Kennedy and Castro

Possible Cuban Links to the 1963 Assassination Seen as Basis for Study

> By DAVID BINDER Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, June 24 -On the strength of a report by the Senate Select Committee on Intelligence Activities, some Senators have called for an-other investigation of the as-

sassination of President Kennedy. If News the call is an-Analysis swered, and it might be one day, the new investiga-

tion would be the sixth conducted on a major scale by government officials since John F. Kennedy was Dallas on Nov. 22, 1963.
What more is to be done in the way of investigation in the

13th year after the murder of the 35th President of the United States?

Trails unexplored at the time grew cold and now are covered with the underbrush of passing years.

J. Edgar Hoover, the director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation at the time of the as-sassination, is dead. So is Allen W. Dulles, Director of Central Intelligence until the spring of 1961, a man knowledgeable about the Kennedy Administra-tion plots against Cuba's Prime Minister, Fidel Castro.

However, according to Sen-ator Richard S. Schweiker, the Pennsylvania Republican who remains among the most en-thusiastic of the assassination students and potential conspir-acy theorists, the previous Fed-eral investigations of the murder amounted to "a cover-

While Mr. Schweiker has retreated from his assertion of last October that the Warren Commission report would collapse "like a house of cards," he still maintains that there are "promising leads." He takes this view despite the conlakes this view despite the con-clusion of yesterday's report, which he helped write, that no new evidence sufficed "to justify a conclusion that there was a conspiracy."

The focus of a new investiga-tion, however, would be rather

limited in scope and different in empliasis from the earlier

studies, according to staff members of the Senate select committee.

. Mr. Schweiker and, with less enthusiasm, some of his Senate colleagues, want to tie up what they believe to be loose ends remaining in three fields.

Areas for Study

First, as the committee put

senior officials [of the F.B.i. senior officials for the F.B.I. and the C.I.A.] made conscious decisions not to disclose potentially important information" relating to the assassination.

The staff specialists say a new inquiry could try to determine on whose authority" and

for what reasons the post-mor-tem investigations by both agencies were crippled or halt-

Second, questions remain un-Second, questions remain un-resolved about the role of a man referred to as Am/Lash, a Cuban official close to Mr. Castro, who was chosen by the C.I.A. to kill the Prime Minister C.I.A. to kill the Prime Minister and lead a coup overthrowing the Castro government.

The select committee estab-lished that Am/Lash, in reality Rolando Cubelo, was receiving C.I.A. instructions on eliminat-ing Mr. Castro at the very time Lee Harvey Oswald was preparing to shoot at President Ken-

was it possible, the commit-tee staff members ask, that Am/Lash could have been a double agent whose direct

knowledge of the C.I.A.'s intentions toward Mr. Castro led to the Kennedy murder?

They point out in addition that the Am/Lash operation was not secure, that there is a still unsifted F.B.I. report relating to it and that an undentified F.B.I. informant on the Am/Lash question remains to be studied.

to be studied. The thrust of this line of in-quiry is toward all the aspects of pro-Castro and anti-Castro

of pro-Castro and anti-Castro; forces in ferment at the time of the Kennedy murder, which went virtually untouched in previous investigations.

"All the leads point to Cuba," said one official close to the Senate inquiry, "but at the time the focus was on the Soviet connections to Oswald."

The third area for further in-

Connections to Oswaid.

The third area for further investigation, Mr. Schweiker contends, concerns leads purporting to involve several "mysterious strangers" of Cuban origin, whom the intelligence agencies picked up in the aftermath of the wurder and then dropped.

the murder and then dropped.
One lead involved reports assembled by the C.I.A. about a
Cuban-American who crossed from Texas into Mexico on Nov. 23, 1963, and then board-ed a Cuban airliner bound for Havana several days later as

the only passenger.

Another involved an unidentified person who arrived in Mexico City the night of the Kennedy murder and boarded a Cuban airliner that had been delayed five hours to take the man to Havana. The passenger was not subjected to customs controls.

A Senate official who is A Senate official who is close to the committee investi-gation said today, "They feel there is a conspiracy. But they are not ready to point a finger yet at pro-Castro or anti-Castro forces. They also feel there are indications Am/Lash was a double agent."

Along with the recommendation that the new Senate intelligence oversight committee follow up these aspects of the assassination, the select committee has handed over 5,000 pages of documents relating to its own investigation. Senator Schweiker Is sched-

senator schweiker is scheduled to appear Sunday on the "Face The Nation" television program to plead his cause for pursuit of the leads.

But aides of Senator Daniel K. Inouye, who is chairman of the new intelligence commit-

tee, said that the Hawaii Dem-

study the latest investigative sport before authorizing a new

inquiry.
"It is not his first priority," an inquive aide said.
An aide of floward H. Baker Jr., a member of the oid and new committees, said. "Loose ends should be wrapped up." but added, "He is not overly enthusiastic. I doubt if it has top priority."

Nor is it certain what the United States would have done or would still do if it were suddenly established that the Cas-

denly established that the Cas-tro Government indeed plotted and directed the killing of Pres-

ident Kennedy. At the time, with the 1961 debacle of the C.I.A.-directed Bay of Pigs landing fresh in mind and the 1962 Cuba missile crisis only a year behind them. Kennedy Administration officials were predisposed to avoid still another "Cuban flap," as the select committee report makes clear.

There is no indication what-

soever that the current lead-ers of the United States desire a "Cuban flap" now, either.

JOHNSON IS QUOTED. ON KENNEDY DEATH

Lyndon B. Johnson privately blamed Premier Fidel Castro of Cuba fo rthe assassination of President John F. Kennedy, Howard K. Smith, the ABC News commentator, said last, night, quoting from what he called a "confidential" conversation with President Johnson in his tenure in the Whitel House.

"Mr. Johnson often dealt farblarney; and what he told me may have been that." Mr. Smithsaid, in reporting the conversation.

said, in reporting the conversation.
"I'll tell you something.
[about Kennedy's murder] thatwill rock you," Mr. Smith,
qouted the late President assaying, "Then he said, Kennedy,
was trying to get to Castro, butCastro got to him first," Mr.
Smith continued.
"I was rocked all right I.

"I was rocked all right. I begged for details," Mr. Smith added. "He refused, saying it, will all come out one day."

Mr. Smith, who based his report on "thorough notes," written an hour after the conversation, said he was making the conversation public because the issue of the assassination had been "revived, responsibly, by Senators."

As "evidence that belief in Cuban assassination plots was alive in Washington," during Mr. Johnson's first months in office, Mr. Smith said that Mr. Johnson's airplane had once been diverted from Miami to an obscure rural airport because of a rumor that "a Cuban kamikaze pilot had been ordered to ram his plane."