Me 181 ms will have with the winds

Wooltho

SELECT COMMITTEE ON ASSASSINATIONS

KENNEDY

006795

NAME COMSTOCK, Raymond (Lt.)

Date 03-20-78 Time

Address 2700 Tulane Avenue

Place D.A.Office

New Orleans, Louisanna

Interview: As a result of a conference between the undersigned and District Attorney Harry CONNICK, the above, who is a Lieutenant with the New Orleans Police Department assigned as the Chief Investigator for the District Attorneys Office, was interviewed.

Mr. COMSTOCK assisted the undersigned in locating those persons who had contact with the Grand Jury minutes from the Clay SHAW Indictment.

Lieutenant COMSTOCK further informed the undersigned that the had in his office a (5) five drawer file cabinet containing papers tapes, statements and interviews pertaining to the original investigation conducted by the District Attorney's Office. After perusing these files the following papers were obtained (copies) of for inclusion into this Committees system. A more comprehensive and detailed examination of these files would be deemed appropriate and beneficial to the investigation.

- a. Flight Plan filed by D. FERRIE indicating passengers of Hidell; Lambert and Diaz. Filed 04-08-63
- b. Affidavit of Mrs, Jessie PARKER
- c. Affidavit of Mr. James A. HARDIMAN, Jr.
- d. Statement of Alcysius J. HABIGHORST
- e. Memorandum relating to CLINTON, LOUISANNA & C. COLLINS
- f. Affidavit of CORRIE C. COLLINS
- g. Affidavit of WILLIAM DUNN, Sr.
- h. CLEM BETRAND New Orleans Library Card
- i. Phamphlet and Statement RE: Lee Harvey OSWALD distributing Propaganda literature at U.S.S.Wasp, dated 06-16-63.

Interviewer Martin J. Daly.
(Signature)
Martin J. Daly
(Typed)

Date Transcribed

03-24-78

MJD

- j. (9) Nine pages of Memorandums by District Attorney Investigator dealing with Miami and persons thereat.
 - k. Affidavit of Mr. HENRY BURNELL CLARK
- 1. Copy of the Indictment of CLAY L. SHAW, dated 03-22-67,

 The file cabinet contains (25) twenty-five folders
 of Tape Recordings relating to such persons as Jack MARTIN;
 FOWLER; HALL; THORNLEY; QUIROGA; DePENO; SANTANA; RUSSO; LIEBLER;
 DAVENHAUER; BUNDY; WRIGHT; JUZNEDO; BEAUBOUER; DOODY; FERRIE;
 JOHN BAPTIST; ODOM. Additionally the cabinet contains papers
 relating to many persons and facets of the District Attorneys
 investigation conducted in 1963, which evinces information for
 probative value to this Committee.

Transmission Copy, JFK Collection: ESCA (RG 233)

Here is flight plan. Check light colored station wagon bought in Houston,
Texas in Feb. or Mar. (Wagon was 1959 mcdel) of 1963. Check this wagon at
Walkers on April 10th 1963 and at Garland Texas airport and on railroad
parking lot behind book depository.(See Hollands testimony to Commission
on this wagon.

FEDERAL AVIATION - AGENCY			1	L FLIGH	1		
PRIORITY INDICATOR	A000	tr	-	+	185		
	*				(4) W		E
HEBHES TIME 8-63	ORIGI		. mare 25	SEES AND/OR OR			
. 7-0 0-				1	163		
THTO OF MESSAGE	A. P 70 OF FLIGH	IT PLAN	B. RADIO IDEA	PCATION	C. THE OF ANOTHER		D. PROPUSED/ACTUAL IN
	VF2	J'	<u> </u>		//	7	1300
E. ABRODROME OF DEPARTURE, W.	OUTE, TO IT AIRSPEEDS	75°CU		PIRECE			, TEY
F. ALTERNATE ACCORDING	G. 11 1 10 MING	ODEOM OF THE	HOURS H	WM-UTES	I. MAY OTHER PERTINENT	I CONTROLL II	HORMADON
J. TRANSMITTING PROJUBICIES	K. MAYIGATION A	HOADINA OH	L. SOTAL NUMBE	s d	M. HAME OF PLOT IN C	SMMMO	N. SEMITY OF OPERATE
			4	· .	37,2415		Market State of the State of th
*Navigation and Approach	Aide Cuide Numbe	ars: 1-IL5; 2-	DECTRA: 3-DE	ECCA; 4-DME	, 5-VOR; 6-GEE; 7-	B HAROL	-RADIO COMPASS
			ary Data—I		ansmitted		
COLOR OF ARCEAST	ADORE		Comme Os 114C	BUT HOME BASE	MISCALAMOUS	For Steiner Lin	•
REI-W		NOCH	+		Hivel	it For	-53
REI - W -SEE REVERSE-		NECK	+) HAZ	1	FAA-398 1 (4-6))
	- :	VILL	}		Lande	1	FAA-398.1 (4-61)
	=	VILL	}		Lande	1	FAA-398.1 (4-61)
	- : .,	VICE	}		Lande	1	FAA-398.1 (4-61)
	= 1	VILA	}	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	Lande	1	FAA-394.1 (4-61)
		VICE)	Expression of the second of th	Lande	1	FAA-394.1 (4-61)
		NICA	}	6 a	Lande	1	FAA-394.1 (4-61)
	- :	NICA	}		Lande	1	FAA-394.1 (4-61)
	-	NICA	}		Lande	1	FAA-398.1 (4-61)
	-	NICE	}		Lande	1	FAA-394.1 (4-61)
		VILL	}		Lande	1	FAA-194.1 (4-61)
		VILL	}		Lande	1	FAA-394.1 (4-61)
		VILL	1		Lande	1	-5> FAA-394.1 (4-61)
		VILL	1		Lande	1	FAA-394.1 (4-61)
		VILL	1		Lande	1	FAA-394.1 (4-61)
		VILL	1		Lande	1	FAA-3994.1 (4-61)
		VILLA	1		Lande	1	FAA-3994.1 (4-61)
		VILL			Lande	1	FAA-399.1 (4-61)

Ref.

STATE OF LOUISIANA PARISH OF ORLEANS

AFFIDAVIT

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally came and appeared

MRS. JESSIE PARKER

who, after being duly sworn did depose and say:

I reside at 1623 North Galvez Street in the City of New Orleans, and my telephone number is 947-0838.

That I am presently employed at Rubenstein Brothers located at the corner of Canal and St. Charles Streets. Before this employment I was employed as a hostess in the V.I.P. Room at the Moisant International Airport for Eastern Airlines, and I started this employment on November 14, 1966. My working hourse of employment were from 8:00 in the morning until 2:00 in the afternoon. I was actually paid by GulfJanitorial Service but the V.I.P. Room was under the supervision of Eastern Airlines.

The V.I.P. Room remains locked and in order for someone to get into it they have to be admitted by someone who has a key. The people besides myself who had keys are: Cecilia Fagan who was also a hostess and who worked with me in the V.I.P. Room, Mr. Saladiano, Mr. Provensano, Mr. Paul Cook, Mr. Phillip Scofield and the three ground hostesses whose names are Kay Kulman, Elizabeth Bloodsaul and a girl named Barbara

whose last name I cannot remember. There was also Mr. Keller and Mr. Gaudin and the man who was supervisor of the Ticket Counter on Common Street.

No one could enter the V.I.P. Room unless they were brought in by someone who had authority to grant them entrance and also who had a key. I had directions not to let anyone in unless he was ascorted by one of the above named people.

The V.I.P. Room is a place where people who are considered to be important people could come in and sit down and wait for incoming or outgoing flights. The room was divided into 3 sections and had a television and drinks were served for their convenience. There was also a registration book in the V.I.P. Room and it was part of my job to get the people who. visited the V.I.P. Room to sign their names in this registration book. Mr. Sciambra has shown me a group of approximately 40 photographs of various individuals and out of these photographs I have picked 3 photographs which I have marked "S-1", "S-2" and "S-3" and signed my signature to them. I do not know the names of any of these people and I am identifying them by the above numbers.

I identified the picture marked "S-1" which is of the person who has an identification plate with New Orleans,

Louisiana and numbers 12#388 and dated 3/1/67 across/his chest as a man who used to come into the V.I.P. Room quite often.

He was always bringing in people who were leaving town or meeting people who were coming in. I remember him well because every time he would come into the V.I.P. Room he would be with 2 or 3 people and I would fix him a Bloody Mary. He was also able to speak a foreign language as I have heard him talk to other people in a language other than English. I can

remember that one day while I was working this man whom I have identified as "S-1" came into the V.I.P. Room with 4 persons from Caracas and accompanied by one person ; who was dressed in London-type clothes. I got the impression that this person was some kind of interpreter. There also was a lady in the group and all of them were waiting for someone to come in from New Orleans to take an outgoing flight. The people from Caracas did not speak any English. I can remember when they came in I asked them to sign the book. The person whom I have identified as "S-1" signed the book using the blue pen. He signed it 12/14/66 Clay Bertrand, New Orleans, Louisiana. The other 4 from Caracas signed the book using the black pen singing their names and that they were from Caracas, Venezuela. I have been thown the book by Mr. Sciambra and I can remember the people on that day quite well. After they signed the book the person whom I have identified as "S-1" and who signed his name as Clay Bertrand introduced me to the people from Caracas and I asked them what did they like to drink. Mr. Bertrand told me after giving me the order for the others that he would have his old regular and I fixed him a Bloody Mary as usual.

These people waited down in the front part of the room while the person in the London-type clothes kept running in and out of the V.I.P. Room to see if the party that they were waiting for had arrived yet.

At 2:00 P.M. I left work and Cecilia Fagan replaced me. When I left at 2:00 P.M. "S-1" and his party were still in the V.I.P. Room.

The picture I have identified as "S-2" looks like someone whom I have seen before but cannot exactly place where. The picture that I have identified as "S-3" also looks very

familiar to me but I cannot exactly place where I know him from.

MRS. JESSIE PARKER

SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED

BEFORE ME THIS 12 DAY

NOTARY PUBLIC

Quantra whing Duanton DC ... Mis my Da.

STATE OF LOUISIANA
PARISH OF ORLEANS

AFFIDAVIT

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally came and appeared

MR. JAMES A. HARDIMAN, JR.

who, after being duly sworn did depose and say:

I reside at 2006 Pauger Street in the City of New Orleans, and my telephone number is 949-2187.

That I am presently employed by the United States

Post Office as a mail carrier. My delivery route covers the

lower French Quarter section of the city. I deliver mail to

1414 Chartres Street, which is the residence of Jeff Bidderson.

After the Clay Shaw case broke and the name Clem
Bertrand became well known, I realized that I had delivered
letters addressed to Clem Bertrand to 1414 Chartres Street. I
feel that I have delivered at least five such letters to this
address. I am positive the addressee was Clem Bertrand. The
letters were in personal sized envelopes and were addressed in
script in blue ink. I did not notice whether there was a return
address on the envelope.

At about the time I was delivering the letters addressed to Clem Bertrand to Jeff Bidderson's residence at 1414 Chartres Street, I was also delivering letters addressed to Clay Shaw to Bidderson's residence. These letters addressed to Shaw had been forwarded from another address. Unlike the letters addressed to Clem Bertrand, all letters addressed to Clay Shaw, but delivered

to Jeff Bidderson's residence, were forwarded from another address. I feel I delivered at least ten letters addressed to Clay Shaw and forwarded to 1414 Chartres Street.

None of the letters addressed to Clem Bertrand were ever returned to me. They would have been returned to me if the address had been bad or the addressee was not receiving mail at that residence.

James A. HARDIMAN, JR.

SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED

BEFORE ME THIS 72 DAY

OF May

1968

WITNESSED:

Cameri & Calmont

NOTARY PUBLIC

0 1 1

nat time

February 15, 1969

QUESTION & ANSWER INTERVIEW

STATEMENT OF: ALOYSIUS J. HABIGHORST

- Did you ask MR. SHAW whether he used or was known Q. by any aliases?
- Yes, CLAY BERTRAND.
- Did he say anything else about his alias?
- Yes, "Some people know me as CLAY BERTRAND."
- Did you have any further conversation with him? Q.
- À. No, that was the last time I spoke to him. I had no reason to question him any further.

LOUIS IVON

SUMMARY MEMORANDUM CLINTON, LA.

The Clinton witnesses appear to be extremely credible insofar as they establish Oswald's presence in this rural area in late August or early September of 1963. This information was not followed up by the FBI nor made available to the Warren Commission and the official version of Oswald's movements for the period between August 21 (the day of the WDSU debate) and mid-September are sketchy at best. If nothing more, the testimony of these peole will increase our information on the critical period following Oswald's dismissal from the Reily Coffee Company on July 17th until his trip to Mexico City (leaving September 24th) when Oswald had a considerable amount of spare time.

From the statements of the witnesses, Oswald must have spent at least two days in the Clinton-Jackson area, although it is not known if Oswald spent the night there. We do know that Oswald visited McGehee's Barber Shop in Jackson in the afternoon, where he was referred to Reeves Morgan, the state legislator, and Henry Palmer, Registrar of Voters. Oswald's visit to Morgan probably took place later that day, in the early evening. Since the testimony of several witnesses (Palmer, Dunn, and Collins) puts Oswald in line to register to vote (on McGehee's and Morgan's advice) from about 10 AM to 4 PM, we can assume Oswald spent nearly an entire day in Clinton.

Oswald then went to the hospital and filled out an

application for employment. Interviews with hospital personnel (ie., Dedon) may help us determine whether Oswald visited the hospital late in the day after he attempted to register for the vote, or if the visit to the hospital required a third day in the area for Oswald.

These witnesses have also given clear indication that Clay Shaw was in Clinton on at least the same day as Oswald's attempted registration. Shaw was seen in the company of another person. While this person could not be positively identified as David Ferrie, witnesses (ie., Palmer) said that there was something about the hair and eyebrows of the unknown individual which was similar to Ferrie's unusual wig and phony eyebrows.

The question of why these individuals were in Clinton will have to be further explored. We will also have to check into Oswald's mode of transportation, especially in light of Morgan's statments which indicate Oswald came to his house by automobile.

The maps on the following pages illustrate the geographical remoteness of the Clinton-Jackson area. According
to the CIA Oswald chronology, the only information on
Oswald's out-of-town whereabouts for the summer of 1963
comes from Oswald's notes on his background, in which he calimed
to have spoken to a group of seminarians in Mobile, Alabama
on the evening of July 27.

MEMORANDUM

January 31, 1968

TO:

JIM GARRISON, District Attorney

FROM:

ANDREW J. SCIAMBRA, Assistant District Attorney

RE:

Clinton, Louisiana

Jim Alcock and I interviewed COREY COLLINS who had previously stated to Lt. Fruge that he was present in Clinton, Louisiana, and saw the black car parked in front of the drugstore. COLLINS said that if he did have blue overalls on as PALMER said he did, it means that this had to be either a Wednesday or a Thursday which were his off days from the hospital. He said that the girl with him had to be either VERLA BELL or LAURA DAVIS who is now in Alabama. He says that as best he can remember it was around two to three weeks after he attempted to register on August 6, 1963. This would make it in late August or early September, 1963. He said that at the time he was living in Clinton and working with VERLA BELL, LAURA DAVIS, JAMES BELL, HENRY BROWN, CHRISTINE WRIGHT, IONA HENDRICKS, MIMI FIENGOLD, and other CORE workers. The purpose was to register as many colored voters in the Parish as they possibly could.

COLLINS repeated that he remembers the black car parked in front of the drugstore very well and that he remembers thinking that it was an FBI car. He also remembers VERLA commenting to him that he remarked that it may be an FBI car. COLLINS says that at that time there were Federal men in the area to take care of any trouble that may have erupted as a result of the demonstrations and registration drive. COLLINS said that he was standing close to the registration door as the car drove up and he best remembers this as sometime around 10:00 in the morning. He said the car was headed toward plank Road and parked in front of the drugstore. He said he doesn't definitely remember the make of the car but remembers that it was a big black expensive looking car and not more than two years old and it had four doors. He says that he believes that VERLA was with him trying to get the names of the people in line. He says he can remember seeing someone get out of the car and go into the registration line. He also says that he can remember seeing MANCHESTER going up to the automobile and talking with the people in the automobile and someone in his party remarked that the Federal people looked like they were trading with the enemy. He pointed out, however, that he doesn't know if this was a Federal car or not since no one in the car identified themselves to anyone of his workers. He also said that it was customarily the procedure for the Federal men to identify themselves to either himself or to some other CORE workers just to let them know that they were in the

RE: Clinton, Louisiana

He said that as far as he knows these people did not identify themselves to anybody.

He said that after he noticed the one fellow get out of the car and go in the registration line, he then went about his other duties of checking various things in town. He says at the time there were about twenty to twenty-five people in line.

COLLINS said that he remembered this black car in particular because it was the only black strange car that he had seen during this period. He also said that he seemed to remember MANCHESTER joining PALMER after he talked to the people in the car. COLLINS said that there were two people in the front of the car and couldn't be sure about the back seat and that he cannot remember where the person who got out of the car and went into the registration line came from in regards to the front or back seat. He said the driver of the car had on a light hat and had broad shoulders but cannot remember the color hair he had or anything about his complexion and he seemed to be arond 45 to 50 years old. He said he believes the windows in the car may have been tinted but he can't be sure. He said the other person who got out of the car was younger and was of medium height and medium build and was casually dressed in a sense that he did not have a coat and tie on.

COLLINS also said that he remembers two guys sitting on the bench in front of the barber shop that morning. One of them was SCRUBBS DUNN and he doesn't know the name of the other person but could recognize him if he saw him again. He said that he only saw PALMER when he left the registration office but was not there when PALMER returned. He also was not present when the person in line left.

I then showed COLLINS some pictures to see if he could identify any of the men that we have in our files. He immediately picked out a picture which I have marked S-l and said that this was the person who got out of the car and went in line to register. He said he was very sure of this.

He then picked out a picture which I have marked S-2 and said that he remembers seeing this man around Clinton somewhere but can't be sure where or when.

He then looked at a picture which I have marked S-3 and passed it over and came back to it again and when asked if this person was familiar, he said the face was familiar but can't say for sure where 'e saw the man. He said he looks big enough to be the man behind the wheel but he would like to see a picture of him with a hat on and from the back.

COLLINS then said that we should check the registration date on HUEY RICHARDSON as he was probably in line around that time. He also said that he knew ESTES MORGAN and saw him in line around once

but doesn't know if it was on the same day.

He then signed the back of the pictures and I informed him that I would have a statement typed for him to sign.

The above is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

COREY COLLINS

STATE OF LOUISIANA PARISH OF ORLEANS

AFFIDAVIT

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, Notary Public, duly commissioned and qualified in and for the Parish of Orleans, personally came and appeared:

CORRIE C. COLLINS,

who, after being duly sworn, did depose and state that:

At the request of the District Attorney's Office I have gone in Section "C" of the Criminal District Court for the Parish of Orleans today to take a good look at CLAY SHAW who was charged by Jim Garrison with conspiracy to murder President John F. Kennedy. I have previously identified photographs of CLAY SHAW as being the person who was sitting behind the wheel of a black Cadillac by the Registrar's Office in Clinton, Louisiana, in late August or early September, 1963. After looking at CLAY SHAW in the courtroom today I am now more positive than ever that he is the man who was in the car in Clinton that day.

I have identified pictures of LEE HARVEY OSWALD and DAVID FERRIE as the other two people in the car with CLAY SHAW that day and LEE HARVEY OSWALD as being the person that I saw get out of the car and walk into the registration line.

CORRIE C. COLLINS

SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED BEFORE ME
THIS _____ DAY OF JANUARY, 1969.

NOTARY PUBLIC .

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS OF THE PORT OF NEW COMMANS (IN ACCRET OF THE STATE OF COMMUNIC, CTION

DATE: June 16, 1963

To: Chief L. Deutschman

C.C.

FROM: Patrolman Girod Ray

SUBJECT: Distribution of Propaganda Literature

While working a special assignment at Dumain St. Whorf I was approached by a U.S.S. Navy Officer from the U.S.S. Masp, who stated that he saw a white male adult subject handing out the enclosed pamphlets to persons visiting the Wasp, beathed at Dumain St. Wharf.

I immediately looked for this subject and found him distrubuting these pamphlets and asked him if he had received pornisaion area the Dack Board to issue these papers. He stated that he thought are a American citizen he did not need anyones permission. I ordered this man off of our property and told him he would have to refrain from issuing anything on Dock Board Property without their express lonsent.

Fun. Girod Lay

Sunday - Between 1Pm - 4 Pm.

neierence copy, JFK Collection: ESCA (RG 233

HANDS OFF GUBA!

Join the Fair Play for Cuba Committee

NEW ORLEANS CHARTER MEMBER BRANCH

Free Literature, Lectures

P.O. BOY SOCIA

YONE WELCOME!

IS IN CUBA?

On January 16, 1961, the United States Government imposed a ban on travel by U.S. citizens to Cuba. Failure to abide by the ban is punishable by a fine of \$5,000 or 5 years in jail or both. (8 USC 1185, 22 USC 225.)

This is in clear contradiction to remarks made by President Kennedy before the United Nations on September 22, 1961, when he deplored action by any nation which "builds a wall to keep truth a stranger and its own citizens prisoners". It seems also to violate the spirit of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights adopted by the United Nations in 1948 which states "Everyone has the right to leave any country, including his own and return to his country".

What mysterious features exist on this tiny island of 6½ million people to become so taboo for American eyes? Although the policy of the Castro government is to promote tourism everywhere in Cuba, our government innocently explains that the travel ban is to safeguard our welfare.

a Why then does it allow American citizens to travel in such trouble spots as Somoza's Nicaragua?

• Why then does it exempt Americans such as "certain" businessmen and "certain" reporters from the ban when they are the very ones most likely to become involved in international incidents?

• Why then do other Western countries such as Canada, Mexico, England, France, West Germany, etc., find that the safety of their nationals does not require restrictions on travel to Cuba?

Our government states that another reason for the ban on travel is that it is in the national interest to combat Communism by preventing travel to Cuba.

Why then is travel allowed and even encouraged to admittedly Communist countries such as Poland, Yugoslavia and even the Soviet Union?

In short, WHAT IS THE GOVERNMENT HIDING?

As a result of the Cuban Revolution stopping the flow of Cuban wealth to the United States, Cuban soil, industry and manpower has been put at the disposal of the Cuban nation.

• Can it be that the new schools, homes and hospitals of revolutionary Cuba might contrast severely with the Cuba that served as a U.S. plantation and might weigh heavily on the American conscience?

. • Can it be that we would also see the effects of the recent invasion which was supported by 43,000,000 dollars of our tax money?

WE MAINTAIN THAT THE TRUTH ABOUT CUBA IS IN CUBA AND THAT WE HAVE THE RIGHT TO OBSERVE AND JUDGE FOR OURSELVES WHAT IS HAPPENING THERE!

If you agree:

· Seek permission from the Passport Office to go there. When it is denied, ask why.

Write to the U.S. State Department and President Kennedy asking that our government adhere to concepts of justice and international law and expressing your opinion on the travel ban.

 Read books which present the side of the story you haven't been told such as 90 MILES FROM HOME by Warren Miller and LISTEN YANKEE by C. Wright Mills.

Both of these books are in pocketbook editions and can be purchased at the bookstands.

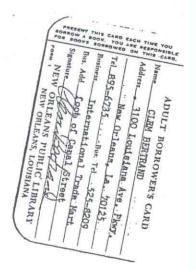
FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE, 799 Broadway, New York 3, N. Y.



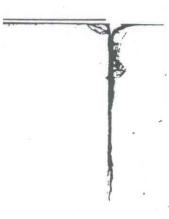
Reference copy, JFK Collection: MSCA (RG 2

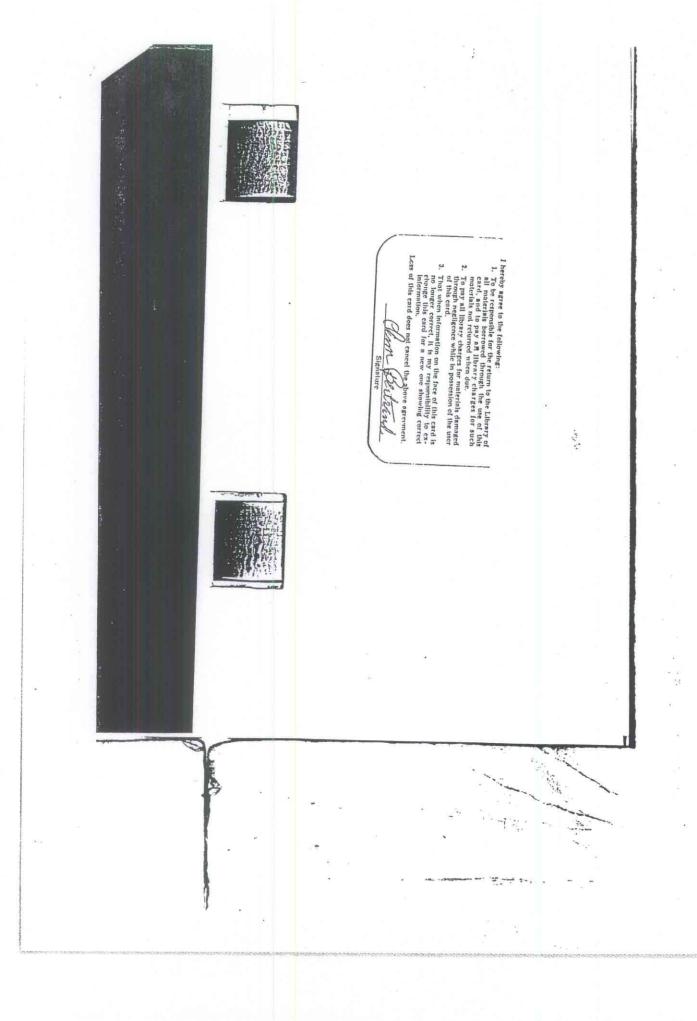


(Jaca 8/67









STATE OF LOUISIANA

PARISH OF EAST FELICIANA

Before me the undersigned authority in and for the Parish and State aforesaid, and residing therein, on the 12th Day of September, 1967, at CLINTON, LOUISIANA, personally came and appeared:

HENRY BURNELL CLARK

a resident of legal age at East Feliciana Parish, Louisiana, who being known to me personally and who being first dumy sworn did depose and say:

X X

My name is HEMRY BURNELL CLARK. I am twenty-nine years of age and reside near Clinton, La., with Mrs. Ruth Kilbourne, a relative, between Clinton, La., and Jackson, La.

I have been employed at STEMART & CARROLL GENERAL MERCHAN-DISE STORE in Clinton for the past fifteen years. In formal school I finished six weeks into the ninth grade. I have never been arrested and I am a member of the Mount Pilgrim Saptist Church.

In the summer of 1963, after a period of civil rights demonstration and picketting had ending, and during the attempted registration of kegro voters, I stepped out on the sidewalk in front of the Stowart & Carroll Store, where I worked, shortly before the moon hour, and saw, coming from the direction of the bank east of the store, and walking in a westerly direction toward me, a tall man in a dark business suit, who was wearing a shirt and tie, but no hat. He approached, facing me, to a distance of about ten or twelve feet from me, and stepped off into the street facing in a northerly direction. He croised the street and entered a black automobile which had been parked at the curb, facing northwesterly, toward the court house. He backed the car into the main street, made a U-turn, and proceeded in an easterly direction down the street past the bank.

From photographs shown me this date, I recognize the photograph labelled NEW ORLEANS, LA. # 125 388 dated 3 1 67 which I herewith before this notary, mark and sign with my normal signature as being identical to the formary of the man whom I saw cross the streat from the real signature.

I especially noticed this particular individual, with the New Orleans plate # 125 388 on his chest in the phtograph I have identified, because at the tile he reminded me of a movie actor I remembered seeing on the screen, and because he was unusually tall, standing well over six feet.

During this same period of time in the summer of 1963, after the conclusion of the picketting demonstrations and during the attempted voting registration of the Negroes, I stepped out in-front of the Stewart & Carroll Store and saw a man whom I noticed particularly because of his unusual hair.

It was bushy and stood up all directions on his head like
he had been out on a drunk all night. He walked up to the pay telephone
on the street and stood there for a short while. I do not know whether
he made a telephone call or not. From pictures shown me this date,
I can state this man who went to the telephone booth was the man
wharing over his chest the label NEW ORLEANS, LA. 167062 with the
numbers under it reading 2 16 62 or it was his twin brother.
I have marked with my signature the aforenumbered photograph as that
of the man who walked past me in Clinton and stood by the public
telephone that day.

I Thus signed and executed of the own free will of and volition and after a due reading/the whole by appearer on the date and place aforesaid:

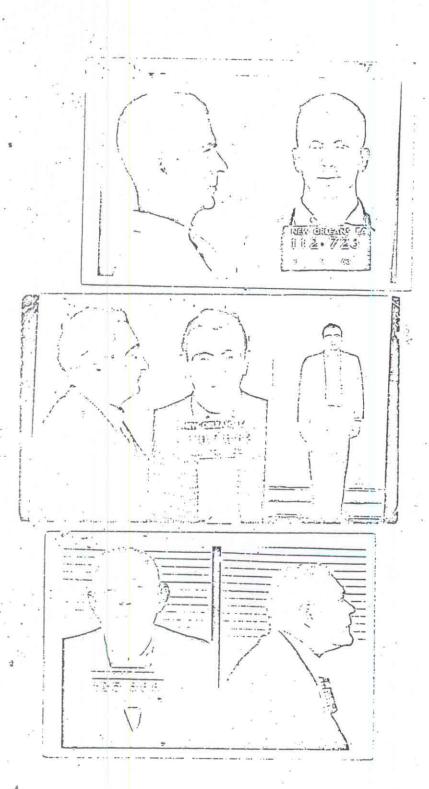
Sworn to and subscribed before me, notary on the 12th Bay of September,

1967 at Clinton, Louisiana.

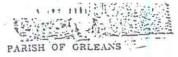
Motary inblic East F liciana Parish, Louisiana

My Commission expires at death.

STREET, ST.



e State of Louisiana SS



Criminal District Court For The Parish Of Orleans

the Parish of Orie	ans, in the name and	01			***
		CLAY L. S	HAW		
at one					424 685
	······································				1977
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	en the 1st day	of Septem	per and the 1	Oth day of	October, .
perwe	Orleans/87% THE		day .of		
the year of our Lo	d, one thousand, nine and within the jurisd and unlawfully	hundredS	Criminal District	Court for the Pa	rish of Orleans
d but not	charged and L	EE HARVEY	OSWALD, here	in named bu	t not
named but not		i	to murder JO	HN F. KENNE	DY.
charged and c	thers, not here	in named,	CO MILECUEL DO		-
To .	,				
57.72		X	700		,
	Ker.		2	134 6	14 2 10 4 C 4
E SA					8
1					
1 323					
		(4)/	,s	-	
<u></u>					
<u> </u>				73.5	
7				155	
£					
1					<i>i</i> 1 .
- 1			CLERK'S OFF	ICE /2-	791 19
47	·		<u> </u>	A TRUE CE	121/-
P.			196:	TANIETT	2
- 1		-	70-0	7000000	DEPUTY CLE
A.				RIMINAL DIST.	
	 			PARTSH-OF OF	LEANS
(<u>) </u>	<u>A</u>				
/ 30.7%			E.		
			•	-de and meanide	d and avainst to
hours to the form	of Statute of the Sta	te of Louisian	a in such cases m	sas and brovics	T CHE COMMS
es and dignity	of 100 520 0.		0-1		
- 5					