: The publication of drivel, while admitnat the best way of discharging in the precious responsibilities

A second a staff paper arguing to a free press.

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The Penkovsky Papers 15.7(5)

scheduled, the concluding installment of syndicated excerpts from the book The Ponkousky Papers. American and Brilish experts on Soviet affairs with competent opinion divided as to the form in On Monday, The Washington Post will print, as They have aroused a great deal of discussion among which the papers were released and as to the extent to which they were wholly in the words of Penkovsky. No one has challenged the essential point that Penkovsky was for a time a spectacu-

an interesting subject of conjecture and specula-tion, and The Washington Post will try to present larly successful intelligence source of the West.

It would not be conceivable that responsible hewspapers in this country would suppress notice of a book of this significance in history or of such consequence in foreign affairs. The Woshington Soviet Embassy and will publish Monday a critique by Victor Zorza of the Monchester Guardian, who which they are presented in the book and who suspects the intrusion of material not originating with Penkovsky. No doubt this will long remain solicited criticism and comment on them from the doubts that the papers originated in the form in Post, as one of the newspapers which have published excerpts from the papers, has unsuccessfully

opposing views as they appear.
The readers of this newspaper should know that The Washington Post's Moscow correspondent was summoned to the Soviet Foreign Ministry at 5 expect that measures will be taken so that no articles and materials of such kind will be published in The Washington Post in the future." He was further told that "if publication continues we o'clock on Saturday afternoon and told that "we reserve the right for ourselves to take necessary measures."

What those measures are we cannot know. They will not cause The Washington Post to alter its intent regarding this series of articles or any subsequent publication. We refuse to accept the inadprint material which the Soviet government may missible suggestion that this newspaper must not

find inacceptable.

[It will fulfill its responsibilities as it sees them, whatever "necessary measures" of intimidation and whatever "necessary measures" of intimidation and consorship Moscow undertakes to prevent it. Newssupers in the United States, the Soviet government should know by this time, are not to be told by governments, either foreign or domestic, what they "must" print or "must not" print.

MRS. WYNNE CALLS ON BRITISH AMBASSADOR IN MOSCOW

Wynne, wife of Mr. Greville Wynne, listened on his portable receiver to transfered and the British Ambusador missions in code from Frankfurt amhere. Sir Humphrey Trevelyan. And the husband, who has been accused the more areanged between Mrs. Wynne and her husband, who has been accused in the alleged spy ring. Pravid and Nederyu of expionage.

Mrs. Wynne is staying with the British consul, Mr. Kenneth Kirby, and his wife.

Mrs. Wynne is staying with the British consul, Mr. Kenneth Kirby, and his wife.

Mrs. Wynne is staying with the British Cornan. aged 35, and Mr. Hugh chev and ask him of free for husband, a businessman arrested in Hungary on November 2 and extradited to the Sowie worth of a factor of a fash shop meant it had been received.

Today's edition of the Soviet weekly Warme and five American embassy officials alleged by Soviet membasy officials are serial official whose arrest as a Soviet scientific official whose arrest as a Soviet Carlot as a Soviet Carlot as Soviet United Train and the United States was amnounced last treasky.

It said Mr. Wynne came to Moscow II said Mr. Richard Jacob, a United British Fair and August, 1961, to visit the British Fair and August, 1961, to visit the British Fair and August, 1961, to visit the British Fair and the French Exhibition, but "in reality the lover of exhibitions contact with mer Penkovsky, gave him sixtuctions and received from him explorate Intest with Mr. Richard Jacob and Jacob an

CODE MESSAGES

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—The State Pravda said today that Penkovsky Department said yesterday that allegatively-grabbing, greedy and ava-tions of expionage mude against three ricious. At home, Penkovsky hid from Diried States Embassy officials in his own family and was afraid of giving Moscow were "completely unfounded", himself away by an involuntary word in —Rettler.

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