## Senate Restricts CBW: Weapons

WASHINGTON (AP) — In a lennium," Stennis said, "We've rare moment of unanimity on a got to have sufficient military military matter, the Senate vot strength to protect our own peoed Monday to impose unprecedented restrictions on the testing and transportation of chemical and biological weapons.

But after that 910 roll call vote, the chamber's deep divivote, the chamber's deep division over defense spending flared anew when Sen. John Stennis, D-Miss., protested what he called a mood of "mistrust, distrust, down with the military, down with the sensions who are in line with the military."

Stennis. charman of the Sen-

in line win me military.

Stemils, chairman of the Senate Armed Services Committee, warned against afforts to chip away at the 220-billion military authorization program his panel

proposed.
"We don't believe we're all of a sudden going to have the mi-

ple,"

The chemical and biological warfare amendment, cleared in advance by the Pentagon, swept through the Senate with only ar hour's debate.

It was a compromise package of amendments originally proposed separately by nine sena-tors. House concurrence will be required to make it effective. Sen. Thomas J. McIntyre, D

N.H., sponsored the amendent and called it "a coordinated effort to deal with a highly complete and unpopular part of our defense structure."

The key terms:

Newer restrictions on open air testing of chemical agents or germ warfare materials. Such tests could be conducted only if the secretary of defense ruled them necessary for na-tional security and the surgeon general determined they would

Those findings, the time and place of the test and the agents involved would have to be remarked to six appropriate to the same appropriate to the sam ported to six congressional committees at least 30 days prior to ary testing.