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Tik Q and A 'U.S. Integrity Is at Stake In JFK Probe' ard Fensterwold Jr.; "a in lawyer who represented James icCord during Watergate and James arl Ray, convicted of killing Dr. Mertin uther King Jr., heads the Committee to vestigate Assassinations, a group of ivate citizens that has investigated re slayings of President John F. Kenneand others. He was interviewed by Joshington Star Staff Writer Michael J. Q: The Committee to Investigate Second and a second with the CLA and you surself being labeled possibly a CLA tent or CLA plant. Are you in fact a tent or CLA plant. Are you in fact as LA agent of any sort? ith or without pay in any way, ape or form. I have no idea where e rumor started. I don't know any. a that knows-anything about my. story that has ever, made such an cusation. On the converse-side; ing back to the early . 60s when I when for the Senate as counsel for-e of their committees. I did and restigation on the CIA and since su I have represented a num ents in cases against the CIA to they tent that if there's any evidence at it all points in the other direction. Q: Is it possible that the CIA or the I has evidence locked away someers. that could shed new light on I investigations into the JFK assas ation or perhaps Martin Luther og's assassination?

WASHINGTON STAR (GREEN LINE) 22 OCTOBER 1976

A: It's always possible, and there is considerable evidence which is under lock and key in the National Archives today which will remain classified until the year 2039 unless it is declassified by the various government agencies, primarily the FBI and the CIA. In addition to that, there are literally thousands of documents that the CIA did not give to the Warren Commission and did not go to the National Archives which have never been made public. A number of freedom of information suits have resulted information suits have resulted information of a part of this insterial, yet we know from the indexthey give us that they have a mass of material which has never been made public. Q: Apart from material that might prove distasticul or hurtful to the Kennedy family, the JFK autopsy photographs for example, is there other evidence or do you feel there's other material under lock and key that could shed significant light on the assassingtions?

A: Well, certainly from reviewing the index of the withheld material which they have been forced to supply to various district courts, you get the impression that much yery vital information is being withheld Again, I say, without knowing what that information is, it's hard to say where it's going to point.

Q: Can you hazard a guess as to what they might have?

they might have? A: No. I can't. I can only tell you so far as the CIA is concerned a large part of the withheld testimony involves'a trip Lee Harvey Oswald made to Mexico just immediately prior to the assassination. No one in the public knows what this trip was all about. But we do know that the CIA has been particularly sensitive with respect to that. We do know that there were CIA cameras taking pictures of people going in and out of the. Cuban and Soviet embassies and they took a number of pictures of a man they labeled Lee Harvey Oswald, From looking at him, he is obviously not Lee Harvey Oswald, but the CIA will not identify him.

Q: Would it not better serve the American public to just simply release this information and get to the bottom of the matter once and for all?

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A: The Committee to Investigate Assactinations has urged through the years that all of the information with respect to the John Kennedy assassi-nation be made public. The official solution is that Lee Harvey Oswald was a lone nut killer and that there were no other people involved and there were no international ramifications. And therefore, taking that story as gospel makes it difficult for a lawyer to see why they should cover anything. However; there is this intense desire on the part of government to keep it secret, and I think in any lawsuit where you have this sort of mania for locking the evidence up you create the suspicion that there's more there. And I don't think anybody at this time outside the government knows what happened to John Kennedy. I think the congres-sional committees in time will find out. F

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Q: It has been 13 years since the Kennedy assassination. Why reopen his grave?

A: It's not really a question of reopening his grave. I know the subject is frequently talked about in terms similar to that. I think that the integrity of our whole political process is probably, at stake because whether the Warren Commission was right or wrong. I think that the American people — and the polls bear this out have a great doubt as to whether Oswald was a properly investigated. They have a doubt as to whether Oswald was a lone nut killer, And until their doubts can be satisfied, I think the integrity of the system and the credibility of the government is very much weakened.

Q: Why has it taken is years for Congress to become officially involved in this?

A: Well, it's a number of reasons. One, I think the membership of the Warren Commission itself contained so many outstanding people that it is difficult to believe that for whatever reason they would not seriously try to give the public a full answer. There's great reluctance to disbelieve people like Justice Warren and Sen. Russell. Secondly, I think until Watergate people tended to disbelieve that their government could be involved in anything of this nature. But even more rescently the revelations, the accounts of the CIA to kill Fidel Castro have gotten rid of the last reluctance there is.

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A: As a lawyer I tend to believe ey made the best conclusion they uld from the evidence at hand. We iow of so much key evidence that is either withheld or destroyed that u get a general feeling that they id only a relatively small part of e really important material. For ample, Lee Harvey Oswald wrote a reatening note to an FBI agent ortly before the assassination. In a atter of an hour or two before Jack uby shot Oswald, the FBI agent ished it down the toilet. Now this 13 never reported to the Warren mmission. There are certain peos who can link Oswald and Ruby, d this material was never passed the commission. So I think it's a ry harsh judgment to say that this ry distinguished bunch of Ameri-ns - including the chief justice of s United States - purposely did not ach the proper conclusion.

Q: How long will it take the House investigate this affair and come to me sort of a conclusion. Will it be ars away, do you feel?

A: No, I don't think if will be that r away. The House of Representaes had two basic roads they could ve followed. They could have takensir staff members, people who use thoroughly familiar with the bject but equally opinionated, or ey could start with people who re good lawyers and good investitors and start with a clean mind d simply go down the same road at others have been going down for years. They chose the latter. That II take somewhat more time, but th the caliber of people that have an chosen I can't see that it's going, take a matter of years. I think it II take a number of months longer in it would going the other way.

2: Eunice Shriver, who of course it two brothers to assassins, has id that she would prefer the whole ing be dropped, that the investigans into JFK and Robert Kennedy's aths shouldn't be opened. How do i respond when a family memberpresses this kind of a semiment?

1: Well, I think all of us feel a tic sympathy, not only for Mrs. iver but also for Mrs. Rose anedy and for the remaining ther, Sen. Kennedy. But it's my i feeling that the question of what spend to the Kennedy brothers, if tething more than meets the eye. did occur, is really a matter of national concern and transcends their own very understandable interest in it. I think that the investigation certainly into President Kennedy's death can be done in such a way as to cause minimum grief to the family. And I think there's a very good chance that this will happen because I think the members of the House of Representatives and the members of the Church committee in the Senate are very well aware of the problem, and I can't see any reason why fit cannot be done without terribly distasteful evidence being trotted out in public. I just don't think that's necessary.

Q: You were the attorney for James Earl Ray. Do you feel that there is evidence that could clear him or alternatively to prove that be was not the lone assassin?

A: It is my own personal belief that there was a conspiracy. I think that the question would be resolved if James Earl Ray were given a trial. I think most of us in the United States, most of the public certainly, and al-most all of Washington that I know were simply amazed when a guilty plea was extracted from him and he went off to serve a 99-year term without a trial. It came as a great shock to most people and I think most peo-ple were rather disappointed in a crime of this magnitude a man would not in fact stay for a jury trial. I spent six years trying to achieve this. must confess I was unsuccessful, but it is very possible that this inves-tigation of the House of Representatives would achieve in a lot shorter period than six years what we were unable to do in the courts.

Q: The FBI is now known to have bounded Martin Luther King and there has been speculation that the FBI may have some way been involved in his death. Do you subscribe to this possibility?

A: I have seen no evidence to that effect and I have seen in both the John F. Kennedy case and the Martin Luther King case that one has to be careful to distinguish between the crime and the investigation. I think in the Martin Luther King case that the FBI because of its animosity for Dr. King may not have made what we would consider their best effort to investigate it. But we have made a long jump from that possibility to the possibility that we had anything to do with killing. It seems to me that these are questions that gave the congressional communities the powers that they have. I don't really know that speculating gets anywhere.

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Q: Your Committee to Investigate Assassinations, what do you think it has been able to accomplish? Why was it formed?

A: It was formed for two basic reasons. One was to get the critics of the Warren Commission to coordinate their efforts. The basic aims of the group were to gather information to keep the subject of John Kennedy's assassination alive until we could convince the Congress to reopen their own Investigation. Fortunately, I think we've been very successful. The subject has been kept alive. As the climate in the country changed, the climate in the country changed, the climate in the help of a lot of other people, in persuade them go in with a full-fledged investigation. We intend to turn over all of our investigation to them and to give any other assistance.

Q: There's been an eternal fascination with John F. Kennedy's murder. Do you think when or if the House investigation reaches its conclusion that will lay to rest finally the speculation? A: I believe that if this House committee continues to get the support in the next Congress that they have in the last months of this Congress, that they will investigate this killing thoroughly. I think they will cold out the leads, I think they will cold at all the evidence, and if after that length of time and that length of investigating, they conclude that the Warren Commission was correct. I certainly think that 99.9 percent of the people will be satisfied. I must say that in all honesty. I know of a few people who are pever going to be satisfied, at least gou can never satisfy all of them behause they each have a particular theory. And these theories are interhally inconsistent if nothing else. But Tithink that as a practical matter that if a congressional communities, and if not this one, maybe the Senate communities or maybe both of them, will attack the job they are supposed to do, I think that most of the doubts, if not all of them, will be laid to rect.

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